

“OUR BRANDS, OUR MISSION, OUR WORLD”



Northern Technologies
International Corporation

2008 ANNUAL REPORT

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS
PROXY STATEMENT
ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

Environmentally Beneficial Material Science

NTIC markets *environmentally beneficial*

industrial products and technical services

via its worldwide distribution network.

To Our Shareholders:

We are pleased to present you with NTIC's 2008 Annual Report. In fiscal 2008, we continued our push to diversify into environmentally beneficial technology platforms by formally launching our Natur-Tec® business for biobased and biodegradable plastics. In fiscal 2008, our Polymer Energy™ joint venture installed two waste plastic-to-fuel conversion plants in India and Thailand. These plants are expected to be in full operation by January 2009. NTIC also continued several joint R&D projects with major oil companies for innovative corrosion prevention solutions for the Oil & Gas Industry.

The global financial crisis will likely present several new challenges in fiscal 2009. However, since we continue to expand our global reach and diversify our markets and technologies, we believe the long-term prospects for the company continue to be strong.

Sincerely,



G. Patrick Lynch
President and Chief Executive Officer

Our Technology Platforms:



Zerust®/EXCOR® business manufactures and markets corrosion inhibiting technologies that provide customers with advanced corrosion solutions for rust issues across their production facilities and supply chains. The technology uses proprietary, non-toxic, chemical systems to create invisible molecular corrosion shields on metal surfaces. The Zerust®/EXCOR® teams support clients globally in a broad range of industries including automotive, electrical, electronic, medical, machine fabrications, steel production, military and marine. Zerust®/EXCOR® products and services allow customers to achieve substantial cost savings as well as reduce negative environmental impact caused by traditional corrosion prevention methods.



Zerust® Oil and Gas business provides advanced corrosion control technologies and services to the petrochemical industry for protection of capital assets. By innovatively utilizing proprietary corrosion inhibitors, sometimes in combination with advanced cathodic protection systems, Zerust® Oil and Gas products and services dramatically enhance corrosion protection of above ground storage tanks, various pieces of process equipment, buried and submerged pipelines, mothballed large capital equipment, pipeline flanges, valves, and welded joints. Zerust® Oil & Gas technologies are being successfully implemented in refineries, offshore oil rigs, tank farms and retail gas stations in several countries.



Natur-Tec® business engineers and manufactures biobased and biodegradable plastics intended to replace conventional, petroleum-based plastics. Natur-Tec® has a broad bioplastics portfolio which spans flexible film, foam, rigid injection molded materials and engineered plastics. These applications allow for the production of 100% certified biodegradable and compostable finished products, such as bags, food service products, and product packaging. Natur-Tec® products are renewable resource-based and do not contain conventional plastic materials. Natur-Tec® products provide sustainable alternatives to conventional plastics and enable industry and consumers to move closer to a carbon neutral footprint.



Polymer Energy™ business offers a viable, economical and environmentally-responsible alternative to current methods of recycling and disposal of plastic waste. The system uses catalytic pyrolysis to efficiently convert plastic waste back into energy, specifically hydrocarbons or crude oil. The Polymer Energy™ system is designed to be odorless, noise-free and release zero emissions. The system brings measurable economic benefits by allowing for the reuse or sale of the final product, both for industrial and energy production purposes. Polymer Energy™ has won several industry awards, including the 2006 European Environmental Press Award for innovative waste management solutions.

Our Mission:

Our business model of commercializing clean and green technologies depends heavily on the talents, perseverance and integrity of both our employees and our worldwide federation of joint venture partners. We believe that our responsibilities are first to our worldwide customers, then to our people, next to our communities and finally to our shareholders. Therefore we must:

- *Exercise honor, humanity and disciplined management in our actions.*
- *See a unified world through the global perspectives of our people.*
- *Ensure that the environment becomes a better place because of what we do.*
- *Invest continuously in our future.*

Our Environment:

It is our mission at NTIC to use our advanced technologies to care for the world we live in, give back to society and strive to set an example for environmental leadership and responsibility.

At NTIC, we believe that there are no responsible alternatives to doing business other than through environmental sustainability. We also believe that environmental responsibility and corporate business will increasingly work together to grow both sustainability and the bottom line.

We encourage our employees, joint venture partners, distributors, affiliates and suppliers to carry out our environmental commitments at the individual level through:

- *Daily environmentally responsible business practices.*
- *Advanced R&D processes that promote the use of environmentally responsible raw materials, components and other biobased inputs.*
- *Education and programs to raise awareness about our technologies and how they can help solve current environmental challenges.*
- *Each NTIC employee is expected to practice an individual commitment to sustainability and environmental responsibility in the workplace.*

Through our individual commitments to lessen our environmental footprint and our advanced technologies which allow others to practice sustainability, we have the power to benefit ourselves as individuals, our federation of NTIC joint ventures and our environment for many generations to come.

NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

January 29, 2009

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Northern Technologies International Corporation, a Delaware corporation, will be held at NTIC's corporate executive offices located at 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014, beginning at 4:00 p.m., local time, on Thursday, January 29, 2009, for the following purposes:

1. To elect nine persons to serve as our directors until the next annual meeting of stockholders or until their respective successors shall be elected and qualified.
2. To approve an amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to add a new provision eliminating the liability of our directors under certain circumstances as provided under the Delaware General Corporation Law.
3. To approve an amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to authorize our Board of Directors to issue our currently authorized 10,000 shares of preferred stock from time to time in one or more series, with such rights, preferences and restrictions as are fixed by our Board of Directors.
4. To ratify the selection of Virchow Krause & Company LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2009.
5. To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment of the meeting.

Only stockholders of record at the close of business on December 1, 2008 will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting and any adjournments thereof. A stockholder list will be available at our corporate offices beginning January 19, 2009 during normal business hours for examination by any stockholder registered on NTIC's stock ledger as of the record date, December 1, 2008, for any purpose germane to the annual meeting.

We are pleased to continue to take advantage of the Securities and Exchange Commission rules that allow issuers to furnish proxy materials to their stockholders on the Internet. We believe these rules allow us to provide our stockholders with the information they need, while lowering the costs of delivery and reducing the environmental impact of our annual meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,



Matthew Wolsfeld
Corporate Secretary

December 12, 2008
Circle Pines, Minnesota

Important: Whether or not you expect to attend the meeting in person, please vote by the Internet or telephone, or request a paper proxy card to sign, date and return by mail so that your shares may be voted. A prompt response is helpful and your cooperation is appreciated.

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Stockholder Meeting to be Held on January 29, 2009. Our Proxy Statement and Annual Report to Stockholders are available at www.proxyvote.com/ntic.

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NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014

PROXY STATEMENT FOR
ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

January 29, 2009

The Board of Directors of Northern Technologies International Corporation is soliciting your proxy for use at the 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders on Thursday, January 29, 2009. The Board of Directors expects to make available to our stockholders beginning on or about December 12, 2008 the Notice of Annual Meeting, this proxy statement and a form of proxy on the Internet or has mailed these materials to stockholders of NTIC upon their request.

INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ANNUAL MEETING

Date, Time, Place and Purposes of Meeting

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Northern Technologies International Corporation (sometimes referred to as "NTIC," "we," "our" or "us" in this proxy statement) will be held on Thursday, January 29, 2009, at 4:00 p.m., local time, at the principal executive offices of Northern Technologies International Corporation located at 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014, for the purposes set forth in the Notice of Annual Meeting.

Who Can Vote

Stockholders of record at the close of business on December 1, 2008 will be entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting or any adjournment of the meeting. As of that date, there were 3,750,970 shares of our common stock outstanding. Each share of our common stock is entitled to one vote on each matter to be voted on at the Annual Meeting. Stockholders are not entitled to cumulate voting rights.

How You Can Vote

Your vote is important. If you are a stockholder whose shares are registered in your name, you may vote your shares in person at the meeting or by one of the three following methods:

- **Vote by Internet**, by going to the website address <http://www.proxyvote.com> and following the instructions for Internet voting shown on the proxy card.
- **Vote by Telephone**, by dialing 1-800-690-6903 and following the instructions for telephone voting shown on the proxy card.
- **Vote by Proxy Card**, by completing, signing, dating and mailing a proxy card in the envelope provided if you requested copies of these proxy materials.

If you vote by Internet or telephone, please do not mail your proxy card.

If your shares are held in “street name” (through a broker, bank or other nominee), you may receive a separate voting instruction form with this proxy statement or you may need to contact your broker, bank or other nominee to determine whether you will be able to vote electronically using the Internet or telephone.

If you return your signed proxy card or use Internet or telephone voting before the Annual Meeting, the named proxies will vote your shares as you direct. You have three choices on each matter to be voted on.

For the election of directors, you may vote:

- **FOR** the nine nominees for director,
- **WITHHOLD** your vote from the nine nominees for director or
- **WITHHOLD** your vote from one or more of the nine nominees for director.

For each of the other proposals, you may vote:

- **FOR** the proposal,
- **AGAINST** the proposal or
- **ABSTAIN** from voting on the proposal.

If you send in your proxy card or use Internet or telephone voting, but do not specify how you want to vote your shares, the proxies will vote your shares **FOR** all nine of the nominees for director and **FOR** all of the other proposals set forth in the Notice of Annual Meeting.

How Does the Board Recommend that You Vote

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote FOR all nine of the nominees for director and FOR the approval of all of the other proposals set forth in the Notice of Annual Meeting.

How You Can Change Your Vote or Revoke Your Proxy

If you are a stockholder whose shares are registered in your name, you may revoke your proxy at any time before it is voted by one of the following methods:

- Submitting another proper proxy with a more recent date than that of the proxy first given by following the Internet or telephone voting instructions or completing, signing, dating and returning a proxy card to us.
- Sending written notice of your revocation to our Corporate Secretary.
- Attending the Annual Meeting and voting by ballot.

Quorum Requirement

The presence at the Annual Meeting, in person or by proxy, of the holders of a majority (1,875,486 shares) of the outstanding shares of our common stock as of the record date will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the Annual Meeting. In general, shares of our common stock represented by

proxies marked “For,” “Against,” “Abstain” or “Withheld” are counted in determining whether a quorum is present. In addition, a “broker non-vote” is considered in determining whether a quorum is present. A “broker non-vote” is a card returned by a broker on behalf of its beneficial owner customer that is not voted on a particular matter because voting instructions have not been received by the broker from the customer, and the broker has no discretionary authority to vote on behalf of such customer on such matter.

Vote Required

Assuming a quorum is represented at the Annual Meeting, either in person or by proxy, the election of the nine nominees for director requires the affirmative vote of a plurality of the shares of common stock present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote. This means that a director nominee with the most votes for a particular slot is elected for that slot. Only votes “For” and “Withheld” affect the outcome. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of all the outstanding shares of our common stock is required for the approval of Proposals Two and Three regarding the proposed amendments to our Certificate of Incorporation. The other proposals will be decided by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting.

If your shares are held in “street name” and you do not indicate how you wish to vote, your broker is permitted to exercise its discretion to vote your shares on certain “routine” matters that include the election of directors (Proposal One) and the ratification of the selection of our independent registered public accounting firm (Proposal Four). “Broker non-votes” are generally not counted, but with respect to Proposals Two and Three, a broker non-vote will have the same effect as an “Against” vote. Abstentions and withheld votes will be counted, and will have the effect of an “Against” vote.

Proxy Solicitation Costs

The cost of soliciting proxies, including the preparation, assembly, electronic availability and mailing of proxies and soliciting material, as well as the cost of making available or forwarding this material to the beneficial owners of our common stock will be borne by NTIC. Our directors, officers and regular employees may, without compensation other than their regular compensation, solicit proxies by telephone, e-mail, facsimile, telegraph or personal conversation. We may reimburse brokerage firms and others for expenses in making available or forwarding solicitation materials to the beneficial owners of our common stock.

Procedures at the Annual Meeting

The presiding officer at the Annual Meeting will determine how business at the meeting will be conducted. Only matters brought before the Annual Meeting in accordance with our Bylaws will be considered.

Only a natural person present at the Annual Meeting who is either one of our stockholders, or is acting on behalf of one of our stockholders, may make a motion or second a motion. A person acting on behalf of a stockholder must present a written statement executed by the stockholder or the duly authorized representative of the stockholder on whose behalf the person purports to act.

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Stockholder Meeting to be Held on January 29, 2009.

Our Proxy Statement and Annual Report to Stockholders are available at www.proxyvote.com/ntic.

Pursuant to rules adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have elected to provide access to our proxy materials over the Internet. Accordingly, we are sending a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials to our stockholders of record and beneficial owners. All stockholders will have the ability to access the proxy materials on the website referred to in the Notice or request to receive a printed set of the proxy materials. Instructions on how to access the proxy materials over the Internet or to request a printed copy may be found in the Notice. In addition, stockholders may request to receive proxy materials in printed form by mail or electronically by email on an ongoing basis.

The Notice will provide you with instructions regarding how to:

- View our proxy materials for the Annual Meeting on the Internet; and
- Instruct us to send future proxy materials to you electronically by email.

Choosing to receive future proxy materials by email will save us the cost of printing and mailing documents to you and will reduce the impact of our annual meetings on the environment. If you choose to receive future proxy materials by email, you will receive an email next year with instructions containing a link to those materials and a link to the proxy voting site. Your election to receive proxy materials by email will remain in effect until you terminate it.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth information known to us with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of December 1, 2008 for:

- each person known by us to beneficially own more than five percent of the outstanding shares of our common stock,
- each of our directors,
- each of the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table on page 26 under the heading “Executive Compensation” and
- all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

Shares are deemed to be “beneficially owned” by a person if such person, directly or indirectly, has sole or shared power to vote or to direct the voting of such shares or sole or shared power to dispose or direct the disposition of such shares. Except as otherwise indicated, we believe that each of the beneficial owners of our common stock listed below, based on information provided by these owners, has sole dispositive and voting power with respect to its shares, subject to community property laws where applicable. Shares not outstanding but deemed beneficially owned by virtue of the right of a person or member of a group to acquire them within 60 days are treated as outstanding only when determining the amount and percent owned by such person or group.

Name	Shares Subject to Options Immediately Exercisable or Exercisable Within 60 Days	Total Number of Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned	Percent of Total Voting Power
Stockholders Owning 5% or More:			
Inter Alia Holding Company ⁽¹⁾	0	852,068	22.7%
Directors and Named Executive Officers:			
Pierre Chenu	6,001	8,001	*
Dr. Tilman B. Frank	0	0	*
Soo-Keong Koh	0	0	*
Dr. Donald A. Kubik	8,001	140,287	3.7%
Dr. Sunggyu Lee	6,001	6,001	*
G. Patrick Lynch ⁽²⁾	9,180	876,713	23.3%
Mark M. Mayers ⁽³⁾	5,499	5,999	*
Dr. Ramani Narayan	5,499	5,499	*
Mark J. Stone ⁽⁴⁾	4,001	14,001	*
Matthew C. Wolsfeld	12,316	43,335	1.2%
Directors and executive officers as a group (10 persons) ⁽⁵⁾	56,498	1,099,839	28.9%

* Represents beneficial ownership of less than one percent of our common stock.

- (1) Inter Alia Holding Company is an entity of which G. Patrick Lynch, our President and Chief Executive Officer, is a stockholder. G. Patrick Lynch shares voting and dispositive power over such shares. All of the NTIC shares held by Inter Alia Holding Company have been pledged to various banks as collateral for loans. Inter Alia Holding Company’s address is 23205 Mercantile Road, Beachwood, Ohio.
- (2) Includes 852,068 shares held by Inter Alia Holding Company. See note (1) above. Mr. Lynch’s address is 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014.

- (3) Includes 500 shares held jointly with Mr. Mayers' spouse.
- (4) Includes 10,000 shares held jointly with Mr. Stone's spouse.
- (5) The amount beneficially owned by all current directors and executive officers as a group includes 852,068 shares held of record by Inter Alia Holding Company and shares held jointly with spouses. See notes (1), (3) and (4) above.

PROPOSAL ONE – ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Number of Directors

Our Bylaws provide that the Board of Directors will consist of at least one member or such other number as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time or by the stockholders at an annual meeting. The Board of Directors has fixed the number of directors at nine.

Nominees for Director

The Board of Directors has nominated the following nine individuals to serve as our directors until the next annual meeting of stockholders or until their successors are elected and qualified. All of the nominees named below are current members of the Board of Directors. In May 2008, the Board of Directors expanded the size of the Board from seven to nine members and elected Dr. Tilman B. Frank and Mr. Soo-Keong Koh as directors.

- Pierre Chenu
- Tilman B. Frank, M.D.
- Soo-Keong Koh
- Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.
- Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D.
- G. Patrick Lynch
- Mark M. Mayers
- Ramani Narayan, Ph.D.
- Mark J. Stone

Proxies can only be voted for the number of persons named as nominees in this proxy statement, which is nine.

Board Recommendation

The Board of Directors recommends a vote **FOR** the election of all of the nominees named above.

If prior to the Annual Meeting, the Board of Directors should learn that any nominee will be unable to serve for any reason, the proxies that otherwise would have been voted for this nominee will be voted for a substitute nominee as selected by the Board. Alternatively, the proxies, at the Board's discretion, may be voted for that fewer number of nominees as results from the inability of any nominee to serve. The Board of Directors has no reason to believe that any of the nominees will be unable to serve.

Information About Current Directors and Board Nominees

The following table sets forth as of December 1, 2008 the name, age and principal occupation of each current director and each individual who has been nominated by the Board of Directors to serve as a director of our company, as well as how long each individual has served as a director of NTIC.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Principal Occupation</u>	<u>Director Since</u>
Pierre Chenu ⁽¹⁾	70	Chairman of the Board of NTIC	2003
Tilman B. Frank, M.D. ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	42	Chief Executive Officer of Societät für Unternehmensplanung (S·U·P) GmbH	2008
Soo-Keong Koh	57	Managing Director of EcoSave Pte Ltd.	2008
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.	68	Vice Chairman and Chief Technology Officer of NTIC	1995
Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D.	56	Professor of Chemical and Biological Engineering, Missouri University of Science and Technology	2004
G. Patrick Lynch	41	President and Chief Executive Officer of NTIC	2004

Name	Age	Principal Occupation	Director Since
Mark M. Mayers ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	76	Co-Chairman, Harbor Group NY, Inc.	2004
Ramani Narayan, Ph.D.	59	Distinguished Professor in the Department of Chemical Engineering & Materials Science at Michigan State University	2004
Mark J. Stone ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	49	President of Petrus International, Inc.	2001

(1) Member of the Audit Committee

(2) Member of the Compensation Committee

(3) Member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

There are no family relationships among any of our directors.

Additional Information About Current Directors and Board Nominees

Pierre Chenu has been a director of NTIC since 2003 and Chairman of the Board since July 2005. Mr. Chenu is currently retired. Prior to his retirement, Mr. Chenu served as Vice President, Worldwide Operations, Flat Glass Activities within the Asahi-Glaverbel Glass Group, a position he had served for five years. Prior to that, Mr. Chenu was a member of the Executive Committee of Glaverbel S.A., with various operating responsibilities in France, Spain, Italy, Russia, Germany, China and the United States. Before joining Glaverbel, Mr. Chenu worked for U.S. Steel in steel production in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania and for Corning Inc. where he held various staff, line and executive positions in the United States, France and the United Kingdom. Mr. Chenu holds a Master's Degree in Engineering, with a specialty in metallurgy, from the University of Liege (Belgium) and a M.B.A. from Harvard University. Mr. Chenu is a citizen of Belgium.

Tilman B. Frank, M.D. has been a director of NTIC since May 2008. Dr. Frank is Chief Executive Officer of Societät für Unternehmensplanung (S·U·P) GmbH, a personnel consulting company, where he has served in such position since July 2007. From June 2001 to July 2007, Dr. Frank served as Managing Director of S·U·P. Prior to joining S·U·P, Dr. Frank served as Senior Vice President of Marketing and Sales of vamedis* AG, a German-based e-procurement solutions provider, from October 2001 to May 2001. Dr. Frank holds a Medical Doctor degree from the University of Frankfurt.

Soo-Keong Koh has been a director of NTIC since May 2008. Mr. Koh is the Managing Director of Ecosave Pte Ltd., a company whose business is focused on environmental biotech and energy conservation technologies, a position he has held since April 2007. From January 1986 to April 2007, Mr. Koh served as Chief Executive Officer and President of Toll Asia Pte Ltd formerly SembCorp Logistics Ltd (SembLog), a Singapore public listed company, which was acquired by Toll in May 2006. Mr. Koh has over 20 years of experience in the logistics industry. Mr. Koh holds a Bachelor of Engineering, a Master of Business Administration and a Postgraduate Diploma in Business Law from the University of Singapore (now known as the National University of Singapore).

Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D. has been employed by NTIC since 1978, was appointed Vice Chairman of the Board in September 1999 and Chief Technology Officer in May 2000. Dr. Kubik served as Vice President of NTIC from 1979 to September 1999 and as Co-Chief Executive Officer of NTIC from September 1999 to May 2000. Dr. Kubik is responsible for developing the patent that led to NTIC's introduction of protective plastic film and paper products incorporating volatile corrosion inhibitors. Prior to joining NTIC, Dr. Kubik held a research and development position with Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing (3M).

Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D. was elected a director of NTIC in January 2004. Dr. Lee is Professor of Chemical and Biological Engineering, Missouri University of Science and Technology, Rolla, Missouri. Previously, he held positions of Robert Iredell Professor and Head of Chemical Engineering Department at the University of Akron, Akron, Ohio for 1988-1996 and C.W. LaPierre Professor and Chairman of Chemical Engineering at University of Missouri-Columbia for 1997-2005. He has authored six books and over 400 archival publications and received 22 U.S. patents in a variety of chemical and polymer processes and products. He is currently serving as Editor of Encyclopedia of Chemical Processing, Taylor & Francis, New York, NY and also as Book Series Editor of Green Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL. Throughout his career, he has served as consultant and technical advisor to a number of national and international companies. He received his Ph.D. from Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio in 1980.

G. Patrick Lynch, an employee of NTIC since 1995, has been President since July 2005 and Chief Executive Officer since January 2006 and was appointed a director of NTIC in February 2004. Mr. Lynch served as President of North American Operations of NTIC from May 2004 to July 2005. Prior to May 2004, Mr. Lynch held various positions with NTIC, including Vice President of Strategic Planning, Corporate Secretary and Project Manager. Mr. Lynch is also an officer and director of Inter Alia Holding Company, a financial and management consulting firm that is a significant stockholder of NTIC. Prior to joining NTIC, Mr. Lynch held positions in sales management for Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. in Tokyo, Japan, and programming project management for BMW AG in Munich, Germany. Mr. Lynch received an M.B.A. degree from the University of Michigan Business School in Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Mark M. Mayers has been a director of NTIC since November 2004. Mr. Mayers has been a co-chairman of the Harbor Group NY, Inc. since 1996. Harbor is a small boutique investment firm which primarily creates financial products which it markets or licenses to principally insurance companies to market. His primary expertise is with energy related matters, technology and finance. Prior to 1996, Mr. Mayers served as the Chief Executive Officer of Columbia Energy Storage Company, Inc. for seven years. In addition from 1970 to 1986, Mr. Mayers served in various capacities as a technical, energy, and financial advisor to the Reynolds Metals Company. Mr. Mayers holds a B.A. from the University of Maryland.

Ramani Narayan, Ph.D. has been a director of NTIC since November 2004. He is a Distinguished Professor at Michigan State University in the Department of Chemical Engineering & Materials Science, where he has 105 refereed publications in leading journals to his credit, 18 patents, edited three books and one expert dossier in the area of bio-based polymeric materials. His research encompasses design & engineering of sustainable, biobased products, biodegradable plastics and polymers, biofiber reinforced composites, reactive extrusion polymerization and processing, studies in plastic end-of-life options like biodegradation and composting. He conducts carbon footprint calculations for plastics and products. He also performs LCA (Life Cycle Assessment) for reporting a product's environmental footprint. He serves as Scientific Chair and board member of the Biodegradable Products Institute (BPI), North America. He serves on the Technical Advisory Board of Tate & Lyle. He served on the Board of Directors of ASTM International, an international standards setting organization and currently chairs the committee on Environmentally Degradable Plastics and Biobased Products (D20.96) and the Plastics Terminology Committee D20.92. He is also the technical expert for the USA on ISO (International Standards Organization) TC 61 on Plastics – specifically for Terminology, and Biodegradable Plastics. He has won numerous awards, including the Named MSU University Distinguished Professor in 2007; the Governors University Award for commercialization excellence; Michigan State University Distinguished Faculty Award, 2006, 2005 Withrow Distinguished Scholar award, Fulbright Distinguished Lectureship Chair in Science & Technology Management & Commercialization (University of Lisbon; Portugal); First recipient of the William N. Findley Award, The James Hammer Memorial Lifetime Achievement Award, and Research and Commercialization Award sponsored by ICI Americas, Inc. & the National Corn Growers Association.

Mark J. Stone has been a director of NTIC since 2001. Mr. Stone has been President of Petrus International, Inc., an international consulting firm, since 1992. Mr. Stone has advised a variety of Japanese and other multi-national corporations in areas including project finance and international investment strategy. Mr. Stone was a director of Aqua Design, Inc., an international water desalination company, from 1988 to 1996. Mr. Stone was Director, Marketing & Business Development of Toray Marketing & Sales (America) Inc. from 1986 to 1992. From 1980 to 1986, Mr. Stone was employed by Mitsui & Co. (U.S.A.), Inc. where he founded and was Treasurer of Hydro Management Resources, a Mitsui subsidiary, which finances, owns and operates water treatment projects. Mr. Stone holds an A.B. from Harvard University.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Director Independence

The Board of Directors has affirmatively determined that five of NTIC's current nine directors are "independent directors" under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market: Pierre Chenu, Mark M. Mayers, Mark J. Stone, Dr. Tilman B. Frank and Soo-Keong Koh.

In making these affirmative determinations that such individuals are "independent directors," the Board of Directors reviewed and discussed information provided by the directors and by NTIC with regard to each director's business and personal activities as they may relate to NTIC and NTIC's management.

Board Meetings and Attendance

The Board of Directors met four times during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008. Each of the directors attended at least 75 percent of the aggregate of the total number of meetings of the Board and the total number of meetings held by all Board committees on which he served.

Board Committees

The Board of Directors has a standing Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, each of which has the composition and responsibilities described below. The Board of Directors may from time to time establish other committees to facilitate the management of our company and may change the composition and responsibilities of our existing committees. Each of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board of Directors, which can be found on the "Investor Relations-Corporate Governance" section of our corporate website www.ntic.com. A printed copy of each charter is also available to any stockholder upon request to our Corporate Secretary at Northern Technologies International Corporation, 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014 or by telephone at (763) 225-6637.

The following table summarizes the current membership of each of our three Board committees. Each of the members of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is an "independent director" under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market.

Director	Audit	Compensation	Nominating and Corporate Governance
Pierre Chenu	√	—	—
Tilman B. Frank, Ph.D.	—	Chair	√
Soo-Keong Koh	—	—	—
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.	—	—	—
Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D.	—	—	—
G. Patrick Lynch	—	—	—
Mark M. Mayers	√	√	—
Ramani Narayan, Ph.D.	—	—	—
Mark J. Stone	Chair	—	Chair

Audit Committee

Responsibilities. The Audit Committee provides assistance to the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities for oversight, for quality and integrity of the accounting, auditing, reporting practices, systems of internal accounting and financial controls, the annual independent audit of our financial statements, and the legal compliance and ethics programs of NTIC as established by management. The Audit Committee's primary responsibilities include:

- Overseeing NTIC's financial reporting process, internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures on behalf of the Board of Directors;
- Having sole authority to appoint, retain and oversee the work of NTIC's independent registered public accounting firm and establish the compensation to be paid to the firm;
- Reviewing and pre-approving all audit services and permissible non-audit services to be provided to NTIC by our independent registered public accounting firm;
- Establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters and for the confidential, anonymous submission by NTIC's employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters; and
- Overseeing the establishment and administration (including the grant of any waiver from) a written code of ethics applicable to NTIC's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions.

Composition. The current members of the Audit Committee are Messrs. Chenu, Mayers and Stone. Mr. Stone is the current chair of the Audit Committee.

Each current member of the Audit Committee qualifies as "independent" for purposes of membership on audit committees pursuant to the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market and the rules and regulations of the SEC and is "financially literate" as required by the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market. In addition, the Board of Directors has determined that Mr. Stone qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the rules and regulations of the SEC and meets the qualifications of "financial sophistication" under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market as a result of his extensive financial background and various financial positions he has held throughout his career. Stockholders should understand that these designations related to our Audit Committee members' experience and understanding with respect to certain accounting and auditing matters do not impose upon any of them any duties, obligations or liabilities that are greater than those generally imposed on a member of the Audit Committee or of the Board of Directors.

Meetings and Other Information. The Audit Committee met five times during fiscal 2008, one time outside the presence of management and one time face to face with Virchow Krause & Company LLP, NTIC's independent registered public accounting firm. Additional information regarding NTIC's Audit Committee and its independent registered public accounting firm is disclosed under the "—Audit Committee Report" and "Proposal Four—Ratification of Selection of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" sections of this proxy statement.

Audit Committee Report

This report is furnished by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors with respect to NTIC's financial statements for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008.

One of the purposes of the Audit Committee is to oversee NTIC's accounting and financial reporting processes and the audit of NTIC's annual financial statements. NTIC's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of complete and accurate financial statements. NTIC's independent registered public accounting firm, Virchow Krause & Company LLP, is responsible for performing an independent audit of NTIC's financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and for issuing a report on their audit.

In performing its oversight role, the Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed NTIC's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 with NTIC's management. Management represented to the Audit Committee that NTIC's consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Audit Committee has discussed with Virchow Krause & Company LLP, NTIC's independent registered public accounting firm, the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended and as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. The Audit Committee has received the written disclosures and the letter from Virchow Krause & Company LLP required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the Virchow Krause & Company LLP's communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence. The Audit Committee has discussed with Virchow Krause & Company LLP its independence and concluded that the independent registered public accounting firm is independent from NTIC and NTIC's management.

Based on the review and discussions of the Audit Committee described above, in reliance on the unqualified opinion of Virchow Krause & Company LLP regarding NTIC's audited financial statements, and subject to the limitations on the role and responsibilities of the Audit Committee discussed above and in the Audit Committee's charter, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that NTIC's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 be included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

This report is dated as of November 20, 2008.

Audit Committee

Mark J. Stone, Chair
Pierre Chenu
Mark M. Mayers

Compensation Committee

Responsibilities. The Compensation Committee provides assistance to the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibility relating to compensation of our chief executive officer and other executive officers and administers our equity compensation plans. In so doing, the Compensation Committee, among other things:

- recommends to the Board of Directors for its determination, the annual salaries, incentive compensation, long-term compensation and any and all other compensation applicable to the our executive officers;

- establishes, and from time to time reviews and revises, corporate goals and objectives with respect to compensation for our executive officers and establishes and leads a process for the full Board of Directors to evaluate the performance of our executive officers in light of those goals and objectives;
- administers our equity compensation plans and recommends to the Board of Directors for its determination grants of options or other equity-based awards for executive officers, employees and independent consultants under our equity compensation plans;
- reviews the Company's policies with respect to employee benefit plans; and
- establishes and from time to time reviews and revises processes and procedures for the consideration and determination of executive compensation.

Composition. The current members of the Compensation Committee are Dr. Frank and Mr. Mayers. Dr. Frank is the current chair of the Compensation Committee. The Board of Directors has determined that each of Dr. Frank and Mr. Mayers is considered an “independent director” under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market and a “non-employee director” within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Processes and Procedures for Consideration and Determination of Executive Compensation. As described in more detail above under the heading “—Responsibilities,” the Board of Directors has delegated to the Compensation Committee the responsibility, among other things, to recommend to the Board of Directors any and all compensation payable to our executive officers, including annual salaries, incentive compensation and long-term incentive compensation, and to administer our equity and incentive compensation plans applicable to our executive officers. Decisions regarding executive compensation made by the Compensation Committee are not considered final and are subject to final review and approval by the entire Board of Directors. Under the terms of its formal written charter, the Compensation Committee has the power and authority, to the extent permitted by our Bylaws and applicable law, to delegate all or a portion of its duties and responsibilities to a subcommittee of the Compensation Committee.

Our President and Chief Executive Officer assists the Compensation Committee in gathering compensation related data regarding our executive officers and making recommendations to the Compensation Committee regarding the form and amount of compensation to be paid to each executive officer. In making final recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding compensation to be paid to our executive officers, the Compensation Committee considers the recommendations of our President and Chief Executive Officer, but also considers other factors, such as its own views as to the form and amount of compensation to be paid, the achievement by the company of pre-established performance objectives the general performance of the company and the individual officers, the performance of the company’s stock price and other factors that may be relevant.

Final deliberations and decisions by the Compensation Committee regarding its recommendations to the Board of Directors of the form and amount of compensation to be paid to our executive officers, including our President and Chief Executive Officer, are made by the Compensation Committee, without the presence of the President and Chief Executive Officer or any other executive officer of our company. In making final decisions regarding compensation to be paid to our executive officers, the Board of Directors gives considerable weight to the recommendations of the Compensation Committee.

For a portion of fiscal 2008 after the decision of Dr. Rosenbaum not to stand for re-election as a director of NTIC at our 2008 annual meeting of stockholders in January 2008 and continuing until May 2008 and

the election of Dr. Frank to the Board of Directors and his appointment as a member of the Compensation Committee, all of our directors who are considered “independent directors” of our company made recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding executive compensation decisions.

Meetings. The Compensation Committee met three times during fiscal 2008.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

Responsibilities. The primary responsibilities of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee include:

- identifying individuals qualified to become members of the Board of Directors;
- recommending director nominees for each annual meeting of our stockholders and director nominees to fill any vacancies that may occur between meetings of stockholders;
- being aware of best practices in corporate governance matters;
- developing and overseeing an annual Board of Directors and Board committee evaluation process; and
- establishing and leading a process for determination of the compensation applicable to the non-employee directors on the Board.

Composition. The current members of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are Dr. Frank and Mr. Stone. Mr. Stone is the current chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Board of Directors has determined that each of Dr. Frank and Mr. Stone is considered an “independent director” under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market.

Director Nominations Process. In selecting nominees for the Board of Directors, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee first determines whether the incumbent directors are qualified to serve, and wish to continue to serve, on the Board. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that NTIC and its stockholders benefit from the continued service of qualified incumbent directors because those directors have familiarity with and insight into NTIC’s affairs that they have accumulated during their tenure with the company. Appropriate continuity of Board membership also contributes to the Board’s ability to work as a collective body. Accordingly, it is the practice of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, in general, to re-nominate an incumbent director if the director wishes to continue his or her service with the Board, the director continues to satisfy any criteria for membership on the Board established by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes the director continues to make important contributions to the Board, and there are no special, countervailing considerations against re-nomination of the director.

In identifying and evaluating new candidates for election to the Board, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee solicits recommendations for nominees from persons whom the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes are likely to be familiar with qualified candidates having the qualifications, skills and characteristics required for Board nominees from time to time. Such persons may include members of the Board and senior management of NTIC. In addition, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee may engage a search firm to assist it in identifying qualified candidates. Each of Dr. Frank and Mr. Koh, who joined the Board of Directors in May 2008, was recommended as director nominees by one of our current directors. The Nominating and Corporate

Governance Committee reviews and evaluates each candidate whom it believes merits serious consideration, taking into account available information concerning the candidate, any qualifications or criteria for Board membership established by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the existing composition of the Board, and other factors that it deems relevant. In conducting its review and evaluation, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee solicits the views of NTIC's management, other Board members, and any other individuals it believes may have insight into a candidate. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee may designate one or more of its members and/or other Board members to interview any proposed candidate.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider recommendations for the nomination of directors submitted by NTIC stockholders. For more information, see the information set forth under the heading "Other Matters — Director Nominations." The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will evaluate candidates recommended by stockholders in the same manner as those recommended as stated above.

There are no formal requirements or minimum qualifications that a candidate must meet in order for the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to recommend the candidate to the Board. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that each nominee should be evaluated based on his or her merits as an individual, taking into account the needs of NTIC and the Board. However, in evaluating candidates, there are a number of criteria that the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee generally views as relevant and is likely to consider. Some of these factors include whether the candidate is an "independent director" under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market and meets any other applicable independence tests under the federal securities laws and rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission; whether the candidate is "financially literate" or "financially sophisticated" and otherwise meets the requirements for serving as a member of an audit committee under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market; whether the candidate is an "audit committee financial expert" under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission; the needs of NTIC with respect to the particular talents and experience of its directors; the personal and professional integrity and reputation of the candidate; the candidate's level of education and business experience; the candidate's broad-based business acumen; the candidate's level of understanding of NTIC's business and its industry; the candidate's ability and willingness to devote adequate time to work of the Board and its committees; the fit of the candidate's skills and personality with those of other directors and potential directors in building a board that is effective, collegial and responsive to the needs of NTIC; whether the candidate possesses strategic thinking and a willingness to share ideas; the candidate's diversity of experiences, expertise and background; and the candidate's ability to represent the interests of all stockholders and not a particular interest group.

Processes and Procedures for Consideration and Determination of Director Compensation. As described in more detail above under the heading "—Responsibilities," the Board of Directors has delegated to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee the responsibility, among other things, to review and make recommendations to the Board of Directors concerning compensation for non-employee members of the Board of Directors, including but not limited to retainers, meeting fees, committee fees, committee chair fees and equity compensation. Decisions regarding director compensation made by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are not considered final and are subject to final review and approval by the entire Board of Directors. Under the terms of its formal written charter, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has the power and authority, to the extent permitted by our Bylaws and applicable law, to delegate all or a portion of its duties and responsibilities to a subcommittee of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has not generally delegated any of its duties and responsibilities to subcommittees, but rather has taken such actions as a committee, as a whole.

In making recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding compensation to be paid to our non-employee directors, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers fees paid to directors of comparable public companies, the number of board and committee meetings that our directors are expected to attend, and other factors that may be relevant. In making final decisions regarding non-employee director compensation, the Board of Directors considers the same factors and the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

Meetings and Other Matters. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee met twice during fiscal 2008. Additional information regarding the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is disclosed under the “Director Compensation—Non-Employee Director Compensation Program” section of this proxy statement.

Corporate Governance Guidelines

The Board of Directors has adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines. A copy of these Corporate Governance Guidelines can be found on the “Investor Relations-Corporate Governance” section of our corporate website www.ntic.com. A printed copy of such Corporate Governance Guidelines is also available to any stockholder upon request to our Corporate Secretary at Northern Technologies International Corporation, 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014 or by telephone at (763) 225-6637. Among the topics addressed in our Corporate Governance Guidelines are:

- Board size, composition and qualifications;
- Selection of directors;
- Board leadership;
- Board committees;
- Board and committee meetings;
- Executive sessions of outside directors;
- Meeting attendance by directors and non-directors;
- Appropriate information and access;
- Ability to retain advisors;
- Conflicts of interest;
- Board interaction with corporate constituencies;
- Change of principal occupation and board memberships;
- Retirement and term limits;
- Board compensation;
- Stock ownership by directors and executive officers;
- Loans to directors and executive officers;
- CEO evaluation;
- Board and committee evaluation;
- Director continuing education;
- Succession planning; and
- Communications with directors.

Code of Ethics

The Board of Directors has adopted a Code of Ethics, which applies to all of NTIC's directors, executive officers, including NTIC's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and other employees, and meets the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the NASDAQ Stock Market. A copy of NTIC's Code of Ethics was filed as an exhibit to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2008 and is available on the "Investor Relations-Corporate Governance" section of our corporate website www.ntic.com.

Policy Regarding Director Attendance at Annual Meetings of Stockholders

It is the policy of the Board of Directors that directors standing for re-election should attend our annual meeting of stockholders, if their schedules permit. A Board of Directors meeting is generally held on the day following the annual meeting of stockholders. Last year, all directors attended the annual meeting of stockholders, except for Dr. Rosenbaum who was not standing for re-election.

Complaint Procedures

The Audit Committee has established procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by NTIC regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the submission by employees of NTIC, on a confidential and anonymous basis, of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. NTIC personnel with such concerns are encouraged to discuss their concerns with our outside legal counsel, who in turn will be responsible for informing the Audit Committee.

Process Regarding Stockholder Communications with Board of Directors

Stockholders may communicate with the Board of Directors of NTIC by sending correspondence, addressed to our Corporate Secretary, Northern Technologies International Corporation, 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014, or mwolsfeld@ntic.com with an instruction to forward the communication to a particular director. Our Corporate Secretary will receive the correspondence and forward it to any individual director or directors to whom the communication is directed.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Summary of Cash and Other Compensation

The following table provides summary information concerning the compensation of each individual who served as a director of our company during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008, other than G. Patrick Lynch, our President and Chief Executive Officer, and Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D., our Vice Chairman and Chief Technology Officer, neither of whom is compensated separately for serving on the Board of Directors or any Board committees. Their compensation for serving as executive officers of our company is set forth under the heading “Executive Compensation” included elsewhere in this proxy statement.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION—FISCAL 2008

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Option Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽⁴⁾	Total (\$)
Pierre Chenu.....	\$ 28,760	\$ 5,801	\$ 0	\$ 34,561
Tilman B. Frank, M.D. ⁽⁵⁾	7,000	584	0	7,584
Soo-Keong Koh ⁽⁵⁾	9,000	584	0	9,584
Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D.	16,000	5,801	0	21,801
Mark M. Mayers	23,834	5,801	0	29,635
Ramani Narayan, Ph.D.....	16,000	5,801	100,000	121,801
Barry Rosenbaum, Ph.D. ⁽⁶⁾	4,000	—	0	4,000
Mark J. Stone	23,419	5,801	0	29,220

(1) Reflects the dollar amount recognized as stock-based compensation expense for option awards for each director for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Accounting Financial Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Board Payment (FAS 123R), not including an estimate of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The following table provides additional information regarding the dollar amount recognized as stock-based compensation expense during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008, without taking into account forfeiture rates, and the specific assumptions used in the valuation, for each option award held by each director reflected in the table. All options have a five-year life and an anticipated dividend yield of 2.00%.

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Options Granted (#)	Amount Recognized in Financial Statements in Fiscal 2008 (\$)	Risk Free Interest Rate	Expected Volatility
Pierre Chenu	09/01/07	2,000	\$ 2,431	4.2%	42.2%
	09/01/06	2,000	1,978	4.7%	42.9%
	09/01/05	2,000	1,392	4.0%	42.8%
	09/01/04	2,000	0	3.3%	43.3%
Tilman B. Frank, M.D.....	05/02/08	666	584	2.8%	42.1%
Soo-Keong Koh	05/02/08	666	584	2.8%	42.1%
Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D.	09/01/07	2,000	2,431	4.2%	42.2%
	09/01/06	2,000	1,978	4.7%	42.9%
	09/01/05	2,000	1,392	4.0%	42.8%
	09/01/04	2,000	0	3.3%	43.3%
Mark M. Mayers	09/01/07	2,000	2,431	4.2%	42.2%
	09/01/06	2,000	1,978	4.7%	42.9%
	09/01/05	1,500	1,392	4.0%	42.8%
Ramani Narayan, Ph.D.	09/01/07	2,000	2,431	4.2%	42.2%
	09/01/06	2,000	1,978	4.7%	42.9%
	09/01/05	1,500	1,392	4.0%	42.8%

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Options Granted (#)	Amount Recognized in Financial Statements in Fiscal 2008 (\$)	Risk Free Interest Rate	Expected Volatility
Barry Rosenbaum, Ph.D.	01/24/07	1,167	0	4.75%	42.6%
Mark J. Stone	09/01/07	2,000	2,431	4.2%	42.2%
	09/01/06	2,000	1,978	4.7%	42.9%
	09/01/05	2,000	1,392	4.0%	42.8%

(2) The following table provides information regarding each stock option grant to each director during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008:

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Options Granted (#) ^(a)	Exercise Price (\$/Share)	Expiration Date	Grant Date Fair Value of Option Awards (\$) ^(b)
Pierre Chenu	09/01/07	2,000 ^(c)	\$ 9.75	09/01/2012	\$ 7,293
Tilman B. Frank, M.D.	05/02/08	666 ^(d)	7.75	05/01/2013	1,751
Soo-Keong Koh	05/02/08	666 ^(d)	7.75	05/01/2013	1,751
Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D.	09/01/07	2,000 ^(c)	9.75	09/01/2012	7,293
Mark M. Mayers	09/01/07	2,000 ^(c)	9.75	09/01/2012	7,293
Ramani Narayan, Ph.D.	09/01/07	2,000 ^(c)	9.75	09/01/2012	7,293
Barry Rosenbaum, Ph.D.	—	—	—	—	—
Mark J. Stone	09/01/07	2,000 ^(c)	9.75	09/01/2012	7,293

(a) Represents options granted under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan, the material terms of which are described in more detail below under the heading “Executive Compensation—Cash and Other Compensation—Stock Incentive Plans.”

(b) We refer you to note (1) above for a discussion of the assumptions made in calculating the grant date fair value of the option awards.

(c) This option vests with respect to one-third of the underlying shares of our common stock on each of the following dates, so long as the individual remains a director of our company as of such dates: September 1, 2008, September 1, 2009 and September 1, 2010.

(d) This option vests with respect to one-third of the underlying shares of our common stock on each of the following dates, so long as the individual remains a director of our company as of such dates: May 2, 2009, May 2, 2010 and May 2, 2011.

(3) The following table provides information regarding the aggregate number of options to purchase shares of our common stock outstanding at August 31, 2008 and held by each of the directors listed in the above table:

Name	Aggregate Number Of Securities Underlying Options	Exercisable/ Unexercisable	Exercise Price(s)	Expiration Date(s)
Pierre Chenu	8,000	4,001 / 3,999	\$ 5.25 – 9.75	9/1/2009 – 9/1/2012
Tilman B. Frank, M.D.	666	0 / 666	7.75	05/01/2013
Soo-Keong Koh	666	0 / 666	7.75	05/01/2013
Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D.	8,000	4,001 / 3,999	5.25 – 9.75	9/1/2009 – 9/1/2012
Mark M. Mayers	7,500	3,501 / 3,999	5.25 – 9.75	11/12/2009 – 9/1/2012
Ramani Narayan, Ph.D.	7,500	3,501 / 3,999	5.25 – 9.75	11/12/2009 – 9/1/2012
Barry Rosenbaum, Ph.D. ...	—	—	—	—
Mark J. Stone	6,000	2,001 / 3,999	5.25 – 9.75	9/1/2010 – 9/1/2012

- (4) We do not provide perquisites or other personal benefits to our directors. The amount reflected for Dr. Narayan reflect consulting fees paid during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 as described in more detail below under the heading “—Consulting Arrangement.”
- (5) Dr. Frank and Mr. Koh became directors of NTIC in May 2008.
- (6) Dr. Rosenbaum did not stand for re-election at the annual meeting of stockholders held in January 2008 and thus is no longer a current director of NTIC.

Non-Employee Director Compensation Program

Overview. Our non-employee directors currently consist of Pierre Chenu, Tilman B. Frank, M.D., Soo-Keong Koh, Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D., Mark M. Mayers, Ramani Narayan, Ph.D. and Mark J. Stone. We use a combination of cash and long-term equity-based incentive compensation in the form of annual stock option grants to attract and retain qualified candidates to serve on the Board of Directors. In setting non-employee director compensation, we follow the process and procedures described under the heading “Corporate Governance—Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee—Processes and Procedures for the Determination of Director Compensation.” In November 2007, the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, approved increases in certain meeting fees, additional Chairman of the Board and Audit Committee retainers and increased automatic stock option grants as described in more detail below. With the exception of the increased automatic stock option grants, which became effective September 1, 2008, the other non-employee director compensation changes became effective January 28, 2008.

Annual Retainers; Meeting Fees. Each person who was a non-employee director for all of fiscal 2008 and the Chairman of the Board received an annual retainer of \$10,000 in fiscal 2008 for services rendered as a director of NTIC. The annual retainer is paid quarterly. Each person who was a non-employee director for a portion of fiscal 2008 received a prorated portion of such annual retainer. Each of our non-employee directors also received \$1,000 for each Board meeting attended and prior to January 28, 2008, \$500 for each Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee meeting attended. Commencing January 28, 2008, the Chairman of the Board received an additional annual retainer of \$15,000, the Chair of the Audit Committee received an additional annual retainer of \$5,000 and other members of the Audit Committee received an additional retainer of \$4,000. In addition, commencing January 28, 2008, each of our non-employee directors received \$1,000 for each strategy review meeting attended in addition to Board meetings and the fee paid for attendance at each Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee meeting was increased from \$500 to \$1,000. No director, however, earned more than \$1,000 per day in Board, Board committee and strategy review meeting fees.

Stock Options. Prior to September 1, 2008, each of our non-employee directors was automatically granted a five-year non-qualified option to purchase 2,000 shares of our common stock on the first day of each fiscal year in consideration for their services as directors of NTIC. Non-employee directors who were elected or appointed to the Board following the first day of our fiscal year received an automatic grant of an option to purchase a pro rata portion of 2,000 shares of our common stock calculated by dividing the number of months remaining in the fiscal year at the time of election or appointment divided by 12, which options were automatically granted at the time of their election or appointment. Commencing on September 1, 2008, each of our non-employee directors is automatically granted a five-year non-qualified option to purchase 4,000 shares of our common stock on the first day of each fiscal year in consideration for their services as directors of NTIC and the Chairman of the Board is automatically granted an additional five-year non-qualified option to purchase 2,000 shares of our common stock on the first day of each fiscal year in consideration for his services as Chairman. Each automatically granted option becomes exercisable, on a cumulative basis, with respect to one-third of the

shares covered by such option on each one-year anniversary of the date of its grant. The exercise price of such option is equal to the fair market value of a share of our common stock on the date of grant.

We refer you to note (2) to the Director Compensation Table above for a summary of all option grants to our non-employee directors during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 and note (3) to the Director Compensation Table for a summary of all options to purchase shares of our common stock held by our non-employee directors as of August 31, 2008.

Reimbursement of Expenses. All of our directors are reimbursed for travel expenses for attending meetings and other miscellaneous expenses incurred in performing their Board functions.

Consulting Arrangement

We paid consulting fees to Bioplastic Polymers LLC which is owned by Ramani Narayan, Ph.D. in the aggregate amount of \$100,000 and royalty fees in an aggregate amount of \$1,323.28 during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008. The consulting services rendered by Bioplastic Polymers LLC related to research and development associated with various new technologies. The royalty fees were paid pursuant to an oral agreement pursuant to which we have agreed to pay Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan in consideration of the transfer and assignment by Biopolymer Plastics LLC and Dr. Narayan of certain biodegradable polymer technology to us, an aggregate of three percent of the gross margin on any net sales of products incorporating the biodegradable polymer technology transferred to us by Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan for a period of 10 years, provided that if a patent for or with respect to biodegradable polymer technology is issued before the expiration of such 10 year period, then we will until the expiration of such patent pay to Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan an aggregate of three percent of the biodegradable polymer technology gross margin attributable to such patent.

Compensation Arrangements with Inside Directors

Our inside directors—G. Patrick Lynch and Donald Kubik, Ph.D. —were compensated during fiscal 2008 for their services as executive officers of our company. For information relating to compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to Mr. Lynch and Dr. Kubik, see “Executive Compensation” included elsewhere in this proxy statement. We do not separately compensate Mr. Lynch and Dr. Kubik for their services as directors of our company, although we do reimburse them for any out-of-pocket expenses they incur in connection with attending Board and Board committee meetings.

Indemnification Agreements

We have entered into agreements with all of our directors under which we are required to indemnify them against expenses, judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred, including expenses of a derivative action, in connection with an actual or threatened proceeding if any of them may be made a party because he or she is or was one of our directors. We will be obligated to pay these amounts only if the director acted in good faith and in a manner that he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to our best interests. With respect to any criminal proceeding, we will be obligated to pay these amounts only if the director had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. The indemnification agreements also set forth procedures that will apply in the event of a claim for indemnification.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Executive Compensation Program

Our executive compensation program for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 consisted of:

- Base salary;
- Annual incentive compensation;
- Long-term equity-based incentive compensation, in the form of stock options; and
- All other compensation.

Base Salary. We provide a base salary for our named executive officers, which, unlike some of the other elements of our executive compensation program, is not subject to company or individual performance risk. We recognize the need for most executives to receive at least a portion of their total compensation in the form of a guaranteed base salary that is paid in cash regularly throughout the year to support their standard of living.

We initially fix base salaries for our executives at a level that we believe enable us to hire and retain them in a competitive environment and to reward satisfactory individual performance and a satisfactory level of contribution to our overall business objectives. The Compensation Committee reviews base salaries for our named executive officers each year beginning in early July and generally recommends to the Board of Directors any increases for the following fiscal year in late July or August or as soon as practicable thereafter. Regardless of when the final decision regarding base salaries for a fiscal year is made by the Board of Directors, any increases in base salaries are effective as of September 1 of that year, which could result in a retroactive payment to the executive shortly after the final decision is made.

The Compensation Committee’s recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding the base salaries of our named executive officers are based on a number of factors, including: the executive’s level of responsibility, prior experience and base salary for the prior year, the skills and experiences required by the position, length of service with our company, past individual performance and other considerations the Compensation Committee deems relevant. The Compensation Committee also recognizes that in addition to the typical responsibilities and duties held by our executives by virtue of their positions, our executives due to the small number of our employees, often possess additional responsibilities and perform additional duties that would be typically delegated to others in most organizations with additional personnel and resources.

Annualized base salary rates for fiscal 2006, 2007 and 2008 for our named executive officers were as follows:

Name	Fiscal 2006	Fiscal 2007	% Change From Fiscal 2006	Fiscal 2008	% Change From Fiscal 2007
G. Patrick Lynch.....	\$ 180,000	\$ 190,000	5.5%	\$ 210,000	10.5%
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.	160,000	170,000	6.3%	175,000	3.0%
Matthew C. Wolsfeld.....	135,000	145,000	7.4%	155,000	6.9%

We have historically granted our executive officers a mid-single digit percentage increase in their base salary each fiscal year, although the percentage may be higher or lower if the responsibilities of the executive increased or decreased during the year. The percentage increase in Mr. Lynch’s base salary from fiscal 2007 to fiscal 2008 was performance and responsibility based.

Annual Incentive Compensation. In addition to base compensation, we provide our named executive officers the opportunity to earn annual incentive compensation based on the achievement of certain company and individual related performance goals. Our annual bonus program directly aligns the interests of our executive officers and stockholders by providing an incentive for the achievement of key corporate and individual performance measures that are critical to the success of our company and linking a significant portion of each executive officer's annual compensation to the achievement of such measures. The following is a brief summary of the material terms of our annual bonus plan program for fiscal 2008:

- The total amount available under the bonus plan was up to 25 percent of NTIC's earnings before interest, taxes and other income (EBITOI);
- The total amount available under the bonus plan was \$0 if EBITOI, as adjusted to take into account amounts to be paid under the bonus plan, fell below 70 percent of target EBITOI; and
- The payment of bonuses under the plan to executive officer participants was made in both cash and shares of NTIC common stock, the exact amount and percentages of which was determined by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

The Board of Directors recently approved the terms of the annual bonus plan for fiscal 2009, which are identical to the terms of the fiscal 2008 bonus plan. Any shares of NTIC common stock issued in full or partial payment of a bonus award is issued as a stock bonus under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan, which was approved by our stockholders in January 2007.

Long-Term Equity-Based Incentive Compensation. Although we do not have any stock retention or ownership guidelines, the Board of Directors encourages our named executive officers to have a financial stake in our company in order to align the interests of our stockholders and management. We therefore provide long-term equity-based incentive compensation to our named executive officers, as well as to all of our other U.S.-based employees, in the form of stock options. We believe that stock options are an important part of our overall compensation program. In particular, we believe that stock options align the interests of our executives and other employees with stockholder interests and long-term value creation and enable these individuals to achieve meaningful equity ownership in our company. Through the grant of stock options, we seek to align the long-term interests of our executives and other employees with the long-term interests of our stockholders by creating a strong and direct linkage between compensation and long-term stockholder return. When our executives deliver returns to our stockholders, in the form of increases in our stock price or otherwise, stock options permit an increase in their compensation. We believe stock options also may enable us to attract, retain and motivate executives and other employees by maintaining competitive levels of total compensation. However, unless our stock price increases after stock option grants are made, the stock options deliver no value to the option holders. A stock option becomes valuable only if our common stock price increases above the option exercise price and the holder of the option remains employed during the period required for the option to "vest." This provides an incentive for an option holder to remain employed by us.

All of our stock options have been granted under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan or the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan. Both of these plans have been approved by our stockholders. Under the 2007 plan, we have the ability to grant stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, stock unit awards, performance awards and stock bonuses. To date, only incentive and non-statutory stock options and stock bonuses have been granted. The 2007 plan contains both an overall limit on the number of shares of our common stock that may be issued, as well as individual and other grant limits. For more information regarding the terms of our 2007 plan, we refer you to "Executive Compensation—Stock Incentive Plans."

We have adopted a Policy and Procedures Regarding the Grant of Stock Options and Other Equity-Based Incentive Awards. Under this policy, the Board of Directors has retained all authority to grant options and other equity-based incentive awards to eligible recipients, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, and, none of its authority may be delegated to our management in the form of “mass” or “block” grants to be allocated among employees by our management. Current executive officers and other employees are eligible for option grants on a periodic basis. We do not have, nor have we ever had, a program, plan or practice to time stock option grants to executives in coordination with the release of material nonpublic information.

The policy also sets forth the general terms and conditions of our stock option grants. For example, we generally grant “incentive stock options” within the meaning of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in order to provide our executives and other employees the additional tax benefit associated with incentive stock options, which we believe at this time outweighs our interest in obtaining the tax deduction which would be available if we granted non-statutory stock options which were later exercised by the optionees. The stock options granted to our executives and other employees typically vest or become exercisable over a period of three years from the date of grant, with one-third of the underlying shares vesting in each year on the anniversary of the date of grant. Stock options typically remain exercisable for a period of five years from the date of grant, so long as the optionee continues to be employed by us.

It is our policy to set the per share exercise price of all stock options granted under the 2007 plan at an amount equal to the fair market value of a share of our common stock on the date of grant. For purposes of the 2007 plan, the fair market value of our common stock is the mean between the reported high and low sale price of our common stock, as reported by the NASDAQ Global Market. The Board of Directors may not, under the terms of the 2007 plan, without prior approval of our stockholders, seek to effect any re-pricing of any previously granted, “underwater” option by amending or modifying the terms of the underwater option to lower the exercise price, cancelling the underwater option and granting replacement options having a lower exercise price, or other incentive award in exchange, or repurchasing the underwater options and granting new incentive awards under the plan. For purposes of the 2007 plan, an option is deemed to be “underwater” at any time when the fair market value of our common stock is less than the exercise price.

We review the long-term equity-based incentives for our named executive officers, on an individual basis and on an aggregate basis, at least each year at the time we determine base salaries and the terms of our annual incentive compensation arrangements for the upcoming year. The determinations by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, regarding the number of stock options, if any, to grant our named executive officers are based on a number of factors, including: the executive’s position within the company and the level of responsibility, skills and experiences required by the executive’s position; the attainment of or failure to attain company objectives and the difficulty in achieving desired company objectives; individual performance of the executive; the executive’s length of service to our company; the executive’s percentage ownership of our common equity outstanding, including stock options, and competitive compensation data, including outstanding options held by an executive as a percentage of our common equity outstanding.

All Other Compensation. It is generally our policy not to extend significant perquisites to our executives that are not available to our employees generally. The only significant perquisite that we provide to our named executive officers is the personal use of a company owned vehicle. Our executives also receive benefits, which are also received by our other employees, including participation in the Northern Technologies International Corporation 401(k) Plan and health, dental and life insurance benefits. Under the 401(k) plan, all eligible participants, including our named executive officers, may voluntarily request that we reduce his or her pre-tax compensation by up to 10 percent (subject to certain special limitations)

and contribute such amounts to a trust. We contributed an amount equal to 50 percent of the first seven percent of the amount that each participant contributed under this plan. We do not provide pension arrangements or post-retirement health coverage for our executives or employees. We also do not provide any nonqualified defined contribution or other deferred compensation plans.

Employment Agreements. All of our employees, including our named executive officers, are employed at will and do not have employment agreements that guarantee them any particular base salary, annual incentive cash compensation or any other compensation or benefits. Nor do we have any severance arrangements with our named executive officers.

Summary of Cash and Other Compensation

The following table provides summary information concerning all compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to our principal executive officer and our two other most highly compensated executive officers, other than our principal executive officer, who earned more than \$100,000 during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008. We refer to these individuals in this proxy statement as our “named executive officers.”

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE—FISCAL 2008

<u>Name and Principal Position</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Salary</u>	<u>Bonus⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Stock Awards⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Option Awards⁽³⁾</u>	<u>All Other Compensation⁽⁴⁾</u>	<u>Total</u>
G. Patrick Lynch.....	2008	\$210,000	\$107,919	\$10,500	\$9,393	\$11,336	\$349,148
<i>President and Chief Executive Officer</i>	2007	190,000	61,829	61,829	5,275	8,946	327,875
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.....	2008	175,000	42,310	42,310	5,275	7,739	272,634
<i>Vice Chairman and Chief Technology Officer</i>	2007	170,000	35,880	35,880	5,275	7,743	254,784
Matthew Wolsfeld	2008	155,000	43,721	43,721	20,340	7,770	270,552
<i>Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary</i>	2007	145,000	47,184	47,184	5,275	4,671	249,314

(1) Represents discretionary cash bonuses earned in fiscal year as indicated, but actually paid to named executive officer in the following fiscal year. Annually, prior to the November meeting of the Board of Directors, the Compensation Committee recommends annual incentive compensation to be paid to our executive officers in cash and/or NTIC common stock. The Board of Directors then considers and, if it deems appropriate, approves the amount and manner of payment of the annual incentive compensation. The bonuses earned for fiscal 2008 and 2007 were paid in cash and in shares of NTIC common stock as determined by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee. The amount reflected in the column entitled “Bonus” reflects the cash amount of bonus received by each of the officers. The following officers also received the following number of shares of NTIC common stock: Mr. Lynch (1,000 shares for fiscal 2008 and 6,214 shares for fiscal 2007); Dr. Kubik (4,010 shares for fiscal 2008 and 3,606 shares for fiscal 2007); and Mr. Wolsfeld (4,144 shares for fiscal 2008 and 4,742 shares for fiscal 2007). The number of shares was determined by dividing one-half of the amount of the total bonus to be awarded to the individual by the closing sale price of a share of NTIC common stock, as reported on the NASDAQ Global Market, on the date the Board of Directors determined the amount of the bonus. We refer you to the information under the heading “—Executive Compensation Program—Annual Incentive Compensation” for a discussion of the factors taken into consideration by the Board of Directors in determining the amount of bonus paid to each named executive officer.

(2) As described above in note (1), the following named executive officers received the following number of shares of NTIC common stock in connection with their annual bonuses for fiscal 2008 and 2007: Mr. Lynch (1,000 shares for fiscal 2008 and 6,214 shares for fiscal 2007); Dr. Kubik (4,010 shares for fiscal 2008 and 3,606 shares for fiscal 2007); and Mr. Wolsfeld (4,144 shares for fiscal 2008 and 4,742 shares for fiscal 2007). The

amount reflected in the column entitled “Stock Awards” for each officer reflects the dollar amount recognized for each officer for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008 in accordance with FAS 123(R) for that portion of annual bonus paid in shares of NTIC common stock.

- (3) Reflects the dollar amount recognized as stock-based compensation expense for option awards for each named executive officer for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, in accordance with FAS 123R, not including an estimate of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The following table provides additional information regarding the dollar amount recognized as stock-based compensation expense for option awards during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008, without taking into account forfeiture rates, and the specific assumptions used in the valuation for each option award held by each named executive officer reflected in the table:

Name	Grant Dates	Number of Securities Underlying Options Granted (#)	Amount Recognized in Financial Statements in Fiscal 2008 (\$)	Risk Free Interest Rate	Expected Life	Expected Volatility	Expected Dividend Yield
G. Patrick Lynch.....	11/16/07	3,540	\$ 4,118	3.67%	5 years	42.0%	2%
	11/04/05	8,000	5,279	4.45%	5 years	42.8%	2%
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.	11/04/05	8,000	5,279	4.45%	5 years	42.8%	2%
Matthew C. Wolsfeld...	11/16/07	12,950	15,065	3.67%	5 years	42.0%	2%
	11/04/05	8,000	5,279	4.45%	5 years	42.8%	2%

- (4) The amounts shown in the column entitled “All Other Compensation” include the following with respect to each named executive officer:

Name	401(k) Match	Personal Use of Auto
G. Patrick Lynch.....	\$7,924	\$3,412
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.....	5,453	2,286
Matthew C. Wolsfeld.....	7,770	—

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End

The following table provides information regarding unexercised stock options for each of our named executive officers that remained outstanding at August 31, 2008. We did not have any unvested stock awards outstanding at August 31, 2008. Such individuals, also received a portion of their annual incentive compensation in shares of NTIC common stock, as described in more detail above in footnotes (1) and (2) to the Summary Compensation Table under the heading “—Summary of Cash and Other Compensation.”

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR END—FISCAL 2008

Name	Option Awards			
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date
G. Patrick Lynch.....	0	3,540 ⁽¹⁾	\$9.95	11/16/2012
	5,334	2,666 ⁽²⁾	\$5.38	11/04/2010
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.....	5,334	2,666 ⁽²⁾	\$5.38	11/04/2010
Matthew C. Wolsfeld.....	0	12,950 ⁽¹⁾	\$9.95	11/16/2012
	5,334	2,666 ⁽²⁾	\$5.38	11/04/2010

- (1) These options were granted under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan. These options vest over a three-year period, with one-third of the underlying shares vesting on each of

November 16, 2008, 2009 and 2010 so long as the individual remains an employee of NTIC as of such date. These options expire on November 16, 2012 or earlier if the individual leaves the employ of NTIC. Upon the occurrence of a change in control, the unvested and unexercisable options described in this table will be accelerated and become fully vested and immediately exercisable as of the date of the change in control. For more information, we refer you to the discussion below under the heading “—Stock Incentive Plans.

- (2) These options were granted under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan. These options vest over a three-year period, with one-third of the underlying shares vesting on each of November 4, 2006, 2007 and 2008 so long as the individual remains an employee of NTIC as of such date. These options expire on November 4, 2010 or earlier if the individual leaves the employ of NTIC. Upon the occurrence of a change in control, the unvested and unexercisable options described in this table will be accelerated and become fully vested and immediately exercisable as of the date of the change in control. For more information, we refer you to the discussion below under the heading “—Stock Incentive Plans.

Stock Incentive Plans

We have two stock incentive plans under which stock options are currently outstanding – the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan and the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan. Upon the approval of the 2007 plan by our stockholders in January 2007, we terminated the 2000 plan with respect to any future grants and thus any future grants of stock options or other stock incentive awards will be made under the 2007 plan.

Under the terms of the 2007 plan, our named executive officers, in addition to other employees and individuals, are eligible to receive equity compensation awards, such as stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, stock bonuses and performance awards. To date, only incentive and non-statutory stock options and stock bonuses have been granted under the plan. The plan contains both an overall limit on the number of shares of our common stock that may be issued, as well as individual and other grant limits.

Incentive stock options must be granted with a per share exercise price equal to at least the fair market value of a share of our common stock on the date of grant. For purposes of the plan, the fair market value of our common stock is the mean between the reported high and low sale price of our common stock, as reported by the NASDAQ Global Market. We generally set the per share exercise price of all stock options granted under the plan at an amount equal to the fair market value of a share of our common stock on the date of grant.

Except in connection with certain specified changes in our corporate structure or shares, the Board of Directors or Compensation Committee may not, without prior approval of our stockholders, seek to effect any re-pricing of any previously granted, “underwater” option by amending or modifying the terms of the underwater option to lower the exercise price, cancelling the underwater option and granting replacement options having a lower exercise price, or other incentive award in exchange, or repurchasing the underwater options and granting new incentive awards under the plan. For purposes of the plan, an option is deemed to be “underwater” at any time when the fair market value of our common stock is less than the exercise price.

Options will become exercisable at such times and in such installments as may be determined by the Board of Directors, provided that options may not be exercisable after 10 years from their date of grant. We generally provide for the vesting of stock options in equal annual installments over a three-year period commencing on the one-year anniversary of the date of grant and for option terms of five years.

Optionees may pay the exercise price of stock options in cash, except that the Compensation Committee may allow payment to be made (in whole or in part) by (1) using a broker-assisted cashless exercise

procedure pursuant to which the optionee, upon exercise of an option, irrevocably instructs a broker or dealer to sell a sufficient number of shares of our common stock or loan a sufficient amount of money to pay all or a portion of the exercise price of the option and/or any related withholding tax obligations and remit such sums to us and directs us to deliver stock certificates to be issued upon such exercise directly to such broker or dealer; or (2) using a cashless exercise procedure pursuant to which the optionee surrenders to us shares of our common stock either underlying the option or that are otherwise held by the optionee.

Under the terms of the plan, unless otherwise provided in a separate agreement, if a named executive officer's employment or service with our company terminates for any reason, the unvested portion of the option will immediately terminate and the executive's right to exercise the then vested portion of the option will:

- immediately terminate if the executive's employment or service relationship with our company terminated for "cause";
- continue for a period of 12 months if the executive's employment or service relationship with our company terminates as a result of the executive's death, disability or retirement; or
- continue for a period of three months if the executive's employment or service relationship with our company terminates for any reason, other than for cause or upon death, disability or retirement.

As set forth in the plan, the term "cause" is as defined in any employment or other agreement or policy applicable to the named executive officer or, if no such agreement or policy exists, means (i) dishonesty, fraud, misrepresentation, embezzlement or other act of dishonesty with respect to us or any subsidiary, (ii) any unlawful or criminal activity of a serious nature, (iii) any intentional and deliberate breach of a duty or duties that, individually or in the aggregate, are material in relation to the overall duties, or (iv) any material breach of any employment, service, confidentiality or non-compete agreement entered into with us or any subsidiary.

As described in more detail under the heading "—Post-Termination Severance and Change in Control Arrangements" if there is a change in control of our company, then, under the terms of agreements evidencing options granted to our named executive officers and other employees under the plan, all outstanding options will become immediately exercisable in full and will remain exercisable for the remainder of their terms, regardless of whether the executive to whom such options have been granted remains in the employment or service of us or any of our subsidiaries.

The terms of our 2000 plan are substantially similar to the terms of our 2007 plan.

Post-Termination Severance and Change in Control Arrangements

All of our named executive officers are employed "at will" and are not entitled to any severance or other payments under an agreement upon their termination of employment with us, whether such termination is by us without cause or otherwise. In addition, except with respect to their outstanding stock options which are subject to the terms and conditions of the plans under which they were granted, none of our named executive officers have any change in control agreements with us that entitle them to any payments or benefits upon a change in control of our company.

Under the terms of our stock incentive plans, options granted under these plans will become fully exercisable upon a “change in control” of our company. For purposes of these plans, a “change in control” means:

- the sale, lease, exchange or other transfer of all or substantially all of our assets to a corporation that is not controlled by us;
- the approval by our stockholders of any plan or proposal for our liquidation or dissolution;
- certain merger or business combination transactions;
- more than 40 percent of our outstanding voting shares are acquired by any person or group of persons who did not own any shares of common stock on the effective date of the plan; and
- certain changes in the composition of our Board of Directors.

If a change in control of NTIC had occurred on August 31, 2008, the number of options indicated in the table below held by each of our named executive officers would have been automatically accelerated and exercisable. The estimated value of the automatic acceleration of the vesting of unvested stock options held by a named executive officer as of August 31, 2008 is also indicated in the table below and is based on the difference between: (i) the market price of the shares of our common stock underlying the unvested stock options held by such officer as of August 31, 2008 (based on the closing sale price of our common stock on August 29, 2008 — \$13.06), and (ii) the exercise price of the options.

<u>Executive Officer</u>	<u>Number of Unvested Options Subject to Automatic Acceleration</u>	<u>Estimated Value of Automatic Acceleration of Vesting</u>
G. Patrick Lynch	6,206	\$31,484
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.	2,666	20,475
Matthew C. Wolsfeld	15,616	60,749

Indemnification Agreements

We have entered into agreements with all of our executive officers under which we are required to indemnify them against expenses, judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred, including expenses of a derivative action, in connection with an actual or threatened proceeding if any of them may be made a party because he is or was one of our executive officers. We will be obligated to pay these amounts only if the executive officer acted in good faith and in a manner that he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to our best interests. With respect to any criminal proceeding, we will be obligated to pay these amounts only if the executive officer had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. The indemnification agreements also set forth procedures that will apply in the event of a claim for indemnification.

RELATED PERSON RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS

Agreement with Entity Affiliated with Former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

We were a party to a consulting agreement with Emeritushnic Facilities Company, Inc. (referred to as “EFC”), an entity owned by our former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Philip M. Lynch, and certain of his family members, excluding G. Patrick Lynch, our current President and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to which EFC performed certain consulting services to us, including maintaining communications and relations between us and our joint venture partners. This agreement terminated by its terms within 90 days of Mr. Philip M. Lynch’s death. In consideration for such services, we paid EFC a monthly fee of \$25,000 and reimbursed EFC up to a maximum of \$180,000 per year for documented, out-of-pocket expenses reasonably incurred by EFC in the course of conducting business on our behalf. The consulting agreement also contained other standard terms, including provisions regarding confidentiality, non-competition and non-solicitation.

Director and Executive Officer Compensation

Please see “Director Compensation” and “Executive Compensation” for information regarding a consulting arrangement we have with one of our directors and the other compensation arrangements with our directors and executive officers during fiscal 2008.

PROPOSAL TWO — AMEND CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION TO ELIMINATE DIRECTOR LIABILITY UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES

Proposed Amendment

On November 21, 2008, the Board of Directors unanimously approved and adopted a resolution to amend NTIC's Certificate of Incorporation to add a new provision, Article IX, which in accordance with the Delaware General Corporation Law would eliminate the personal liability of a director to NTIC or our stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty by such director as a director of NTIC except under certain circumstances as provided in the statute. The Board of Directors recommends that NTIC's stockholders vote for the approval of the proposed amendment.

As proposed, Article IX to NTIC's Certificate of Incorporation would state as follows:

ARTICLE IX

No director of the Corporation shall be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty by such a director as a director, except to the extent provided by applicable law (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) pursuant to Section 174 of the General Corporation Law of Delaware, or (iv) for any transaction from which such director derived an improper personal benefit, or (v) for any act or omission occurring prior to January 29, 2009. If the General Corporation Law of Delaware is amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law of Delaware as so amended. No amendment to or repeal of this Article IX shall apply to or have any effect on the liability or alleged liability of any director of the Corporation for or with respect to any acts or omissions of such director occurring prior to such amendment or repeal.

Purpose and Effects of Proposed Amendment

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, a company's certificate of incorporation may include a provision eliminating the personal liability of a director to the company or its stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty by such director as a director except under certain circumstances as provided in the statute. Such a provision will most frequently eliminate a director's exposure to claims involving breach of the director's duty of care. Such a provision, however, cannot provide for exculpation beyond the scope permitted by the Delaware statute and may not exculpate for acts or omissions occurring before the effective date of the provision. The statutory exceptions include exposure (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to NTIC or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) for any unlawful payment of dividends and unlawful stock purchases and redemptions pursuant to Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or (iv) for any transaction from which such director derived an improper personal benefit.

The inclusion of such a provision in a company's certificate of incorporation is very standard and customary. It was the intent of the Delaware legislature in providing directors such protection to assist Delaware corporations in attracting and retaining highly qualified individuals to serve as directors of

Delaware corporations. The provision was designed to ensure that capable individuals are not deterred from director service by the prospect of losing personal assets to disappointed stockholders who may second-guess decisions that seemed proper at the time. Directors will remain liable if they breach their duty of loyalty to the corporation, for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, for unlawful payment of dividends and for transactions from which the directors derived an improper personal benefit. The Board of Directors believes that the inclusion of such a provision in NTIC's Certificate of Incorporation will assist the Board of Directors in attracting and retaining high-quality directors.

Board Recommendation

The Board of Directors has unanimously approved and adopted the foregoing proposed amendment to NTIC's Certificate of Incorporation and recommends that you vote **FOR** approval of the proposed amendment. If you send in your proxy card or use Internet or telephone voting, but do not specify how you want to vote your shares, the proxies will vote your shares **FOR** the approval of the proposed amendment.

**PROPOSAL THREE — AMEND CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
TO CREATE “BLANK CHECK” PREFERRED STOCK**

Proposed Amendment

On November 21, 2008, the Board of Directors unanimously approved and adopted a resolution to amend Article III of NTIC’s Certificate of Incorporation to authorize the Board of Directors to issue NTIC’s currently authorized 10,000 shares of preferred stock from time to time in one or more series, with such rights, preferences and restrictions as shall be fixed by our Board of Directors. The Board of Directors recommends that NTIC’s stockholders vote for the approval of the proposed amendment. Although the Board of Directors is recommending that stockholders vote for the proposed amendment in part to increase NTIC’s flexibility for future financings, the Board of Directors has no current plans, arrangements or understandings with respect to the issuance of the preferred stock.

Article III as proposed to be amended would state:

ARTICLE III

The aggregate number of shares of stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is ten million ten thousand (10,010,000) shares, consisting of ten million (10,000,000) shares of common stock, \$0.02 par value (the “Common Stock”), and ten thousand (10,000) shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value (the “Preferred Stock”). The Board of Directors is authorized to establish, from the authorized shares of Preferred Stock, one or more classes or series of shares, to designate each such class and series, and to fix the rights and preferences of each such class and series. Without limiting the authority of the Board of Directors granted hereby, each such class or series of Preferred Stock shall have such voting powers (full or limited or no voting powers), such preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and such qualifications, limitations, or restrictions as shall be stated and expressed in the resolution or resolutions providing for the issue of such class or series of Preferred Stock as may be adopted from time to time by the Board of Directors prior to the issuance of any shares thereof. Except as provided in the resolution or resolutions of the Board of Directors creating any series of Preferred Stock, the shares of Common Stock shall have the exclusive right to vote for the election and removal of directors and for all other purposes.

Purpose and Effects of Proposed Amendment

Article III of NTIC’s current Certificate of Incorporation authorizes 10,000 shares of preferred stock. The proposed amendment to Article III would permit the Board of Directors to issue the 10,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and with such rights (including voting, dividend and conversion), preferences and designations as the Board of Directors deems necessary or advisable without any action by our stockholders. This is commonly referred to as “blank check preferred stock.”

The Board of Directors believes that amending NTIC’s Certificate of Incorporation to authorize the issuance of the blank check preferred stock will provide NTIC with increased flexibility in raising future capital. The proposed amendment would give the Board of Directors flexibility without further stockholder action (except as may be required by applicable law or by the rules of any stock exchange on which our securities may be listed) to issue the blank check preferred stock on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors deems to be in the best interests of our company and our stockholders. The Board of Directors believes that increased flexibility in capital raising is in the best interests of NTIC and

our stockholders. Please note, however, that any particular issuance of our preferred stock (as well as our common stock) would be subject to applicable law and the rules of any stock exchange on which our securities may then be listed. For example, under the Marketplace Rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market, NTIC is prohibited from issuing 20 percent or more of our outstanding common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) under certain circumstances. Although the Board of Directors is recommending that stockholders vote for the proposed amendment in part to increase NTIC's flexibility for future financings, the Board of Directors has no current plans, arrangements or understandings with respect to the issuance of the blank check preferred stock.

The Board of Directors believes that for NTIC to successfully execute our business strategy with respect to our emerging businesses, we may need to raise capital at some point in the future and it may be preferable or necessary to issue preferred stock to investors. Preferred stock usually grants holders certain preferential rights in voting, dividends, liquidation and/or other rights in preference over the common stock. Accordingly, in order to grant the Board of Directors the flexibility to issue our equity securities in the manner best suited for our company, or as may be required by the capital markets, the proposed amendment would convert our currently authorized 10,000 shares of preferred stock to 10,000 authorized shares of blank check preferred stock for the Board of Directors to issue.

The availability of undesignated preferred stock may have certain negative effects on the rights of the holders of our common stock. The actual effect of the issuance of any shares of blank check preferred stock upon the rights of holders of common stock cannot be stated until the Board of Directors determines the specific rights of the holders of such blank check preferred stock. The proposed amendment will permit the Board of Directors, without future stockholder approval, to issue preferred stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights, which are superior to and could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of our common stock. Specifically, we will be in a position to issue securities which would grant to the holders thereof, preferences or priorities over the holders of common stock with respect to, among other things, liquidation, dividends and voting. This could result in holders of common stock receiving less in the event of a liquidation, dissolution or other winding up of our company, reduce the amount of funds, if any, available for dividends on common stock, and dilute the voting power of the holders of our common stock.

In addition, preferred stock could be used, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of our company. For example, the Board of Directors could designate and issue a series of preferred stock in an amount that sufficiently increases the number of outstanding shares to overcome a vote by the holders of our common stock or with rights and preferences that include special voting rights to veto a change in control. The effect of such provisions could delay or frustrate a merger, tender offer or proxy contest, the removal of incumbent directors, or the assumption of control by stockholders, even if such proposed actions would be beneficial to our stockholders. This could include discouraging bids even if such bid represents a premium over our then existing trading price and thereby prevent stockholders from receiving the maximum value for their shares. Please note that the creation of the blank check preferred stock has not been proposed by the Board of Directors for an anti-takeover related purpose and the Board of Directors has no knowledge of any current efforts to obtain control of NTIC or to effect large accumulations of our voting stock.

Other provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws may have the effect of preventing, discouraging or delaying any change in the control of our company. The following provisions may have anti-takeover effects: (1) prohibition on cumulative voting in the election of directors, which would otherwise allow less than a majority of stockholders to elect director candidates; (2) restrictions on who may call a special meeting of our stockholders; and (3) advance notice procedures for stockholder proposals and director nominations. As a Delaware corporation, we are also subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire our

company, even if doing so would be beneficial to our stockholders. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination or the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. Generally, a business combination includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Generally, an interested stockholder is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns or, in the case of affiliates or associates of the corporation, within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status, did own 15 percent or more of a corporation's voting stock. The existence of this provision could have anti-takeover effects with respect to transactions not approved in advance by the Board of Directors, such as discouraging takeover attempts that might result in a premium over the market price of our common stock.

Board Recommendation

The Board of Directors has unanimously approved and adopted the foregoing proposed amendment to NTIC's Certificate of Incorporation and recommends that you vote **FOR** approval of the proposed amendment. If you send in your proxy card or use Internet or telephone voting, but do not specify how you want to vote your shares, the proxies will vote your shares **FOR** the approval of the proposed amendment.

**PROPOSAL FOUR — RATIFICATION OF SELECTION OF
INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Selection of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors has selected Virchow Krause & Company LLP to serve as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2009. Although it is not required to do so, the Board of Directors is asking our stockholders to ratify the Audit Committee’s selection of Virchow Krause & Company LLP. If our stockholders do not ratify the selection of Virchow Krause & Company LLP, another independent registered public accounting firm will be considered by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. Even if the selection is ratified by our stockholders, the Audit Committee may in its discretion change the appointment at any time during the year, if it determines that such a change would be in the best interests of our company and its stockholders.

Representatives of Virchow Krause & Company LLP will be present at the Annual Meeting to respond to appropriate questions. They will also have the opportunity to make a statement if they wish to do so.

Audit, Audit-Related, Tax and Other Fees

The following table presents the aggregate fees billed to us by Virchow Krause & Company LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2008 and August 31, 2007.

	Aggregate Amount Billed by Virchow Krause & Company LLP (\$)	
	Fiscal 2008	Fiscal 2007
Audit Fees ⁽¹⁾	\$ 140,000	\$ 124,000
Audit-Related Fees ⁽²⁾	82,179	70,528
Tax Fees	0	0
All Other Fees	0	0

(1) These fees consisted of the audit of our annual financial statements by year, review of financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-QSB and other services normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

(2) These fees consisted of reviews of quarterly financials, reviews of registration statements and the issuance of consents. The Audit Committee has considered whether the provision of these services is compatible with maintaining the independence of Virchow Krause & Company LLP and has determined that it is.

Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

Rules adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission in order to implement requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 require public company audit committees to pre-approve audit and non-audit services provided by a company’s independent registered public accounting firm. All services rendered by Virchow Krause & Company LLP to NTIC were permissible under applicable laws and regulations and all services provided to NTIC, other than de minimis non-audit services allowed under applicable law, were approved in advance by the Audit Committee in accordance with these rules. The Audit Committee has not adopted any formal pre-approval policies and procedures.

Board of Directors Recommendation

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that our stockholders vote **FOR** ratification of the selection of Virchow Krause & Company LLP, as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2009. If you send in your proxy card or use Internet or telephone voting, but do not specify how you want to vote your shares, the proxies will vote your shares **FOR** ratification of the selection of Virchow Krause & Company LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2009.

OTHER MATTERS

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires our directors, executive officers and all persons who beneficially own more than 10 percent of the outstanding shares of our common stock to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of our common stock. Executive officers, directors and greater than 10 percent beneficial owners are also required to furnish NTIC with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To our knowledge, based upon a review of the copies of such reports furnished to us and written representations that no other reports were required, during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008, none of our directors or executive officers or beneficial owners of greater than 10 percent of our common stock failed to file on a timely basis the forms required by Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

Stockholder Proposals for 2010 Annual Meeting

Stockholders who, in accordance with Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act, wish to present proposals for inclusion in the proxy materials relating to the 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders must submit their proposals so that they are received by us at our principal executive offices no later than the close of business on August 15, 2009, unless the date of the meeting is delayed by more than 30 calendar days. The proposals must satisfy the requirements of the proxy rules promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and as the rules of the SEC make clear, simply submitting a proposal does not guarantee that it will be included.

Any other stockholder proposals to be presented at the 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (other than a matter brought pursuant to SEC Rule 14a-8) must be given in writing to our Corporate Secretary and must be delivered to or mailed and received at our principal executive offices, not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the anniversary date of the 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders; provided, however, that in the event that the 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is not held within 30 days before or after such anniversary date, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made, whichever first occurs. The proposal must contain specific information required by our Bylaws, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to our Corporate Secretary. If a proposal is not timely and properly made in accordance with the procedures set forth in our Bylaws, it will be defective and may not be brought before the meeting. If the proposal is nonetheless brought before the meeting and the Chairman of the meeting does not exercise the power and duty to declare the proposal defective, the persons named in the proxy may use their discretionary voting with respect to the proposal.

Director Nominations

In accordance with procedures set forth in our Bylaws, NTIC stockholders may propose nominees for election to the Board of Directors only after providing timely written notice to our Corporate Secretary. To be timely, a stockholder's notice to the Corporate Secretary must be delivered to or mailed and received at NTIC's principal executive offices not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting with respect to which such notice is to be tendered is not held within 30 days before or after such anniversary date, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the meeting was

mailed or public disclosure was made, whichever first occurs. The notice must set forth, among other things:

- the nominee's name, age, business address, residence address and record address;
- the nominee's principal occupation or employment;
- the class and number of shares of NTIC capital stock which are beneficially owned by the nominee;
- signed consent to serve as a director of NTIC; and
- any other information concerning the nominee required under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission in a proxy statement soliciting proxies for the election of directors.

Submissions must be made by mail, courier or personal delivery. E-mailed submissions will not be considered. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider only those stockholder recommendations whose submissions comply with the procedural requirements set forth in NTIC's Bylaws. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will evaluate candidates recommended by stockholders in the same manner as those recommended by others.

Other Business

Our management does not intend to present other items of business and knows of no items of business that are likely to be brought before the Annual Meeting, except those described in this proxy statement. However, if any other matters should properly come before the Annual Meeting, the persons named in the enclosed proxy will have discretionary authority to vote such proxy in accordance with their best judgment on the matters.

Copies of 2008 Annual Report

We will furnish without charge a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008, to each person who was a stockholder of NTIC as of December 1, 2008 upon receipt from any such person of a written request for such an Annual Report. Such a request should be sent to:

Northern Technologies International Corporation
4201 Woodland Road
Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014
Attention: Stockholder Information

Householding of Annual Meeting Materials

Some banks, brokers and other nominee record holders may be participating in the practice of "householding" proxy statements and annual reports. This means that only one copy of this proxy statement or NTIC's Annual Report to Stockholders may have been sent to multiple stockholders in each household. NTIC will promptly deliver a separate copy of either document to any stockholder upon written or oral request to NTIC's Stockholder Information Department, Northern Technologies International Corporation, 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014, telephone: (763) 225-6637. Any stockholder who wants to receive separate copies of this proxy statement or NTIC's Annual Report to Stockholders in the future, or any stockholder who is receiving multiple copies and would like

to receive only one copy per household, should contact the stockholder's bank, broker, or other nominee record holder, or the stockholder may contact NTIC at the above address and phone number.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting in person, vote your shares of NTIC common stock by the Internet or telephone, or request a paper proxy card to sign, date and return by mail so that your shares may be voted.

By Order of the Board of Directors

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Chenu", written over a horizontal line.

Pierre Chenu
Chairman of the Board

December 12, 2008
Circle Pines, Minnesota

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

(Mark one)

ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number 001-11038

NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

41-0857886

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**4201 Woodland Road
P.O. Box 69**

Circle Pines, Minnesota

(Address of principal executive offices)

55014

(Zip Code)

(763) 225-6600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Common Stock, par value \$0.02 per share

Name of each exchange on which registered

**The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
(NASDAQ Global Market)**

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. YES NO

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES NO

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock, excluding shares beneficially owned by affiliates, computed by reference to the closing sales price at which the common stock was last sold as of February 29, 2008 (the last business day of the registrant's second fiscal quarter) as reported by the American Stock Exchange on that date was \$19,889,711.

As of November 24, 2008, 3,755,591 shares of common stock of the registrant were outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K incorporates by reference information (to the extent specific sections are referred to herein) from the registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held January 29, 2009.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): YES NO

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PART I

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are subject to the safe harbor created by those sections. For more information, see “Item 1. Business – Forward-Looking Statements.”

As used in this report, references to “NTIC,” the “Company,” “we,” “our” or “us,” unless the context otherwise requires, refer to Northern Technologies International Corporation, its wholly owned subsidiaries – NTI Facilities, Inc. and Northern Technologies Holding Company, LLC, and its majority-owned subsidiary – React-NTI, LLC, all of which are consolidated on NTIC’s financial statements.

All trademarks, trade names or service marks referred to in this report are the property of their respective owners.

Item 1. BUSINESS

Overview

Northern Technologies International Corporation develops and markets proprietary environmentally beneficial products and technical services either directly or via a network of joint ventures and independent distributors in over 50 countries. NTIC’s primary business is corrosion prevention. In addition, NTIC has recently launched a new product line of compounds and finished products based on a portfolio of proprietary bio-plastic technologies. NTIC also is in the advanced stages of commercially launching waste plastic to fuel conversion technology and is in various stages of development with respect to several other emerging businesses.

NTIC has been selling its proprietary ZERUST[®] and EXCOR[®] rust and corrosion inhibiting products and services to the automotive, electronics, electrical, mechanical, military and retail consumer markets, for over 25 years. NTIC also offers worldwide on-site technical consulting for rust and corrosion prevention issues. In North America, NTIC markets its technical services and ZERUST[®] products principally to industrial users by a direct sales force and a network of independent distributors. NTIC’s technical service consultants work directly with the end users of NTIC’s products to analyze their specific needs and develop systems to meet their technical requirements. In fiscal 2008, over 94.6% of NTIC’s consolidated net sales were derived from the sales of ZERUST[®] and EXCOR[®] rust and corrosion inhibiting packaging products and services.

In addition to ZERUST[®] products and services, NTIC develops and has recently launched a portfolio of bio-based and biodegradable (compostable) polymer resin compounds and finished products under the Natur-Tec[™] brand. These products are intended to reduce NTIC’s customers’ carbon footprint and provide environmentally sound disposal options. NTIC’s consolidated net sales in North America for fiscal 2008 included \$383,904 in sales of NTIC’s Natur-Tec[™] products. In recent years, a combination of market drivers, such as higher petroleum prices, a desire to reduce dependence on foreign oil, increased environmental awareness at the consumer level and regulations banning the use of traditional, petroleum-based plastics, have led to interest in sustainable, renewable resource-based and compostable alternatives to traditional plastics. Natur-Tec[™] bio-based and biodegradable plastics are manufactured using NTIC’s patented and/or proprietary technologies and are intended to replace conventional petroleum-based plastics. The Natur-Tec[™] bioplastics portfolio includes flexible film, foam, rigid injection molded materials and engineered plastics. Natur-Tec[™] biodegradable and compostable finished products include shopping and grocery bags, lawn and leaf bags, can liners, pet waste collection bags, cutlery, packaging foam and coated paper products and are engineered to be fully biodegradable in a composting

environment. Unlike competing plastic products claiming to be “degradable” or “oxo-degradable” that only break down into smaller plastic fragments, Natur-Tec™ products are designed to completely biodegrade within 180 days in accordance with the ASTM D6400 standard for compostable plastics and are certified 100 percent biodegradable and compostable by the Biodegradable Products Institute.

NTIC is engaged in scientific research and development programs in the areas of materials science and corrosion protection. NTIC’s research and development investments are intended to build on NTIC’s current environmentally responsible corrosion technologies and provide for a portfolio of new environmental technology offerings. Specifically, NTIC’s research and development efforts focus on developing additional biodegradable and compostable plastics products, process technology and equipment to convert plastic waste into crude oil and the application of new and existing corrosion inhibiting technology to the oil and gas industry. NTIC intends to distribute and sell products incorporating these new technologies through its North American operations, its existing joint ventures and new joint ventures.

Corporate Joint Ventures and Holding Companies

NTIC participates, either directly or indirectly through holding companies, in 29 corporate joint venture arrangements in North America, South America, Europe, Asia and the Middle East. Each of these joint ventures manufactures and markets finished products in the geographic territory that it is assigned. NTIC’s joint venture partners are knowledgeable in the applicable environmental, labor, tax and other requisite regulations and laws of the respective foreign countries in which they operate, as well as the local customs and business practices. While most of NTIC’s joint ventures currently sell rust and corrosion inhibiting products and custom packaging systems, NTIC also has joint ventures that manufacture and market or intend to manufacture and market bio-based additives with both industrial and personal care applications, machinery that converts plastic waste into crude oil and electronic sensing instruments. NTIC categorizes its joint ventures into two principal areas: industrial chemical and non-industrial chemical.

NTIC’s industrial chemical corporate joint ventures currently primarily focus on the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of ZERUST® industrial corrosion inhibiting packaging products. Both NTIC and NTIC’s corporate joint venture in Germany, Excor Korrosionsschutz – Technologien und Produkte GmbH (“Excor”), through Excor’s wholly owned subsidiary Excor Korrosionsforschung GmbH, manufacture and supply the industrial chemical corporate joint ventures with the essential additives (“Masterbatch”) required to make ZERUST® industrial corrosion inhibiting packaging products functional.

React-NTI LLC is an industrial chemical corporate joint venture of NTIC that focuses on the development, manufacturing and marketing of proprietary lines of bio-based additives with both industrial and personal care applications. Based on cotton, soy, corn and other renewable resources, React-NTI products outperform many synthetically derived competing alternatives. React-NTI’s target markets currently include sintered metal and sintered metal parts manufacturers, ink manufacturers, and personal care and cosmetics manufacturers.

NTIC has a 50% ownership interest in NTI ASEAN, LLC for its corporate joint venture investments in the ASEAN region. Taiyo Petroleum Gas Co. Ltd., NTIC’s existing joint venture partner in Japan, owns the remaining 50% ownership interest in NTI ASEAN, LLC.

NTIC has a 50% ownership interest in Northern Instruments Corporation LLC for its corporate joint venture investments in Mütec GmbH in Germany. Taiyo Petroleum Gas Co. Ltd., NTIC’s existing joint venture partner in Japan, owns the remaining 50% ownership interest in Northern Instruments

Corporation LLC. Northern Instruments Corporation LLC then owns 80% of Müttec GmbH. Müttec GmbH manufactures proprietary electronic sensing instruments, which it sells through distribution as well as certain corporate joint ventures. Müttec GmbH is NTIC's only non-industrial chemical joint venture.

NTIC sold its 50% ownership interest in its industrial chemical joint venture in Austria in fiscal 2008 for \$364,000. NTIC's industrial chemical joint venture in Germany purchased NTIC's 50% Austrian joint venture interest and has consolidated the joint venture into its existing business. NTIC's German joint venture will service the territory and customers of the former Austrian venture in addition to its own territory and customers.

The following table sets forth a list of NTIC's corporate joint ventures as of November 25, 2008, indicating which joint ventures are industrial chemical or non-industrial chemical, the country in which the joint venture is organized, NTIC's ownership percentage in each joint venture and the date of NTIC's original investment in each joint venture:

<u>Joint Venture Name</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>NTIC Percent (%) Ownership</u>	<u>Calendar Year of Original Investment</u>
INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL CORPORATE JOINT VENTURES			
TAIYONIC LTD.	Japan	50%	1987
ACOBAL SAS	France	50%	1990
ZERUST-NIC (TAIWAN) CORP.	Taiwan*	25%	1990
EXCOR GmbH	Germany	50%	1991
ZERUST SINGAPORE PTE. LTD	Singapore*	50%	1991
ZERUST AB	Sweden	50%	1991
ZERUST PREVENÇÃO DE CORROSÃO LTDA.	Brazil	50%	1993
MOSTNIC	Russia	50%	1994
KOREA ZERUST CO., LTD.	South Korea	25%	1994
ZERUST OY	Finland	50%	1995
ZERUST (U.K.) LTD.	United Kingdom	50%	1997
EXCOR-ZERUST S.R.O.	Czech Republic	50%	1997
EXCOR SP. Z.O.O.	Poland	50%	1998
SPECIALTY – NTIA CO. LTD.	Thailand*	25%	1998
TIANJIN ZERUST CO.	China*	25%	2000
HARITA-NTI	India	50%	2000
CHONG WAH-NTIA SDN. BHD.	Malaysia*	25%	2000
NTIA ZERUST PHILIPPINES, INC.	Philippines*	50%	2001
FIBRO NTI JOINT STOCK CO.	Turkey	50%	2002
ZERUST CONSUMER PRODUCTS, LLC	United States	50%	2002
REACT-NTI, LLC***	United States	75%	2003
POLYMER ENERGY LLC****	United States	62.5%	2003
ZERUST – DNEPR	Ukraine	50%	2006
SINGLE POINT ENERGY & ENVIRONMENT CO. LTD.	Thailand	50%	2006
NTI-DILMUN MIDDLE EAST FZCO.	UAE	50%	2006
PT. CHEMINDO – NTIA	Indonesia*	25%	2007
NON-INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL CORPORATE JOINT VENTURES			
MUTECH GMBH	Germany**	40%	2002

* Indirect ownership interest through NTI ASEAN, LLC

** Indirect ownership through Northern Instruments Corporation LLC

*** React-NTI LLC is fully consolidated on NTIC's consolidated financial statements (See note 1 to NTIC's consolidated financial statements).

**** Polymer Energy LLC has immaterial activity in fiscal 2008 and is not fully consolidated on NTIC's consolidated financial statements.

NTIC's international rust and corrosion inhibiting product business has expanded significantly during the past several fiscal years. NTIC has entered into five new corporate joint venture arrangements during the past three fiscal years. Total net sales of all of NTIC's joint ventures increased 25.7% to \$101,279,532 during fiscal 2008 as compared to \$80,551,700 during fiscal 2007 and increased 26.0% during fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006. The profits of NTIC's corporate joint ventures are shared, however, by the respective corporate joint venture owners in accordance with their respective ownership percentages. In addition, NTIC's receipt of funds as a result of sales by its joint ventures is dependent upon NTIC's receipt of dividend distributions from the joint ventures and NTIC's receipt of fees for technical and other support services that NTIC provides to its joint ventures based on the revenues of the joint ventures. NTIC typically owns only 50% or less of its joint venture entities and thus does not control the decisions of these entities regarding whether to pay dividends and how much in dividends in any given year. NTIC's equity in income from its corporate joint ventures and holding companies increased 18.4% to \$3,792,197 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$3,201,621 in fiscal 2007. NTIC recognized fee income for such technical and support services of \$5,956,403 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$4,976,194 in fiscal 2007. NTIC incurs direct expenses related to its corporate joint ventures and holding companies. Such expenses include consulting, travel, technical and marketing services to existing joint ventures, legal fees incurred in the establishment of new joint ventures, registration and promotion and legal defense of worldwide trademarks, and legal fees incurred in connection with the filing of patent applications. NTIC incurred \$5,406,766 in direct joint venture expenses in fiscal 2008 as compared to \$4,876,928 in fiscal 2007. The majority of this increase, however, was due to the establishment of a \$400,000 expense reserve related to the settlement of a trademark infringement case in Finland (See note 18 entitled "Commitments and Contingencies" to NTIC's consolidated financial statements for further information). NTIC's income from its corporate joint ventures and holding companies was \$4,514,601 in fiscal 2008 as compared to \$3,300,887 in fiscal 2007.

While NTIC is not aware of any specific potential risk beyond its initial investment in and any undistributed earnings of each of the corporate joint ventures listed above, there can be no assurance that NTIC will not be subject to lawsuits based on product liability claims or other claims arising out of the activities of each joint venture. To mitigate the ramifications of such an occurrence, NTIC maintains liability insurance specifically applicable to its ownership positions in the joint venture arrangements in excess of any insurance the joint ventures may maintain.

Products

NTIC currently derives revenues from the following product lines:

Corrosion Prevention. Over 94.6% of NTIC's consolidated net sales for fiscal 2008 were derived from developing, manufacturing and marketing ZERUST® rust and corrosion inhibiting packaging products and services. Corrosion not only damages the appearance of metal products and components but also negatively impacts their mechanical performance. This applies to the rusting of ferrous metals (iron and steel) and the deterioration by oxidation of nonferrous metals (aluminum, copper, brass, etc.).

NTIC's ZERUST® packaging products contain proprietary nontoxic chemical systems (primarily using food additives) that passivate metal surfaces and thereby inhibit rust and corrosion. The corrosion-inhibiting protection is maintained as long as the metal products to be protected remain enclosed within the ZERUST® packaging. Electron scanning further shows that once the contents are removed from the ZERUST® package, the ZERUST® protection dissipates from the contents' surfaces within two hours, leaving a clean, dry and corrosion-free metal component. This mechanism of corrosion protection

enables NTIC's customers to easily package metal objects for rust-free shipment or long-term storage. Furthermore, by eliminating costly greasing and degreasing processes and/or significantly reducing the use of oils to inhibit corrosion, NTIC's ZERUST[®] technology provides its customers significant savings in labor, material and capital expenditures for equipment to apply, remove and dispose of oil and grease, as well as the attendant environmental problems, as compared to traditional methods of corrosion prevention.

NTIC developed the first means of combining corrosion inhibiting chemical systems with polyethylene and polypropylene resins. Combining ZERUST[®] chemical systems with polyethylene and polypropylene resins permitted NTIC to introduce to industry a line of packaging products in the form of low and high density polyethylene bags and shroud film, stretch, shrink, skin and bubble cushioning film, woven scrim, foam sheeting, profile and corrugated board, thermoformed dunnage trays and bins, injection and blow molded products and flat netting, thereby giving packaging engineers an opportunity to ship and store ferrous, nonferrous and mixed multi-metal products in a clean, dry and corrosion-free condition, with an attendant overall savings in total packaging cost. Products also include a line of several diffusers, such as ZERUST[®] Vapor Capsules, ZERUST ICT[™] Plastabs[®] and Cor-Tabs[®], which protect metal surfaces within the distance of a certain specified "radius of protection." This industrial product line has since been expanded to also include items such as ZERUST[®] gun cases and car covers targeted at retail consumers. NTIC has also developed proprietary corrosion inhibitors for use in the mitigation of corrosion in capital assets used in the petrochemical and related industries.

NTIC has also developed additives in liquid form to imbue corrugated cardboard, solid fiber and chipboard packaging materials with corrosion protection properties. Additionally, NTIC provides a line of metal surface treatment liquids, which are oil, water and bio-solvent based, marketed under the AXXA[™] brand name.

As an on-going effort to help NTIC's customers improve and control their processes in terms of corrosion management, NTIC has started marketing and offering unique corrosion management and consulting services to target customers. This corrosion management system (known as Z-CIS[™]) utilizes NTIC's global experience in successful corrosion management control. Services and consulting are billed according to work done on the customer's behalf to improve the customer's internal and external corrosion control systems.

Bio-Plastics. In fiscal 2008, NTIC began to manufacture and sell a range of bio-based and biodegradable (compostable) polymer resin compounds and products under the Natur-Tec[™] brand. NTIC's consolidated net sales in North America for fiscal 2008 included \$383,904 in sales of NTIC's Natur-Tec[™] products. In recent years, a combination of market drivers such as higher petroleum prices, a desire to reduce dependence on foreign oil, increased environmental awareness at the consumer level, and favorable regulations banning the use of traditional, petroleum-based plastics, have led to interest in sustainable, renewable resource based and compostable alternatives to traditional plastics. The term "bio-plastics" encompasses a broad category of plastics that are either bio-based (i.e. derived from renewable resources such as corn or cellulosic/plant material or blends thereof) or are plastics that are engineered to be fully biodegradable/compostable.

Natur-Tec[™] polymer resins are produced using NTIC's proprietary and patent pending ReX Process. In this process, biodegradable polymers, natural polymers made from renewable resources, and organic and inorganic materials are reactively blended in the presence of proprietary compatibilizers and polymer modifiers to produce bio-based/biodegradable polymer resin formulations that exhibit unique and stable morphology. Natur-Tec[™] polymer resins are engineered for high performance, ease of processing and reduced cost, and can be processed by converters using conventional manufacturing processes and equipment. Natur-Tec[™] resins are available in several grades tailored for a variety of applications such

as blown-film extrusion, extrusion coating, injection molding and more. Natur-Tec™ biodegradable and compostable polymer resins and all products made thereof meet requirements of international standards for compostable plastics such as ASTM D6400 (U.S.) and EN 13432 (Europe), and are certified as 100% compostable by the Biodegradable Products Institute in the U.S. The finished products include totally biodegradable compost and trash bags, agricultural film and other single-use disposable products such as compostable cutlery, food and consumer goods packaging. In addition, NTIC is developing a line of renewable resource based resin compounds for durable engineering plastics applications such as automotive and industrial plastics.

Bio-Based Chemical Additives. NTIC's React-NTI, LLC joint venture revenues for fiscal 2008 of \$301,697 were primarily derived from the sales of MR-101 and MR-102 anti-abrasion ink additives to one former customer. The ink industry uses these additives to ensure ink does not "rub off" the pages of magazines and books. As described in more detail under the heading "Part II. Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Financial Overview," during fourth quarter of fiscal 2007, this customer notified React that it would place future orders for React's remaining inventory of ink additives, but that after such inventory was purchased, the customer would not place any future orders. Although the loss of this customer had a material adverse impact on NTIC's consolidated net sales for fiscal 2008, the profit on React's sales of the ink additives to the customer was extremely small and the resulting effect on NTIC's net income during fiscal 2008 was not material.

React-NTI's renewable resource-based industrial chemical additive sales in fiscal 2008 also came from a patented sintered metal mold release agent sold under the brand name SERAVAT™. SERAVAT™ significantly increases the "green strength" of powder metal parts as they are ejected from their molds. The increase in green strength leads to much higher process yields for the user, especially in stainless steel applications, thereby significantly lowering their production costs.

React-NTI's renewable resource-based personal care chemical additive sales in fiscal 2008 included the Farona™ line of patented micronized cotton and corn powders. End user applications for these additives included deodorants, pressed powder products and loose powder products. Sales also were derived from patented EnviroPure™ emollient gels that consist of a soy and canola base petrolatum replacement, as well as EnviroSolve™ soy and canola base solvents that were used, among other applications, as a successful acetone replacement.

Electronic Measuring Instruments. NTIC's Mütéc GmbH joint venture develops, manufactures and sells proprietary electronics components including signal converters, Input-Output interfaces, bulk goods property measurement instruments, and process sensor technologies.

Emerging Businesses

NTIC is in the process of expanding its technologies into other applications and businesses. NTIC is undertaking these new businesses either directly or through joint ventures.

Plastics to Fuel Oil Conversion Technology. Polymer Energy™ offers a fiscally and environmentally beneficial solution to plastic waste. Polymer Energy™ uses catalytic pyrolysis to efficiently convert plastic waste (primarily polyolefins) into hydrocarbons (primarily a crude oil mix). The Polymer Energy™ system is modular by design and is perfectly suited for distributed processing of plastic waste. Each unit can process up to ten tons of plastic waste per day, and the modular design allows for easily scalable capacity. The Polymer Energy™ process can handle plastic that is contaminated with other types of waste such as metals, glass, dirt and water. The system can tolerate up to 25% of other waste in the input waste stream. As a result, the plastic waste does not need to be pre-sorted, cleaned or dried prior to processing, which significantly reduces the overall cost of operation. The output crude oil mix is high-

grade and can be further processed in a refinery or used as an input for co-generation of electricity. NTIC, through Polymer Energy LLC, a joint venture in which NTIC has a 62.5% interest has an exclusive license to market the technology in countries in Asia and North America as per the current JV agreement. Polymer Energy LLC plans to sell its first unit in fiscal 2009 and intends to ramp up its manufacturing and service infrastructure to capitalize on global market opportunities it believes exists for the Polymer Energy™ solution.

Oil and Gas Technology. NTIC has developed proprietary corrosion inhibiting technologies for use in the mitigation of corrosion in capital assets used in the process chemical industry and is initially targeting the sale of these new ZERUST® products to the oil and gas industry sector. NTIC has concluded successful trials of its solutions with a large oil company and is pursuing opportunities to market NTIC's technology to other potential customers in the oil and gas industry across several countries through its joint venture partners and other strategic partners. NTIC believes the sale of its new ZERUST® products to customers in the oil and gas industry will involve a long sales cycle, likely including a one- to two-year trial period with each customer and a slow integration process thereafter. NTIC has been granted several patents in this area and has several other patents pending covering these new technologies. NTIC has also expanded the core research and development team responsible for the development and testing of solutions for this market segment and is working with several large oil companies on R&D projects to validate the effectiveness and efficacy of new NTIC solutions for this sector.

Manufacturing

NTIC produces its proprietary ZERUST® additives and products at its facility in Circle Pines, Minnesota. NTIC's other products are produced according to NTIC's specifications by selected contractors and joint ventures under trade secrecy agreements and/or license agreements.

NTIC is ISO 9001 certified with respect to the manufacturing of its products and ISO 14000 certified with respect to environmental management standards. NTIC believes that the process of ISO 9001 certification serves as an excellent total quality management tool, enabling NTIC to ensure consistency in the performance of its products. NTIC believes that the process of ISO 14000 certification serves as an excellent tool for NTIC to continuously improve its environmental performance. In addition, because potential customers may prefer or require manufacturers to have achieved ISO certification, such ISO certifications may provide NTIC with certain competitive advantages.

Sales and Marketing

In the United States, NTIC markets its products principally to industrial users by a direct sales force and through a network of independent distributors and manufacturer's sales representatives. NTIC's technical service consultants work directly with the end users of NTIC's products to analyze their specific needs and develop systems to meet their technical requirements.

Internationally, NTIC has entered into several joint venture and similar arrangements with foreign partners (either directly or through a holding company). Pursuant to these arrangements, NTIC and/or Excor, NTIC's corporate joint venture in Germany, supply certain proprietary additives to NTIC's foreign joint venture entities, which, in turn, provide for the international manufacture and marketing of ZERUST® and other finished products. NTIC receives fees for providing technical support and marketing assistance to its joint ventures in accordance with the terms of the joint venture arrangements.

Competition

While NTIC is unaware of any third parties with which NTIC competes on a worldwide basis with respect to its corrosion prevention products, NTIC does compete with several third parties on a regional basis. NTIC evaluates competing products on an ongoing basis. Some of NTIC's competitors are established companies that may have financial, marketing and other resources substantially greater than those of NTIC. As a result, they may be able to adapt more quickly to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements, or to devote greater resources to the promotion and sale of their products than NTIC can. With respect to its corrosion prevention products, NTIC competes on the basis of price, product innovation, quality and reliability, product support and customer service and reputation. Most of NTIC's competitors have attempted to commoditize NTIC's corrosion prevention packaging products thereby pressuring NTIC to compete at least in part on the basis of price. Some of these companies may have achieved significant market acceptance of their competing products and brand recognition. NTIC, however, believes it has an advantage over most of its competitors as a result of NTIC's technical innovation and its value added service. NTIC attempts to provide its customers with the highest level of technical service and applications engineering in addition to the ZERUST[®] rust and corrosion inhibiting packaging.

With respect to NTIC's bio-plastics products, NTIC competes with several established companies that have been producing and selling such products for a significantly longer time period, have significant sales and much more substantial financial and other resources than NTIC. In addition to performance, NTIC competes on the basis of price and therefore NTIC's margins on its bio-plastics products are smaller than its margins on its ZERUST[®] products. NTIC also competes on the basis of supply for the resins used to manufacture NTIC's bio-plastics products since there are a limited number of suppliers of such resins and limited capacity of production.

With respect to NTIC's plastics to fuel oil conversion technology, although NTIC is not currently aware of a large number of competitors, such competitors could quickly develop and a few have recently emerged from Asia.

With respect to NTIC's corrosion prevention technology for use in the oil and gas industry, NTIC is not currently aware of competitors with the same or similar technology.

Customers

A former customer of NTIC's React-NTI, LLC joint venture accounted for, in the aggregate, approximately 2.0% and 28.0% of NTIC's consolidated net sales for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007 respectively, and \$16,879 and \$132,999 of NTIC's receivables at August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. As described in more detail under the heading "Part II. Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Financial Overview," during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007, this customer notified React Inc. of the customer's intent to purchase React's remaining inventory of ink additives, but that after such inventory was depleted, the customer would not place any future orders with React Inc. Although the loss of the customer had a material adverse impact on NTIC's consolidated net sales for fiscal 2008, the profit on React's sales of the ink additives to the customer was extremely small and the resulting effect on NTIC's net income during the fiscal 2008 was not material.

Research and Development

NTIC's research and development activities are directed at improving existing products, developing new products and improving quality assurance through improved testing of NTIC's products. NTIC's joint

venture in Germany, Excor, has established a wholly owned subsidiary, Excor Korrosionsforschung GmbH, to conduct research into new fields of corrosion inhibiting packaging and the applications engineering of such products in conjunction with NTIC's domestic research and development operation. NTIC's internal research and development activities are conducted at its facilities located in Circle Pines, Minnesota; Beachwood, Ohio; Dresden, Germany; Chennai, and India under the direction of internationally known scientists and research institutes under exclusive contract to NTIC with respect to the subject of their respective research efforts. NTIC's research and development activities in Minnesota, Ohio, Germany and India, along with NTIC's research and development efforts conducted with the expert consulting support of Dr. Ramani Narayan, frequently result in the development of intellectual property rights for NTIC. NTIC spent \$2,532,791 in fiscal 2008 and \$2,575,325 in fiscal 2007 in connection with its research and development activities. NTIC anticipates that it will spend between \$2,800,000 and \$3,200,000 in fiscal 2008 on research and development activities. These fees are accounted for in the "Expenses incurred in support of corporate joint ventures" section of NTIC's consolidated statements of income.

Intellectual Property Rights

NTIC's success depends and will continue to depend in part upon its ability to maintain patent and trademark protection for its products and processes, to preserve its proprietary information and trade secrets and to operate without infringing the proprietary rights of third parties. NTIC's policy is to attempt to protect its technology by, among other things, filing patent applications and trademark applications and vigorously preserving the trade secrets covering its technology and other intellectual property rights.

In 1979, NTIC developed and patented the first polyolefin (plastic) based industrial corrosion inhibiting packing material in the world. The U.S. patent granted under this patent application became the most important intellectual property right in NTIC's history. This patent expired in 2000. NTIC has since filed for twelve letters of patents in the U.S. covering various corrosion inhibiting technologies, systems and applications. NTIC owns several patents in these areas. These patents as well as patent applications have been extended to the countries of strategic relevance to NTIC including, but not limited to, the Patent Cooperation Treaty. In addition, NTIC's joint venture in Germany, EXCOR GmbH, owns several patents in the area covering various corrosion inhibiting technologies and also applied for new patent applications for proprietary new corrosion inhibiting technologies, to which NTIC and its other joint ventures worldwide have rights. NTIC is also seeking additional patent protection covering various host materials into which its corrosion inhibiting additives and other protective features can be incorporated, proprietary new process technologies, and chemical formulations outside the area of corrosion protection. NTIC owns several patents outside the area of corrosion protection both in the U.S. and in countries of strategic relevance to NTIC including, but not limited to, the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

In addition to seeking patent protection, NTIC maintains an extensive portfolio of trademarks in all countries where NTIC has joint venture presence. NTIC continuously pursues new trademark applications of strategic interest worldwide. NTIC owns the following U.S. registered trademarks: NTI[®], NTI & Globe Design, ZERUST[®], EXCOR[®], COR TAB[®], PLASTABS[®], MATCH-TECH[®], COR/SCI[®], NIC[®]. NTIC also has a registered trademark on the use of the Color Yellow with respect to corrosion inhibiting packaging. In addition, NTIC has applied for the following new trademarks in the U.S.: NATUR-TEC[™], NATUR-TEC & Design[™], Polymer Energy[™], Polymer Energy Logo[™], ICT[™], Z-CIS[™]. Furthermore, NTI[®], ZERUST[®], The ZERUST People[®], EXCOR[®], the Color Yellow[®], NTI ASEAN[®], MATCH-TECH[®], COR/SCI[®], Polymer Energy[®] and Polymer Energy Logo[®] as well as other marks have been registered in the European Union with several new applications pending.

NTIC requires its employees, consultants and advisors having access to its confidential information, including trade secrets, to execute confidentiality agreements upon commencement of their employment or consulting relationships with NTIC. These agreements generally provide that all confidential information NTIC develops or makes known to the individual during the course of the individual's employment or consulting relationship with NTIC must be kept confidential by the individual and not disclosed to any third parties. NTIC also requires all of its employees and consultants who perform research and development for NTIC to execute agreements that generally provide that all inventions developed by these individuals during their employment by or service arrangement with NTIC will fall under NTIC's proprietary intellectual property rights.

Backlog

NTIC had order backlog of \$731,000 as of August 31, 2008 compared to \$445,000 as of August 31, 2007. These are orders that are held by NTIC pending release instructions from the customers to be used in just-in-time production. Customers generally place orders on an "as needed" basis and expect delivery within a relatively short period of time.

Availability of Raw Materials

NTIC does not carry excess quantities of raw materials or purchased parts because of widespread availability for such materials and parts from various suppliers.

Employees

As of August 31, 2008, NTIC had 44 full-time employees located in the United States, consisting of 16 in administration, 13 in sales and marketing, 10 in research and development and lab, 4 in production and one responsible for international coordination. There are no unions representing NTIC's employees and NTIC believes that its relations with employees are good.

Available Information

NTIC is a Delaware corporation that was originally organized as a Minnesota corporation in 1970. NTIC's principal executive office is located at 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014 and its telephone number is (763) 225-6600. NTIC's website is located at www.ntic.com. The information on NTIC's website or any other website is not incorporated by reference into this report and is included as an inactive textual reference only.

NTIC makes available, free of charge and through its Internet web site, its annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to any such reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after NTIC electronically files such material with, or furnishes it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission. NTIC also makes available, free of charge and through its Internet web site under the "Investor Relations — Corporate Governance" section, to any stockholder who requests, the charters of its board committees and its Code of Ethics, which applies to all of NTIC's directors, executive officers, including NTIC's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and other employees. Requests for copies can be directed to NTIC's Corporate Secretary at (763) 225-6637.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains or incorporates by reference not only historical information, but also forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are subject to the safe harbor created by those sections. In addition, NTIC or others on its behalf may make forward-looking statements from time to time in oral presentations, including telephone conferences and/or web casts open to the public, in press releases or reports, on NTIC's Internet web sites or otherwise. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this report that address activities, events or developments that NTIC expects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements including, in particular, the statements about NTIC's plans, objectives, strategies and prospects regarding, among other things, its financial condition, results of operations and business. NTIC has identified some of these forward-looking statements with words like "believe," "may," "could," "might," "forecast," "possible," "potential," "project," "will," "should," "expect," "intend," "plan," "predict," "anticipate," "estimate," "approximate" or "continue" and other words and terms of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements may be contained in the notes to NTIC's consolidated financial statements and elsewhere in this report, including under the heading "Part II. Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

NTIC wishes to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement that speaks only as of the date made and to recognize that forward-looking statements are predictions of future results, which may not occur as anticipated. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements and from historical results, due to the risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risk Factors" below, as well as others that NTIC may consider immaterial or does not anticipate at this time. Although NTIC believes that the expectations reflected in its forward-looking statements are reasonable, NTIC does not know whether its expectations will prove correct. NTIC's expectations reflected in its forward-looking statements can be affected by inaccurate assumptions NTIC might make or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties, including those described below under the heading "Risk Factors." The risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risk Factors" below are not exclusive and further information concerning NTIC and its business, including factors that potentially could materially affect its financial results or condition, may emerge from time to time. NTIC assumes no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in factors or assumptions affecting such forward-looking statements. NTIC advises stockholders and investors to consult any further disclosures it may make on related subjects in its Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K that NTIC files with or furnishes to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

The following are the most significant factors known to NTIC that could materially adversely affect its business, financial condition or operating results.

Current worldwide economic conditions may adversely affect NTIC's business, operating results and financial condition, as well as further decrease its stock price.

General worldwide economic conditions have experienced a downturn due to the effects of the subprime lending crisis, general credit market crisis, collateral effects on the finance and banking industries, concerns about inflation, slower economic activity, decreased consumer confidence, reduced corporate profits and capital spending, adverse business conditions and liquidity concerns. NTIC's business is not immune. NTIC believes the current worldwide economic crisis has resulted and may continue to result in a further decline in automobile and truck sales, which will likely result in decreased demand for NTIC's ZERUST[®] products from its automotive customers. In addition, demand for ZERUST[®] products from NTIC's other customers in other industries adversely affected by the current economic crisis, such as the customers in the electronics and retail consumer industries, may also decrease. The worldwide economic crisis also may have other adverse implications on NTIC's business. For example, the ability of NTIC's

customers to borrow money from their existing lenders or to obtain credit from other sources to purchase NTIC's products may be impaired. Although NTIC maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments and such losses have historically been within NTIC's expectations and the provisions established, NTIC cannot guarantee that it will continue to experience the same loss rates that it has in the past, especially given the current turmoil in the worldwide economy. A significant change in the liquidity or financial condition of NTIC's customers could cause unfavorable trends in NTIC's receivable collections and additional allowances may be required, which could adversely affect NTIC's operating results. In addition, the worldwide economic crisis may adversely impact the ability of suppliers to provide NTIC with materials and components, which could adversely affect NTIC's business and operating results. Like many other stocks, NTIC's stock price has decreased recently and if investors have concerns that NTIC's business, operating results and financial condition will be negatively impacted by a worldwide economic downturn, NTIC's stock price could further decrease.

The automotive industry in the United States has experienced a significant downturn in recent years thus resulting in decreased demand for NTIC's ZERUST® products in the United States, which has adversely affected and may continue to adversely affect NTIC's net sales from North American operations and net income.

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008, almost 95% of NTIC's consolidated net sales were derived from the sales of ZERUST® rust and corrosion inhibiting packaging products and services. Most of these products and services were sold to customers in the automotive industry and to a lesser extent to customers in the electronics, electrical, mechanical, military and retail consumer markets. The automotive industry in the United States has experienced a significant downturn in recent years, especially recently as a result of the current economic crisis, and is not expected to improve in the foreseeable future, which may result in a continued adverse effect on NTIC's net sales from North American operations and net income. While NTIC intends to increase marketing efforts of its ZERUST® products and services to customers in other target industries, no assurance can be provided that NTIC will be successful in doing so or will recognize increased sales from such new target markets.

NTIC's liquidity and financial position rely on the receipt of fees for technical and other support services and dividend distributions from its corporate joint ventures. No assurance can be provided that NTIC will continue to receive such fees and dividend distributions in amounts NTIC historically has received.

NTIC conducts business, either directly or indirectly through holding companies, in 29 corporate joint venture arrangements in North America, South America, Europe, Asia and the Middle East. Each of these joint ventures manufactures, markets and sells finished products in the geographic territory that it is assigned. NTIC's international business has expanded significantly during the past several fiscal years. Total net sales of all of NTIC's joint ventures increased 25.7% to \$101,279,532 during fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007. However, NTIC's receipt of funds as a result of sales by its joint ventures is dependent upon NTIC's receipt of fees for technical and other support services that NTIC provides to its joint ventures based on the revenues of the joint ventures and NTIC's receipt of dividend distributions from the joint ventures. As a result of the increase in total net sales of NTIC's joint ventures, NTIC's fee income for technical and support services increased 19.7% to \$5,956,403 in fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007. No assurance can be provided that NTIC's international business as conducted through its corporate joint ventures will continue to expand or be successful in the future. NTIC's liquidity and financial position rely on NTIC's receipt of fee income for technical and support services and dividend distributions from its corporate joint ventures. During fiscal 2008, NTIC received approximately \$1,983,316 in dividends received from its corporate joint ventures. Because NTIC typically owns only 50% or less of its joint venture entities, NTIC does not control the decisions of these entities regarding

whether to pay dividends and how much in dividends should be paid in any given year. Thus, NTIC cannot guarantee that any of its joint ventures will pay dividends in any given year. The failure of NTIC's joint ventures to declare dividends or the failure of NTIC to receive fees for technical and other support services in amounts typically expected by NTIC could adversely affect NTIC's liquidity and financial position.

NTIC intends to invest additional research and development and marketing efforts and resources to expand its existing product lines and the distribution of its products into new target markets, such as the oil and gas industry. No assurance can be provided, however, that NTIC's investments in such new products and markets will be successful and result in additional revenue.

In an effort to increase net sales, NTIC is expanding its corrosion prevention solution products into new markets, such as the oil and gas industry, and expanding its product lines to include other products, such as additional biodegradable and compostable plastics and plastic recycling technology. During fiscal 2009, NTIC expects to invest additional research and development and marketing efforts and resources into these new product lines and markets. No assurance can be provided that such efforts and investments into NTIC's new businesses will be successful or that NTIC will be successful in obtaining additional revenue.

NTIC's emerging new businesses may require additional capital in the future, which may not be available or may be available only on unfavorable terms. In addition, any equity financings may be dilutive to NTIC's stockholders.

The expansion of NTIC's corrosion prevention solution products into new markets, such as the oil and gas industry, and the expansion of NTIC's product lines to include other products, such as additional biodegradable and compostable plastics and plastic recycling technology will require significant resources during fiscal 2009 and beyond. To the extent that NTIC's existing capital, including amounts available under its demand line of credit or other than existing financing arrangements, is insufficient to meet these requirements, NTIC may raise additional capital through financings or additional borrowings. Any equity or debt financing, if available at all, may be on terms that are not favorable to NTIC. Equity financings could result in dilution to NTIC's stockholders, and the securities issued in any future financings may have rights, preferences and privileges that are senior to those of NTIC's common stock.

NTIC's emerging new businesses are risky and may not prove to be successful, which could harm NTIC's operating results and financial condition.

NTIC is undertaking its emerging new businesses either directly or through joint ventures. Such new businesses are risky and subject to all of the risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise, including:

- the absence of an operating history;
- the lack of commercialized products;
- the lack of market acceptance of new products;
- expected substantial and continual losses for such businesses for the foreseeable future;
- the lack of manufacturing experience and limited marketing experience;
- an expected reliance on third parties for the commercialization of some of the proposed products;

- a competitive environment characterized by numerous, well-established and well-capitalized competitors;
- insufficient capital and other resources; and
- reliance on key personnel.

A significant portion of NTIC's earnings is the result of NTIC's income from its international corporate joint ventures and holding companies. NTIC's international business conducted through its corporate joint ventures and holding companies requires management attention and financial resources and exposes NTIC to difficulties and risks presented by international economic, political, legal, accounting and business factors.

NTIC sells products and technical services directly and via a network of independent distributors, manufacturers' representatives and joint ventures in over 50 countries, including countries in North America, South America, Europe, Asia and the Middle East. One of NTIC's strategic objectives is the continued expansion of its international operations. During the past three fiscal years, NTIC has entered into joint ventures in Indonesia, the Ukraine, Thailand and the United Arab Emirates. The expansion of NTIC's existing international operations and entry into additional international markets require management attention and financial resources.

The sale and shipping of products and services across international borders subject NTIC to extensive U.S. and foreign governmental trade regulations. Compliance with such regulations is costly and exposes NTIC to penalties for non-compliance. Other laws and regulations that can significantly impact NTIC include various anti-bribery laws, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, laws restricting business with suspected terrorists and anti-boycott laws. Any failure to comply with applicable legal and regulatory obligations could impact NTIC in a variety of ways that include, but are not limited to, significant criminal, civil and administrative penalties, including imprisonment of individuals, fines and penalties, denial of export privileges, seizure of shipments and restrictions on certain business activities. Also, the failure to comply with applicable legal and regulatory obligations could result in the disruption of NTIC's shipping and sales activities.

Many of the countries in which NTIC sells its products directly or indirectly through its corporate joint ventures, are, to some degree, subject to political, economic and/or social instability. NTIC's international operations expose NTIC and its joint venture partners, representatives, agents and distributors to risks inherent in operating in foreign jurisdictions. These risks include:

- difficulties in managing and staffing international operations and the required infrastructure costs including legal, tax, accounting, information technology;
- the imposition of additional U.S. and foreign governmental controls or regulations, new trade restrictions and restrictions on the activities of foreign agents, representatives and distributors, the imposition of costly and lengthy export licensing requirements and changes in duties and tariffs, license obligations and other non-tariff barriers to trade;
- the imposition of U.S. and/or international sanctions against a country, company, person or entity with whom NTIC does business that would restrict or prohibit continued business with the sanctioned country, company, person or entity;
- pricing pressure that NTIC or its corporate joint ventures may experience internationally;

- laws and business practices favoring local companies;
- currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- longer payment cycles and difficulties in enforcing agreements and collecting receivables through certain foreign legal systems;
- difficulties in enforcing or defending intellectual property rights; and
- multiple, changing and often inconsistent enforcement of laws and regulations.

No assurance can be provided that one or more of the factors listed above will not harm its business. Any material decrease in NTIC's international sales could adversely affect NTIC's operating results.

Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could result in declines in NTIC's reported net income and changes in NTIC's foreign currency translation adjustments.

Because the functional currency of NTIC's foreign operations and investments in its foreign corporate joint ventures and holding companies is the applicable local currency, NTIC is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk arising from transactions in the normal course of business. NTIC's principal exchange rate exposure is with the Euro, the Japanese yen, Korean won and the English pound against the U.S. dollar. NTIC's fees for technical support and other services and dividend distributions from these foreign entities are paid in foreign currencies and thus fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could result in declines in NTIC's reported net income. Since NTIC's investments in its corporate joint ventures and holding companies are accounted for using the equity method, any changes in foreign currency exchange rates would be reflected as a foreign currency translation adjustment and would not change NTIC's equity in income of joint ventures and holding companies reflected in its consolidated statements of income. NTIC does not hedge against its foreign currency exchange rate risk.

NTIC's compliance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and any changes in such principles might adversely affect NTIC's operating results and financial condition. Any requirement to consolidate NTIC's corporate joint ventures or subject them to compliance with the internal control provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 could adversely affect NTIC's operating results and financial condition.

NTIC adopted accounting policy FASB Interpretation No. 46R (FIN 46R), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, a revision of FIN 46" effective as of May 31, 2005. As a result of FIN 46R, NTIC consolidated React-NTI LLC, one of its corporate joint ventures that is 75% owned by NTIC. If the interpretation of FIN 46R were to change and NTIC were required to fully consolidate its remaining corporate joint ventures or if NTIC's corporate joint ventures otherwise would be required to be in compliance with the internal control provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, NTIC would incur significant additional costs. NTIC estimates that the costs for each of its corporate joint ventures to become Sarbanes-Oxley compliant would range between \$150,000 to \$500,000 and that annual maintenance expenses would range from \$50,000 to \$100,000 per year per corporate joint venture thereafter. In addition, other accounting pronouncements issued in the future could have a material cost associated with NTIC's implementation of such new accounting pronouncements.

NTIC's business, properties and products are subject to governmental regulation and taxes, compliance with which may require NTIC to incur expenses or modify its products or operations, and which may expose NTIC to penalties for non-compliance. Governmental regulation may also adversely affect the demand for some of NTIC's products and NTIC's operating results.

NTIC's business, properties and products are subject to a wide variety of international, federal, state and local laws, rules, taxes and regulations relating to the protection of the environment, natural resources, and worker health and safety and the use, management, storage, and disposal of hazardous substances, wastes and other regulated materials. These laws, rules and regulations may affect the way NTIC conducts its operations, and the failure to comply with these regulations could lead to fines and other penalties. Because NTIC owns and operates real property, various environmental laws also may impose liability on NTIC for the costs of cleaning up and responding to hazardous substances that may have been released on NTIC's property, including releases unknown to NTIC. These environmental laws and regulations also could require NTIC to pay for environmental remediation and response costs at third-party locations where NTIC disposed of or recycled hazardous substances. NTIC's future costs of complying with the various environmental requirements, as they now exist or may be altered in the future, could adversely affect NTIC's financial condition and operating results. NTIC is also subject to other international, federal and state laws, rules and regulations, the future non-compliance with which may harm NTIC's business or may adversely affect the demand for some of its products. Changes in laws and regulations, including changes in accounting standards and taxation changes, including tax rate changes, new tax laws, revised tax law interpretations, also may adversely affect NTIC's operating results.

NTIC intends to grow its business through additional joint ventures, alliances and acquisitions, which could be risky and harm its business.

One of NTIC's growth strategies is to expand its business by entering into additional joint ventures and alliances and acquiring businesses, technologies and products that complement or augment NTIC's existing products. The benefits of a joint venture, alliance or acquisition may take more time than expected to develop, and NTIC cannot guarantee that any future joint ventures, alliances or acquisitions will in fact produce the intended benefits. In addition, joint ventures, alliances and acquisitions involve a number of risks, including:

- diversion of management's attention;
- difficulties in assimilating the operations and products of a new joint venture or acquired business or in realizing projected efficiencies, cost savings and revenue synergies;
- potential loss of key employees or customers of the new joint venture or acquired business or adverse effects on existing business relationships with suppliers and customers;
- adverse impact on overall profitability if the new joint venture or acquired business does not achieve the financial results projected in NTIC's valuation models;
- reallocation of amounts of capital from other operating initiatives and/or an increase in NTIC's leverage and debt service requirements to pay the joint venture capital contribution or the acquisition purchase price, which could in turn restrict NTIC's ability to access additional capital when needed or to pursue other important elements of NTIC's business strategy;
- inaccurate assessment of undisclosed, contingent or other liabilities or problems and unanticipated costs associated with the new joint venture or acquisition; and
- incorrect estimates made in the accounting for acquisitions, occurrence of non-recurring charges and write-off of significant amounts of goodwill that could adversely affect NTIC's operating results.

NTIC's ability to grow through joint ventures, alliances and acquisitions will depend, in part, on the availability of suitable opportunities at an acceptable cost, NTIC's ability to compete effectively for these opportunities and the availability of capital to complete such transactions.

NTIC relies on its independent distributors, manufacturer's sales representatives and corporate joint ventures to market and sell its products.

In addition to its direct sales force, NTIC relies on its independent distributors, manufacturer's sales representatives and corporate joint ventures to market and sell its products in the United States and internationally. NTIC's independent distributors, manufacturer's sales representatives and joint venture partners might terminate their relationship with NTIC, or devote insufficient sales efforts to NTIC's products. NTIC does not control its independent distributors, manufacturer's sales representatives and joint ventures and they may not be successful in implementing NTIC's marketing plans. NTIC's failure to maintain its existing relationships with its independent distributors, manufacturer's sales representatives and joint ventures, or its failure to recruit and retain additional skilled independent distributors, manufacturer's sales representatives and joint venture partners could have an adverse effect on NTIC's operations.

NTIC has very limited staffing and will continue to be dependent upon key employees.

NTIC's success is dependent upon the efforts of a small management team and staff. NTIC's future success will depend in large part on its ability to retain these individuals and identify, attract and retain other highly qualified managerial, technical, sales and marketing and customer service personnel. Competition for these individuals is intense, especially in the markets in which NTIC operates. NTIC may not succeed in identifying, attracting and retaining these personnel. NTIC's current management, other than NTIC's President and Chief Executive Officer, does not have any material stock ownership in NTIC or any contractual obligation to maintain their employment with NTIC. The loss or interruption of services of any of NTIC's key personnel, the inability to identify, attract or retain qualified personnel in the future, delays in hiring qualified personnel, or any employee slowdowns, strikes or similar actions could make it difficult for NTIC to manage its business and meet key objectives, which could harm NTIC's business, financial condition and operating results.

NTIC relies on its management information systems for inventory management, distribution and other functions. If these information systems fail to adequately perform these functions or if NTIC experiences an interruption in their operation, NTIC's business and operating results could be adversely affected.

The efficient operation of NTIC's business is dependent on its management information systems. NTIC relies on its management information systems to effectively manage accounting and financial functions; manage order entry, order fulfillment and inventory replenishment processes; and to maintain its research and development data. The failure of management information systems to perform as anticipated could disrupt NTIC's business and product development and could result in decreased sales, causing NTIC's business and operating results to suffer. In addition, NTIC's management information systems are vulnerable to damage or interruption from natural or man-made disasters, terrorist attacks and attacks by computer viruses or hackers, or power loss or computer systems, Internet, telecommunications or data network failure. Any such interruption could adversely affect NTIC's business and operating results.

NTIC's reliance upon patents, trademark laws, trade secrets and contractual provisions to protect its proprietary rights may not be sufficient to protect its intellectual property from others who may sell similar products.

NTIC holds patents relating to various aspects of its products and believes that proprietary technical know-how is critical to many of its products. Proprietary rights relating to NTIC's products are protected from unauthorized use by third parties only to the extent that they are covered by valid and enforceable patents or are maintained in confidence as trade secrets. NTIC cannot be certain that it will be issued any patents from any pending or future patent applications owned by or licensed to NTIC or that the claims allowed under any issued patents will be sufficiently broad to protect its technology. In the absence of patent protection, NTIC may be vulnerable to competitors who attempt to copy NTIC's products or gain access to its trade secrets and know-how. NTIC's competitors may initiate litigation to challenge the validity of NTIC's patents, or they may use their resources to design comparable products that do not infringe NTIC's patents. NTIC may incur substantial costs if its competitors initiate litigation to challenge the validity of its patents or if it initiates any proceedings to protect its proprietary rights and if the outcome of any such litigation is unfavorable to NTIC, its business and operating results could be materially adversely affected.

In addition, NTIC relies on trade secrets and proprietary know-how that it seeks to protect, in part, by confidentiality agreements with its employees, and consultants. These agreements may be breached and NTIC may not have adequate remedies for any such breach. Even if these confidentiality agreements are not breached, NTIC's trade secrets may otherwise become known or be independently developed by competitors.

If NTIC is unable to continue to enhance existing products and develop and market new products that respond to customer needs and achieve market acceptance, NTIC may experience a decrease in demand for its products, and its business could suffer.

One of NTIC's strategies is to enhance its existing products and develop and market new products that respond to customer needs. NTIC may not be able to compete effectively with its competitors unless NTIC can keep up with existing or new products in the markets in which it competes. Product development requires significant financial and other resources. Although in the past NTIC has implemented lean manufacturing and other productivity improvement initiatives to provide investment funding for new products, no assurance can be provided that NTIC will be able to continue to do so in the future. Product improvements and new product introductions also require significant planning, design, development and testing at the technological, product, and manufacturing process levels and NTIC may not be able to timely develop product improvements or new products. NTIC's competitors' new products may beat NTIC's products to market, may be more effective or less expensive than NTIC's products or render NTIC's products obsolete. Any new products that NTIC may develop may not receive market acceptance or otherwise generate any meaningful net sales or profits for NTIC relative to its expectations, based on, among other things, existing and anticipated investments in manufacturing capacity and commitments to fund advertising, marketing, promotional programs, and research and development.

NTIC faces intense competition in almost all of its product lines, including from competitors that have substantially greater resources than NTIC does. No assurance can be provided that NTIC will be able to compete effectively, which would harm its business and operating results.

NTIC's products are sold in highly competitive markets throughout the world. The principal competitive factors in NTIC's markets are pricing, product innovation, quality and reliability, product support and customer service and reputation. NTIC often competes with numerous manufacturers, many of which have substantially greater financial, marketing, and other resources than NTIC does. As a result, they may be able to adapt more quickly to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements, or to devote greater resources to the promotion and sale of their products than NTIC can. In addition, competition could increase if new companies enter the market or if existing competitors expand their product lines or intensify efforts within existing product lines. NTIC's current products,

products under development and its ability to develop new and improved products may be insufficient to enable NTIC to compete effectively with its competitors. No assurance can be provided that NTIC will be able to compete effectively, which would harm its business and operating results.

NTIC's dependence on key suppliers puts NTIC at risk of interruptions in the availability of its products, which could reduce its net sales and adversely affect its operating results. In addition, increases in prices for raw materials and components used in NTIC's products could adversely affect NTIC's operating results.

NTIC relies on a limited number of suppliers for certain raw materials and components used in its products. For reasons of quality assurance, cost effectiveness or availability, NTIC procures certain raw materials and components from sole and limited source suppliers. NTIC generally acquires such raw materials and components through purchase orders placed in the ordinary course of business, and as a result NTIC does not have a significant inventory of these materials and components and does not have any guaranteed or contractual supply arrangements with many of these suppliers. NTIC's dependence on third-party suppliers involves several risks, including limited control over pricing, availability, quality and delivery schedules, as well as manufacturing yields and costs. Suppliers of raw materials and components may decide, or be required, for reasons beyond NTIC's control to cease supplying raw materials and components to NTIC or to raise their prices. Shortages of raw materials, quality control problems, production capacity constraints or delays by suppliers could negatively affect NTIC's ability to meet its production obligations and result in increased prices for affected parts. Any such shortage, constraint or delay may result in delays in shipments of products or components, which could adversely affect NTIC's net sales and operating results. Increases in prices for raw materials and components used in NTIC's products could also adversely affect its operating results.

NTIC is currently involved in several litigation matters and an audit matter with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service, which are costly to defend and the resolution of which could have a material adverse effect on NTIC's operating results and financial position.

NTIC is party to several litigation matters and an audit matter with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service as described in more detail in note 18 to NTIC's consolidated financial statements. Such litigation and audit matter are costly and may adversely affect NTIC's operating results and financial condition. In addition, the resolution of such matters may also have a material adverse effect on NTIC's operating results and financial condition.

NTIC is exposed to risks relating to its evaluation of its internal control over financial reporting as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and related and other recent regulations implemented by the SEC and the NASDAQ Stock Market, are creating challenges for publicly-held companies, including NTIC. NTIC is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and public disclosure. As a result, NTIC's efforts to comply with evolving laws, regulations and standards have resulted in, and are likely to continue to result in, increased general and administrative expenses and a diversion of management time and attention from revenue-generating activities to compliance activities. In particular, NTIC's efforts to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the related regulations regarding NTIC's assessment of its internal control over financial reporting required the expenditure of financial and managerial resources in fiscal 2008. Because NTIC's management was required to complete an assessment of the effectiveness of NTIC's internal controls over financial reporting in fiscal 2008 and will continue to be required to do so in future years, NTIC expects these expenditures to continue.

Risks Related to NTIC's Common Stock

A large percentage of NTIC's outstanding common stock is held by insiders, and, as a result, the trading market for NTIC's common stock is not as liquid as the stock of other public companies.

NTIC has approximately 3.7 million shares of common stock outstanding and approximately 30.7% of the shares are beneficially owned by directors, executive officers, principal stockholders and their respective affiliates. The stock of companies with a substantial amount of stock held by insiders is usually not as liquid as the stock of other public companies where insider ownership is not as concentrated.

The price and trading volume of NTIC's common stock has been, and may continue to be, volatile.

The market price and trading volume of NTIC's common stock price has fluctuated over a wide range during the past year or so. During fiscal 2008, the sale price of NTIC's common stock ranged from a low of \$6.40 to a high of \$20.85, and the daily trading volume ranged from zero shares to 373,800 shares. It is likely that the price and trading volume of NTIC's common stock will continue to fluctuate in the future. The securities of small capitalization companies, including NTIC, from time to time experience significant price and volume fluctuations, often unrelated to the operating performance of these companies. Securities class action litigation is sometimes brought against a company following periods of volatility in the market price of its securities or for other reasons. NTIC may become the target of similar litigation. Securities litigation, whether with or without merit, could result in substantial costs and divert management's attention and resources, which could harm NTIC's business and financial condition, as well as the market price of its common stock.

NTIC does not intend to pay dividends for the foreseeable future.

Although in the past NTIC has paid dividends on its common stock, NTIC has not done so since fiscal 2005. The payment of any future dividends will be determined by NTIC's Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including NTIC's earnings, financial condition, cash requirements, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions and other factors. The Board of Directors currently does not anticipate paying a dividend on NTIC's common stock in the near future, but rather intends to retain all of its earnings for the foreseeable future to finance the operation and expansion of its business. As a result, NTIC's stockholders will only receive a return on their investment in NTIC's common stock if the market price of the common stock increases.

One of NTIC's principal stockholders beneficially owns 24.3% of NTIC's outstanding common stock and is affiliated with NTIC's President and Chief Executive Officer and thus may be able influence matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors, and could discourage or otherwise impede a transaction in which a third party wishes to purchase NTIC's outstanding shares at a premium.

As of November 25, 2008, Inter Alia Holding Company beneficially owned approximately 24.3% of NTIC's outstanding common stock. Inter Alia is an entity owned by G. Patrick Lynch, NTIC's President and Chief Executive Officer and a director, and three other members of the Lynch family. Mr. Lynch shares voting and dispositive power of shares of NTIC's common stock held by Inter Alia Holding Company with the other owners. As a result of his share ownership through Inter Alia and his position as President and Chief Executive Officer and a director of NTIC, Mr. Lynch may be able to influence the affairs and actions of NTIC, including matters requiring stockholder approval, such as the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions. The interests of Mr. Lynch and Inter Alia may differ from the interests of NTIC's other stockholders. This concentration of ownership may have the effect of delaying, preventing or deterring a change in control of NTIC, could deprive NTIC's

stockholders of an opportunity to receive a premium for their common stock as part of a sale or merger of NTIC and may negatively affect the market price of NTIC's common stock. Transactions that could be affected by this concentration of ownership include proxy contests, tender offers, mergers or other purchases of common stock that could give stockholders the opportunity to realize a premium over the then-prevailing market price for shares of NTIC's common stock.

Future sales of NTIC common stock by Inter Alia Holding Company or its pledgees if Inter Alia is subject to margin calls could adversely affect NTIC's stock price.

As of November 25, 2008, Inter Alia Holding Company beneficially owned approximately 24.3% of NTIC's outstanding common stock. After the recent death of Philip M. Lynch, NTIC's former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and a principal shareholder of Inter Alia Holding Company, NTIC learned that Mr. Philip M. Lynch had pledged all of Inter Alia's NTIC shares to various banks. Depending upon the trading price of NTIC's common stock, Inter Alia may experience a margin call that could result in the sale of Inter Alia's pledged shares of NTIC's common stock by NTIC's pledgees. Such sales could have an adverse effect on trading price of NTIC's common stock. In addition, it is NTIC's understanding that as a result of the recent death of Mr. Philip M. Lynch, Inter Alia intends to diversify its stock holdings by selling a significant portion of its NTIC stock holdings in the public market, in private negotiated transactions and otherwise. There are no contractual restrictions on the ability of Inter Alia to sell shares of NTIC common stock, although sales in the public market will be subject to the volume limitations and other requirements of SEC Rule 144. Pursuant to the volume limitations of Rule 144, an affiliate of NTIC may sell shares under Rule 144 only if the shares to be sold, together with the shares sold under Rule 144 during the past three months, do not exceed the greater of one percent of the issuer's outstanding shares or the average weekly trading volume of the issuer's shares during the preceding four calendar weeks. Future sales of NTIC common stock in the public market by Inter Alia could adversely affect the market price of NTIC common stock. Any adverse effect on the market price of NTIC common stock could make it difficult for NTIC to raise additional capital through sales of equity securities at a time and at a price NTIC's Board of Directors deems appropriate.

Item 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

This Item 1B is inapplicable to NTIC as a smaller reporting company.

Item 2. PROPERTIES

NTIC's principal executive offices, production facilities and domestic research and development operations are currently located at 4201 Woodland Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014. NTIC purchased the real estate and 40,000 square foot building in which its new corporate headquarters is located pursuant to a like-kind exchange transaction within the meaning of Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for a purchase price of \$1,475,000. To finance the transaction, NTIC obtained a secured term loan in the principal amount of \$1,275,000. The term loan matures on May 1, 2011, bears interest at a fixed rate of 8.01% and is payable in 59 monthly installments equal to approximately \$10,776 (inclusive of principal and interest) commencing June 1, 2006. All of the remaining unpaid principal and accrued interest is due and payable on the maturity date. The loan is secured by a first lien on the real estate and building. NTIC's management considers NTIC's current properties suitable and adequate for its current and foreseeable needs.

In fiscal 1999, a subsidiary of NTIC, NTI Facilities, Inc., acquired a one-third ownership of Omni-Northern Ltd., an Ohio limited liability company, in contemplation of NTI Facilities, Inc. entering into a lease agreement with Omni-Northern Ltd. for approximately 50% of the net rental space in a building owned by Omni-Northern Ltd. Omni-Northern Ltd. owns and operates a rental property located at 23205

Mercantile Road, Beachwood, Ohio, comprising approximately two acres of land and a building of approximately 34,000 square feet. The property had an approximate value of \$2,205,000, based upon the cash-to-mortgage acquisition price of the property paid in fiscal 2000. NTIC has guaranteed up to \$329,082 of the Omni-Northern Ltd.'s \$1,903,571 mortgage obligation with National City Bank, Cleveland, Ohio. NTI Facilities, Inc. entered into a 15-year lease agreement with Omni-Northern Ltd. for approximately 17,000 square feet of office, manufacturing, laboratory and warehouse space, requiring monthly rental payments of \$17,500, which are adjusted annually according to the annual consumer price index, through November 2014. By its ownership in Omni-Northern Ltd., NTI Facilities Inc. is entitled to one-third of the operating results of Omni-Northern Ltd. Omni-Northern has leased the remaining 50% of the net rental space to other third parties. Rent expense was \$262,232 and \$236,572 for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Future minimum rental payments for each of the succeeding fiscal years through fiscal year ending August 31, 2014 are estimated to be approximately \$250,000 per year.

Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In April 2007, REACT-NTI, LLC ("React LLC"), a company that is 75% owned by NTIC, was served with a summons and complaint that was filed by Shamrock Technologies, Inc. ("Shamrock") in state court in New York. This case has been removed to the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York. The lawsuit seeks payment from React LLC of commissions in the approximate amount of \$314,500 owed by React LLC under a license agreement between React LLC and Shamrock. The complaint alleges breach of the license agreement by React LLC and seeks damages in an unspecified amount for such breach as well as damages of approximately \$300,000 for the alleged failure of React LLC to purchase from Shamrock certain inventory manufactured for sale to a customer. Shamrock further claims lost profits with respect to sales made by Shamrock that were manufactured by parties other than React LLC. React LLC acknowledges that React LLC has not made payment for product in the approximate amount of \$300,000 to Shamrock as the invoice for this was only received after Shamrock had already filed its complaint, but denies all of the claims of breach of the license agreement by it and believes that damages caused by Shamrock's breach of the license agreement and tortious conduct exceed any amounts owing to Shamrock. React LLC formally responded to the complaint after removal by moving to dismiss or stay because of Shamrock's failure to comply with alternative dispute resolution procedures contained in the license agreement. By court order, the matter was stayed so that the parties could attempt mediation. The parties mediated for one day and were unsuccessful in resolving the matter. Negotiations following the mediation have also been unproductive, and it appears that the stay will be lifted. Accordingly, React LLC will both defend against Shamrock's allegations and pursue counterclaims against Shamrock for breach of the license agreement and for tortious interference. The parties are presently proceeding with discovery. Because this matter is in the early stage, NTIC cannot estimate the possible loss or range of loss, if any, associated with its resolution. However, there can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of the matter will not result in a material adverse effect on NTIC's business, financial condition or results of operations.

NTIC was involved in a legal action in Finland whereby NTIC sued a Finnish company for trademark infringement. Upon initiation of legal action, the courts seized the inventory of the Finnish company as contraband. NTIC won the initial case, but subsequently lost on appeal. On November 19, 2008, NTIC entered into an agreement to settle the lawsuit. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, NTIC agreed to seek an amendment to its trademark YELLOW and to pay the defendant a one-time payment of 320,000 Euro. The defendant agreed, among other things, not to challenge the amendment or the validity of the trademark and not to infringe upon the trademark, once amended. Each party released each other of all claims in connection with the matter. As a result of the settlement, NTIC recorded a \$400,000 litigation settlement accrual in its consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008.

On June 11, 2008, NTIC entered into an agreement to settle a lawsuit brought by Evelyn Cantwell and Jack Cantwell, individually, and also doing business as the principals of Byrd-Walsh International, LLC, against NTIC and its former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Philip M. Lynch. The lawsuit sought unspecified injunctive relief as well as compensatory and punitive damages in an unspecified amount which, based on the allegations of the complaint, may have been claimed by plaintiffs to be in an amount in excess of \$45 million. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the plaintiffs agreed to dismiss their claims with prejudice and to release NTIC and Mr. Philip M. Lynch from any and all claims, in exchange for a cash payment from NTIC of \$41,340, which was paid in fiscal 2008.

In June 2007, the U.S. Internal Revenue Service concluded its audit of NTIC’s U.S. federal income tax returns for fiscal 2004 and 2005. As a result of such audit, NTIC paid the IRS approximately \$25,000 in additional payroll taxes. NTIC also agreed in principle with the IRS to adjustments that will result in the additional payment of approximately \$60,000 in income tax and interest. As a result of the audit, the IRS has also taken the position that NTIC failed to withhold and has assessed against NTIC approximately \$505,000 of payroll taxes and individual income taxes on travel and other expense reimbursements made to Philip M. Lynch, NTIC’s former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, and commissions payments made to Inter Alia Holding Co. under that certain former Manufacturer’s Representative Agreement dated as of October 1, 1976 and as subsequently amended thereafter between NTIC and Inter Alia, which agreement has since been terminated. Inter Alia beneficially owns approximately 24.3% of NTIC’s outstanding common stock. G. Patrick Lynch, NTIC’s current President and Chief Executive Officer, as well as three other members of the Lynch family, are shareholders of Inter Alia. G. Patrick Lynch is also the son of the late Philip M. Lynch. NTIC disagrees with the IRS’ position on withholding and is in the process of appealing the matter. Because NTIC believes that it has valid legal grounds for appeal, it has determined that a loss is not probable at this time as defined by SFAS 5, “*Accounting for Contingencies.*” However, there can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of the matter will not result in a material adverse effect on NTIC’s business, financial condition or results of operations.

NTIC is involved in various other legal actions arising in the normal course of business. Management is of the opinion that any judgment or settlement resulting from these pending or threatened actions would not have a material adverse effect on NTIC’s financial position or consolidated results of operations.

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matter was submitted to a vote of NTIC’s security holders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.

Item 4A. EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The executive officers of NTIC, their ages and the offices held, as of November 25, 2008, are as follows:

Name	Age	Position with NTIC
G. Patrick Lynch	41	President and Chief Executive Officer
Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.	68	Vice Chairman of the Board and Chief Technology Officer
Matthew C. Wolsfeld	34	Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary

Mr. G. Patrick Lynch, an employee of NTIC since 1995, has been President since July 2005 and Chief Executive Officer since January 2006 and was appointed a director of NTIC in February 2004. From July 2005 to January 2006, Mr. Lynch served as Chief Operating Officer of NTIC. Mr. Lynch served as

President of North American Operations of NTIC from May 2004 to July 2005. Prior to May 2004, Mr. Lynch held various positions with NTIC, including Vice President of Strategic Planning, Corporate Secretary and Project Manager. Mr. Lynch is also an officer and director of Inter Alia Holding Company, a financial and management consulting firm that is a significant stockholder of NTIC. Prior to joining NTIC, Mr. Lynch held positions in sales management for Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. in Tokyo, Japan and programming project management for BMW AG in Munich, Germany. Mr. Lynch received an M.B.A. degree from the University of Michigan Business School in Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Dr. Donald A. Kubik has been employed by NTIC since 1978, was appointed Vice Chairman of the Board in September 1999 and Chief Technology Officer in May 2000. In May 2008, Dr. Kubik notified the Board of Directors of NTIC that he intends to retire in June 2009. Dr. Kubik served as Vice President of NTIC from 1979 to September 1999 and as Co-Chief Executive Officer of NTIC from September 1999 to May 2000. Dr. Kubik is responsible for developing the patent that led to NTIC’s introduction of protective plastic film and paper products incorporating volatile corrosion inhibitors. Prior to joining NTIC, Dr. Kubik held a research and development position with Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Company (3M).

Mr. Matthew C. Wolsfeld, an employee of NTIC since February 2001, has been NTIC’s Chief Financial Officer since November 2001 and Corporate Secretary since November 2004. Mr. Wolsfeld was Controller of NTIC from May 2001 through November 2001. Prior to joining NTIC, Mr. Wolsfeld held an auditing position with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP in Minneapolis, Minnesota from 1997 to 2001. Mr. Wolsfeld received a B.A. degree in Accounting from the University of Notre Dame and received his M.B.A. degree at the University of Minnesota, Carlson School of Business. Mr. Wolsfeld is a Certified Public Accountant.

Officers of NTIC, their ages and the offices held, as of November 25, 2008, are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position with NTIC</u>
Prof. Efim Ya. Lyublinski	71	Vice President and Director of New Technologies and Applications Engineering
Vineet R. Dalal	39	Vice President and Director Global Market Development
Gautam Ramdas	35	Vice President and Director Global Market Development

Prof. Efim Ya. Lyublinski has been employed by NTIC since March 2000 in the position of Vice President and Director of New Technologies and Applications Engineering. Prof. Lyublinski is a Member of the Russian Academy of Natural Sciences and NACE International the Corrosion Society. From 1984 to 1999, Prof. Lyublinski was Head of Laboratory of Complex Methods of Corrosion Protection at the Central Research Institute of Structural Materials (“Prometey”), St. Petersburg, Russia. Prof. Lyublinski also held a Senior Consulting Position with Osmos Technology, Boston, Massachusetts from 1995 to 1999. Prof. Lyublinski holds 18 patents, is responsible for 64 inventions and has authored 14 books, 148 articles and lectured at more than 100 symposiums, conferences and congresses in the areas of materials science and corrosion. Prof. Lyublinski received the following awards: in 1997, gold medal of the International Exhibition of Patents in Brussels (Belgium). From 1975 to 1986 – three gold, three silver and one bronze medal from the Exhibitions of the Achievements of Russian National Economy.

Mr. Vineet R. Dalal, an employee of NTIC since 2004, Vice President and Director – Global Market Development since November 2005. Prior to joining NTIC, Mr. Dalal was a Principal in the Worldwide Product Development Practice of PRTM, a management consultancy to technology based companies. In this position, Mr. Dalal consulted to several Fortune 500 companies, in the areas of product strategy,

Product Lifecycle Management (PLM) and technology management. Prior to that, Mr. Dalal held positions in program management and design engineering at National Semiconductor Corporation in Santa Clara, California. Mr. Dalal received an M.B.A. degree from the University of Michigan Business School in Ann Arbor, Michigan. He also holds an M.S. degree in Electrical and Computer Engineering from Oregon State University, and a B.Eng. degree in Electronics Engineering from Karnatak University, India.

Mr. Gautam Ramdas, an employee of NTIC since 2005, is Vice President and Director – Global Market Development. Prior to joining NTIC, Mr. Ramdas was a Manager in the Strategic Change group of IBM Business Consulting Services. In this position, Mr. Ramdas led consulting engagements at several Fortune 500 companies, in the areas of service strategy, global supplier relationship management and supply chain streamlining. Mr. Ramdas held positions in the E-Commerce and Supply Chain strategy groups at PricewaterhouseCoopers Management Consulting, again providing consulting services for Fortune 500 clients. Prior to management consulting, Mr. Ramdas worked as a program manager and design engineer with Kinhill Engineers in Australia. He has also been involved in the start-up stage of successful small businesses in the U.S. and in India. Mr. Ramdas received an M.B.A. from the University of Michigan Business School in Ann Arbor, Michigan. He also holds a bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering from the College of Engineering, Guindy (Chennai), India.

PART II

Item 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information

NTIC's common stock is listed for trading on the NASDAQ Global Market, under the symbol "NTIC." NTIC's common stock has traded on the NASDAQ Global Market since June 30, 2008. From September 1993 to June 29, 2008, NTIC's common stock traded on The American Stock Exchange under the symbol "NTI."

The following table sets forth the high and low daily sales prices for NTIC's common stock, as reported by the NASDAQ Global Market, for the fiscal quarter indicated:

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Fiscal 2008:		
Fourth quarter (beginning June 30, 2008)	\$18.50	\$8.68

The following table sets forth the high and low daily sales prices for NTIC's common stock, as reported by The American Stock Exchange, for the fiscal quarters indicated:

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Fiscal 2008:		
Fourth quarter (ending June 29, 2008)	\$20.85	\$13.25
Third quarter	15.25	6.65
Second quarter	12.00	6.40
First quarter	12.25	6.71
Fiscal 2007:		
Fourth quarter	\$10.15	\$8.01
Third quarter	9.00	7.30
Second quarter	10.00	7.45
First quarter	10.49	7.44

Dividends

Although NTIC's Board of Directors declared a cash dividend to NTIC's stockholders of record as of December 3, 2004 in the amount of \$0.07 per share, NTIC's Board of Directors has not since declared or paid a cash dividend on NTIC's common stock. The payment of any future dividends will be determined by NTIC's Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including NTIC's earnings, financial condition, cash requirements, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions and other factors. The Board of Directors currently does not anticipate paying a dividend on NTIC's common stock in the near future, but rather intends to retain all of its earnings for the foreseeable future to finance the operation and expansion of its business.

Number of Record Holders

As of August 31, 2008, there were 264 record holders of NTIC's common stock. This does not include shares held in "street name" or beneficially owned.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Equity Securities

NTIC did not issue any shares of its common stock or any other equity securities of NTIC that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

NTIC did not purchase any shares of its common stock or any other equity securities of NTIC during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.

Item 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

This Item 6 is inapplicable to NTIC as a smaller reporting company and has been omitted pursuant to Item 301(c) of SEC Regulation S-K.

Item 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis provides material historical and prospective disclosures intended to enable investors and other users to assess NTIC's financial condition and results of operations. Statements that are not historical are forward-looking and involve risks and uncertainties discussed under the headings "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" of Part I, Item 1 entitled "Business" of this report. The following discussion of the results of the operations and financial condition of NTIC should be read in conjunction with NTIC's consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included under Part II, Item 8 entitled "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this report.

General Overview

Northern Technologies International Corporation develops and markets proprietary environmentally beneficial products and technical services either directly or via a network of joint ventures and independent distributors in over 50 countries. NTIC's primary business is corrosion prevention. In addition, NTIC has recently launched a new product line of compounds and finished products based on a portfolio of proprietary bio-plastic technologies. NTIC also is in the advanced stages of commercially launching waste plastic to fuel conversion technology and is in various stages of development with respect to several other emerging businesses.

NTIC has been selling its proprietary ZERUST[®] and EXCOR[®] rust and corrosion inhibiting products and services to the automotive, electronics, electrical, mechanical, military and retail consumer markets, for over 25 years. NTIC also offers worldwide on-site technical consulting for rust and corrosion prevention issues. In North America, NTIC markets its technical services and ZERUST[®] products principally to industrial users by a direct sales force and a network of independent distributors. NTIC's technical service consultants work directly with the end users of NTIC's products to analyze their specific needs and develop systems to meet their technical requirements. In fiscal 2008, over 94.6% of NTIC's consolidated net sales were derived from the sales of ZERUST[®] and EXCOR[®] rust and corrosion inhibiting packaging products and services.

In addition to ZERUST[®] products and services, NTIC develops and has recently launched a portfolio of bio-based and biodegradable (compostable) polymer resin compounds and finished products under the Natur-Tec[™] brand. These products are intended to reduce NTIC's customers' carbon footprint and

provide environmentally sound disposal options. NTIC's consolidated net sales in North America for fiscal 2008 included \$383,904 in sales of NTIC's Natur-Tec™ products. In recent years, a combination of market drivers, such as higher petroleum prices, a desire to reduce dependence on foreign oil, increased environmental awareness at the consumer level and regulations banning the use of traditional, petroleum-based plastics, have led to interest in sustainable, renewable resource-based and compostable alternatives to traditional plastics. Natur-Tec™ bio-based and biodegradable plastics are manufactured using NTIC's patented and/or proprietary technologies and are intended to replace conventional petroleum-based plastics. The Natur-Tec™ bioplastics portfolio includes flexible film, foam, rigid injection molded materials and engineered plastics. Natur-Tec™ biodegradable and compostable finished products include shopping and grocery bags, lawn and leaf bags, can liners, pet waste collection bags, cutlery, packaging foam and coated paper products and are engineered to be fully biodegradable in a composting environment. Unlike competing plastic products claiming to be "degradable" or "oxo-degradable" that only break down into smaller plastic fragments, Natur-Tec™ products are designed to completely biodegrade within 180 days in accordance with the ASTM D6400 standard for compostable plastics and are certified 100 percent biodegradable and compostable by the Biodegradable Products Institute.

NTIC participates, either directly or indirectly through holding companies, in 29 corporate joint venture arrangements in North America, South America, Europe, Asia and the Middle East. Each of these joint ventures generally manufactures and markets finished products in the geographic territory that it is assigned. NTIC's joint venture partners are knowledgeable in the applicable environmental, labor, tax and other requisite regulations and laws of the respective foreign countries in which they operate, as well as the local customs and business practices. While most of NTIC's joint ventures currently sell rust and corrosion inhibiting products and custom packaging systems, NTIC also has joint ventures that manufacture, market and sell or intend to manufacture, market or sell bio-based additives with both industrial and personal care applications, machinery that converts waste plastics into diesel, gasoline and mid-distillates, and electronic sensing instruments. NTIC categorizes its joint ventures into two principal areas: industrial chemical and non-industrial chemical.

NTIC's international rust and corrosion inhibiting product business has expanded significantly during the past several fiscal years. NTIC has entered into five new corporate joint venture arrangements during the past three fiscal years. Total net sales of all of NTIC's joint ventures increased 25.7% to \$101,279,532 during fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007 and increased 26.0% during fiscal 2007 as compared to fiscal 2006. NTIC also recognized increased fee income for technical and support services in fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007 and in fiscal 2007 as compared to fiscal 2006 as a result of the increase in total net sales of the joint ventures. The profits of NTIC's corporate joint ventures are shared, however, by the respective corporate joint venture owners in accordance with their respective ownership percentages. NTIC's receipt of funds as a result of sales by its joint ventures are dependent upon NTIC's receipt of fees for technical and other support services that NTIC provides to its joint ventures based on the revenues of the joint ventures and NTIC's receipt of dividend distributions from the joint ventures. NTIC typically owns only 50% or less of its joint venture entities and thus does not control the decisions of these entities regarding whether to pay dividends and how much in dividends in any given year. NTIC's income from its corporate joint ventures and holding companies increased 36.8% to \$4,514,601 in fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007.

While NTIC's rust and corrosion inhibiting product business has expanded significantly internationally during the past several fiscal years, sales of NTIC's rust and corrosion inhibiting products in North America have decreased slightly during the past several fiscal years. One of the main markets for NTIC's rust and corrosion inhibiting products has typically been the automotive industry. While the automotive industry has been growing worldwide, it has been stagnant or contracting in the United States and is not expected to improve in the foreseeable future, especially in light of the current economic conditions on that industry.

In an effort to increase net sales, NTIC is in the process of expanding its product line to include additional biodegradable and compostable plastics products, process technology and machinery that converts plastic waste into crude oil and the application of new and existing corrosion inhibiting technology into the oil and gas industry. NTIC intends to distribute and sell products incorporating these new technologies through its North American operations, its existing joint ventures and new joint ventures. During fiscal 2008, NTIC invested \$2,532,791 in additional research and development and marketing efforts and resources into these emerging businesses, product lines and markets. Although NTIC recognized \$383,904 in sales of Natur-Tec™ for fiscal 2008, no assurance can be provided that such new businesses will be successful or that NTIC will be successful in obtaining additional revenue.

Financial Overview

NTIC's consolidated net sales in North America decreased 24.6% during fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007 primarily as a result of the anticipated loss of its React-NTI, LLC subsidiary's most significant customer and decreased demand for NTIC's ZERUST® products, partially offset by sales of its new Natur-Tec™ products. As previously disclosed by NTIC, the sales of React-NTI included in NTIC's consolidated net sales historically have consisted almost entirely of sales by React Inc., a 100% owned subsidiary of React-NTI, of proprietary ink additives to one customer. During fourth quarter of fiscal 2007, this single customer notified React Inc. of the customer's intent to purchase React's remaining inventory of ink additives, but that after such inventory was depleted, the customer would not place any future orders with React Inc. React-NTI had consolidated sales of \$301,697 for fiscal 2008 compared to sales of \$4,784,789 for fiscal 2007. The vast majority of such sales by React-NTI were from React Inc., which had sales of \$248,160 during fiscal 2008 compared to sales of \$4,716,620 during fiscal 2007. NTIC anticipates no additional sales for React Inc. of its only product, proprietary ink additives, after the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008. Accordingly, the loss of React's sole customer has had a material adverse impact on NTIC's consolidated net sales. However, since the profit on React's sales of the ink additives to this customer was extremely small, the effect on NTIC's net income during fiscal 2008 was not material.

Net sales of NTIC's ZERUST® products decreased 0.4% or \$39,090 to \$12,005,151 during fiscal 2008 compared to \$12,044,241 during fiscal 2007. Additionally, NTIC's consolidated net sales in North America during fiscal 2008 included \$383,904 from sales of NTIC's Natur-Tec™ products.

Total net sales of all of NTIC's joint ventures increased 25.7% to \$101,279,532 during fiscal 2008 as compared to \$80,551,700 during fiscal 2007. NTIC also recognized increased fee income for technical and support services as a result of the increase in total net sales of the joint ventures. NTIC recognized fee income for technical and support services of \$5,956,403 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$4,976,194 in fiscal 2007, an increase of 19.7%. NTIC incurs direct expenses related to its corporate joint ventures and holding companies. Such expenses include consulting, travel, technical and marketing services to existing joint ventures, legal fees incurred in the establishment of new joint ventures, registration and promotion and legal defense of worldwide trademarks, and legal fees incurred in connection with the filing of patent applications. NTIC incurred \$5,406,766 in direct joint venture expenses in fiscal 2008 as compared to \$4,876,928 in fiscal 2007, an increase of 10.9%. NTIC's equity in income of corporate joint ventures and holding companies increased 18.4% to \$3,792,197 in fiscal 2008 as compared to \$3,201,621 in fiscal 2007. NTIC's income from its corporate joint ventures and holding companies increased 36.8% to \$4,514,601 in fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007.

NTIC sold its 50% ownership interest in its industrial chemical joint venture in Austria during fiscal 2008 for \$364,000. NTIC's industrial chemical joint venture in Germany purchased NTIC's 50% Austrian joint venture interest and has consolidated the joint venture into its existing business. NTIC's German joint venture will service the territory and customers of the former Austrian venture in addition to its own

territory and customers. NTIC recorded a gain on the sale of its Austrian joint venture ownership interest of \$172,767, as NTIC determined that its interest in the Austrian joint venture entity was non-controlling.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales decreased to 60.2% in fiscal 2008 as compared to 64.2% for fiscal 2007 primarily as a result of the significant decrease of React Inc. sales during fiscal 2008 compared to fiscal 2007, which sales were sold at lower margins than NTIC's ZERUST[®] and Natur-Tec[™] products.

NTIC spent \$2,532,791 in fiscal 2008 and \$2,575,325 in fiscal 2007 in connection with its research and development activities. NTIC anticipates that it will spend between \$2,800,000 and \$3,200,000 in fiscal 2009 on research and development activities related to its new technologies. These fees are accounted for in the "Expenses incurred in support of corporate joint ventures" section of NTIC's consolidated statements of income.

Net income decreased 20.8% to \$2,553,956, or \$0.68 per diluted common share, for the year ended August 31, 2008 compared to \$3,223,408, or \$0.87 per diluted common share, for the year ended August 31, 2007. This decrease was primarily the result of the one-time gain on the sale of assets of land, building and equipment that previously served as NTIC's corporate headquarters of \$724,495 during the year ended August 31, 2007 and a decreased demand of NTIC's ZERUST[®] products in the United States, partially offset by increased income from NTIC's corporate joint ventures and holding companies.

NTIC's working capital was \$4,837,271 at August 31, 2008, including \$260,460 in cash and cash equivalents. As of August 31, 2008, NTIC had \$86,000 of borrowings under its \$2,300,000 demand line of credit. Subsequent to August 31, 2008, NTIC repaid all borrowings under the demand line of credit bringing the outstanding balance as of November 25, 2008 to \$0. As of August 31, 2008, \$600,000 was committed under the demand line of credit to cover a letter of credit.

NTIC elected not to pay a cash dividend to its stockholders in fiscal 2007 or fiscal 2008 or thus far in fiscal 2009 in order to preserve cash and make investments in future operations. NTIC expects to meet its future liquidity requirements during at least the next 12 months by using its existing cash and cash equivalents, forecasted cash flows from future operations, anticipated distributions of earnings and technical assistance fees to NTIC from its joint venture investments and funds available through existing or anticipated financing arrangements. In order to take advantage of new product market opportunities to expand its business and increase its revenues, NTIC may decide to finance such opportunities by borrowing under its line of credit or raising additional financing through the issuance of debt or equity securities.

Results of Operations

Fiscal Year 2008 Compared to Fiscal Year 2007

The following table sets forth NTIC's results of operations for fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007. These results of operations exclude the impact of NTIC's activities with its joint ventures, other than React-NTIC LLC. As explained in more detail in note 1 to NTIC's consolidated financial statements, the results of React-NTIC LLC are included in NTIC's consolidated results of operations and thus included in the table below.

	Fiscal 2008	% of Net Sales	Fiscal 2007	% of Net Sales	\$ Change	% Change
Net sales.....	\$12,690,752	100.0%	\$16,829,030	100.0%	(\$4,138,278)	(24.6%)
Cost of goods sold	\$7,638,690	60.2%	\$10,799,180	64.2%	(\$3,160,490)	(29.3%)

	<u>Fiscal 2008</u>	<u>% of Net Sales</u>	<u>Fiscal 2007</u>	<u>% of Net Sales</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Selling expenses.....	\$3,120,171	24.6%	\$3,214,170	19.1%	(\$93,999)	(2.9%)
General and administrative expenses.....	\$3,514,437	27.7%	\$3,083,314	18.3%	\$431,123	14.0%
Lab and technical support expenses.....	\$174,711	1.4%	\$229,988	1.4%	(\$55,277)	(24.0%)

Net Sales. NTIC's net sales originating in the United States decreased 24.6% during fiscal 2008 as compared to fiscal 2007 primarily as a result of the loss of the principal customer of React Inc. and a slight decrease in demand for ZERUST® products sold to existing and new customers, partially offset by sales of Natur-Tec™ products in fiscal 2008.

The following table sets forth NTIC's net sales for fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007.

	<u>Fiscal 2008</u>	<u>Fiscal 2007</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
ZERUST® sales	\$12,005,151	\$12,044,241	\$39,090	(0.4%)
Natur-Tec™ sales	383,904	—	383,904	—
React-NTI sales	53,537	68,169	(14,632)	(21.5%)
React Inc. sales	248,160	4,716,620	(4,468,460)	(94.8%)
Total North American net sales	\$12,690,752	\$16,829,030	(\$4,138,278)	(24.6%)

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold decreased 29.3% in fiscal 2008 compared to fiscal 2007 primarily as a result of the significant decrease in React Inc. sales which were sold at significantly lower margins than NTIC's ZERUST® products, combined with a slight reduction in the gross margin achieved on the core NTIC's ZERUST® products in North America. Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales also decreased to 60.2% in fiscal 2008 compared to 64.2% in fiscal 2007 primarily as a result of an increase in raw material prices, primarily plastic resins.

Selling Expenses. NTIC's selling expenses decreased 2.9% in fiscal 2008 compared to the same period in fiscal 2007. Selling expenses as a percentage of net sales in fiscal 2008 increased significantly compared to same respective periods in fiscal 2007 due to the decrease in React Inc. sales.

General and Administrative Expenses. NTIC's general and administrative expenses increased 14.0% in fiscal 2008 compared to fiscal 2007 primarily as a result of increases in (i) audit and tax expense of \$170,000 and (ii) salary and benefits expenses of \$160,000, partially offset by a decrease in insurance expense of \$30,000. As a percentage of net sales, general and administrative expenses increased significantly to 27.7% in fiscal 2008 compared to 18.3% in fiscal 2007, due to the decrease in React Inc. net sales and the increases in spending noted above.

NTIC includes expenses in general and administrative expenses that provide benefit to the various joint ventures in addition to providing benefit to NTIC's North American operations, including specifically, expenses associated with information technology, general insurance, executive and non-executive salary, bonus and benefits, building expenses, audit and tax and directors fees.

Lab and Technical Support Expenses. NTIC's lab and technical support expenses decreased 24.0% in fiscal 2008 compared to the same period in fiscal 2007. As a percentage of net sales, lab and technical support expenses remained relatively constant at 1.4% in fiscal 2008 and 2007.

International Corporate Joint Ventures and Holding Companies. Net sales of NTIC's corporate joint ventures in fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007, excluding React-NTI LLC, were as follows:

	<u>Fiscal 2008</u>	<u>Fiscal 2007</u>
Industrial chemical	\$100,012,532	\$78,601,707
Non-industrial chemical	<u>1,266,832</u>	<u>1,949,993</u>
Total International Corporate Joint Ventures and Holding Companies sales	<u>\$101,279,532</u>	<u>\$80,551,700</u>

NTIC receives fees for technical and other support services it provides to its corporate joint ventures based on the revenues of the individual corporate joint ventures. NTIC recognized fee income for such support of \$5,956,403 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$4,976,194 in fiscal 2007, an increase of 19.8%. The increase in fees for technical and other support to its corporate joint ventures was due to the significant increase in revenues from the corporate joint ventures as a whole, as well as the foreign currency exchange rate of the U.S. dollar compared to other currencies in which NTIC's joint ventures conduct business.

NTIC sponsors a worldwide corporate joint venture conference approximately every three to four years in which all of its corporate joint ventures are invited to participate. NTIC defers a portion of its technical and other support fees received from its corporate joint ventures in each accounting period leading up to the next conference, reflecting that NTIC has not fully earned the payments received during that period. The next corporate joint venture conference is scheduled to be held in the summer of 2009 or 2010. There was \$96,000 of deferred income recorded within other accrued liabilities in fiscal 2008 related to this future conference. The costs associated with these joint venture conferences are offset against the deferral as incurred, generally in the period in which the conference is held and immediately before.

NTIC incurred direct expenses related to its corporate joint ventures and the holding companies of \$5,406,766 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$4,876,928 in fiscal 2007, an increase of 10.9%. These expenses include: product and business development, consulting, travel, technical and marketing services to existing joint ventures, legal fees regarding the establishment of new joint ventures, registration and promotion and legal defense of worldwide trademarks and legal fees incurred in the filing of patent applications for new technologies to which NTIC acquired certain rights. The increase in direct expenses incurred relating to NTIC's corporate joint ventures and holding companies in fiscal 2008 compared to fiscal 2007 was attributable to the (i) legal settlement accrual for the Finnish Trademark case of \$400,000 in fiscal 2008 (See note 18 entitled "Commitments and Contingencies" to NTIC's consolidated financial statements for further information) and (ii) an increase in travel and related expenses of \$45,000. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in legal expenses of \$100,000. As a percentage of net sales, direct expenses incurred relating to NTIC's corporate joint ventures and holding companies increased significantly due to the decrease in React Inc. net sales for fiscal 2008 compared to fiscal 2007.

NTIC sold its 50% ownership interest in its industrial chemical joint venture in Austria for \$364,000. NTIC's industrial chemical joint venture in Germany purchased NTIC's Austrian joint venture ownership interest and has consolidated the Austrian joint venture into its existing business. NTIC's German joint venture will service the territory and customers of NTIC's former Austrian joint venture. NTIC recorded a gain on sale of the joint venture interest of \$172,767 as NTIC determined its interest in the entity was non-controlling.

NTIC had equity in income of corporate joint ventures and holding companies of \$3,792,197 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$3,201,621 in fiscal 2007. The increase in equity in income of 18.4% was due to the significant increase in revenue and profitability due to the growth of NTIC's corporate joint ventures as a whole.

Interest Income. NTIC's interest income increased to \$23,815 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$4,165 for fiscal 2007 due primarily to interest income received from the United Kingdom tax authorities related to interest earned on a tax refund received that covered the period from fiscal 2001 to 2007.

Interest Expense. NTIC's interest expense decreased to \$123,874 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$164,372 for fiscal 2007 due to lower average outstanding debt levels and decreases in interest rates during fiscal 2008.

Gain on Sale of Assets. NTIC recognized a gain on sale of assets of \$5,529 during fiscal 2008 compared to a gain on sale of assets of \$726,295 during fiscal 2007, \$724,495 of which was due to the sale of land, building and equipment that previously served as NTIC's corporate headquarters.

Income Before Income Taxes. Income before income taxes decreased to \$2,723,956 in fiscal 2008 compared to \$3,409,408 in fiscal 2007.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax expense decreases to \$170,000 during fiscal 2008 compared to \$186,000 during fiscal 2007. Income tax expense was calculated based on management's estimate of NTIC's annual effective income tax rate. NTIC's annual effective income tax rate during fiscal 2008 and 2007 was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to NTIC's equity in income of corporate joint ventures being recognized based on after-tax earnings of these entities. To the extent joint ventures' undistributed earnings are distributed to NTIC, it is not expected to result in any material additional income tax liability after the application of foreign tax credits.

Fiscal Year 2007 Compared to Fiscal Year 2006

The following table sets forth NTIC's consolidated results of operations for fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006. These results of operations exclude the impact of NTIC's activities with its joint ventures, other than React-NTIC LLC. As explained in more detail in note 1 to NTIC's consolidated financial statements, the results of React-NTIC LLC are included in NTIC's consolidated results of operations and thus included in the table below.

	<u>Fiscal 2007</u>	<u>% of Net Sales</u>	<u>Fiscal 2006</u>	<u>% of Net Sales</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Net sales	\$16,829,030	100.0%	\$16,604,964	100.0%	\$224,066	1.3%
Cost of sales.....	\$10,799,180	64.2%	\$10,346,437	62.3%	\$452,743	4.4%
Selling expenses	\$3,214,170	19.1%	\$3,075,072	18.5%	\$139,098	4.5%
General and administrative expenses..	\$3,083,314	18.3%	\$2,795,194	16.8%	\$288,120	10.3%
Lab and technical support expenses ...	\$229,988	1.4%	\$296,676	1.8%	(\$66,688)	(22.5%)

Net Sales. NTIC's consolidated net sales slightly increased 1.3% during fiscal 2007 as compared to fiscal 2006 primarily as a result of an increase in demand of React-NTI products to existing customers partially offset by a decrease in demand for ZERUST[®] products. Net sales of React-NTI products increased \$279,012, or 6.2%, to \$4,784,789 during fiscal 2007 as compared to fiscal 2006. Net sales of ZERUST[®] products decreased \$54,946 to \$12,044,241.

Cost of Sales. Cost of sales slightly increased 4.4% in fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006 and cost of sales as a percentage of net sales also increased slightly to 64.2% in fiscal 2007 compared to 62.3% in fiscal 2006 primarily as a result of an increase in raw material prices, primarily plastic resins.

Selling Expenses. NTIC's selling expenses increased 4.5% in fiscal 2007 compared in fiscal 2006 primarily as a result of increases in (i) promotional materials expense of \$40,000, (ii) lab supplies and testing of \$55,000, and (iii) selling expense related to the sale of React products of \$70,000. These

increases were partially offset by a decrease in commissions to salespeople and manufacturer's representatives totaling \$76,000. As a percentage of net sales, selling expenses increased slightly to 19.1% in fiscal 2007 compared to 18.5% in fiscal 2006, primarily as a result of the increased spending as described above and NTIC's increased efforts to diversify its product lines and expand the distribution of its new product lines into new industry markets.

General and Administrative Expenses. NTIC's general and administrative expenses increased 10.3% in fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006 primarily as a result of increases in (i) information technology expenses of \$30,000, (ii) insurance expense of \$23,000, (iii) legal expenses of \$75,000, (iv) audit and tax expense of \$51,000, and (v) depreciation expense of \$88,000. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in travel of \$29,000. As a percentage of net sales, general and administrative expenses increased slightly to 18.3% in fiscal 2007 compared to 16.8% in fiscal 2006, primarily as a result of the increased spending as described above and NTIC's increased efforts to support the diversification of its product lines and the expansion of the distribution of its new product lines into new industry markets.

Lab and Technical Support Expenses. NTIC's lab and technical support expenses decreased 22.5% in fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006 primarily a result of decreases in (i) salary and wages of \$31,000 and (ii) lab supplies and testing of \$39,000. As a percentage of net sales, lab and technical support expenses decreased to 1.4% in fiscal 2007 compared to 1.8% in fiscal 2006 primarily as a result of the decreased expenses described above.

International Corporate Joint Ventures and Holding Companies. Net sales of NTIC's corporate joint ventures in fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006, excluding React-NTI LLC, were as follows:

	<u>Fiscal 2007</u>	<u>Fiscal 2006</u>
Industrial chemical	\$78,601,707	\$62,266,618
Non-industrial chemical	1,949,993	1,692,472
Total	<u>\$80,551,700</u>	<u>\$63,959,090</u>

NTIC had equity in income of corporate joint ventures and holding companies of \$3,201,621 in fiscal 2007 compared to \$2,713,096 in fiscal 2006. The increase in equity in income was due to the significant increase in sales and profitability from the corporate joint ventures as a whole due to global product demand.

NTIC receives fees for technical and other support services it provides to its corporate joint ventures based on the revenues of the individual corporate joint ventures. NTIC recognized fee income for such support of \$4,976,194 in fiscal 2007 compared to \$4,695,124 in fiscal 2006. The increase in fees for technical and other support to its corporate joint ventures was due to the significant increase in total net sales of the corporate joint ventures and the weakening of the United States dollar.

	<u>Fiscal 2007</u>	<u>Fiscal 2006</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Total net sales of corporate joint ventures, excluding React-NTI LLC	\$80,551,700	\$63,959,090	\$16,592,610	26.0%
NTIC's fee income for technical and other support services	\$4,976,194	\$4,695,124	\$281,070	6.0%
NTIC's direct expenses incurred related to corporate joint ventures and holding companies	\$4,876,928	\$5,481,757	\$(604,829)	(11.0)%

NTIC sponsors a worldwide corporate joint venture conference approximately every two to four years in which all of its corporate joint ventures are invited to participate. The most recent conference was in

August 2005 and the next corporate joint venture conference is scheduled to be held in 2009 or 2010. NTIC defers a portion of its technical and other support fees received from its corporate joint ventures in each accounting period leading up to the conference, reflecting that NTIC has not fully earned the payments received during that period. There was \$96,000 of deferred income recorded in fiscal 2007 bringing the total deferred accrual for the conference to \$192,000 at August 31, 2007. The costs associated with these joint venture conferences are offset against the deferral as incurred, generally in the period in which the conference is held and immediately before.

NTIC incurred direct expenses related to its corporate joint ventures and the holding companies of \$4,876,928 in fiscal 2007 compared to \$5,481,757 in fiscal 2006. These expenses include: product and business development, consulting, travel, establishment of a reserve on a note receivable, technical and marketing services to existing joint ventures, legal fees regarding the establishment of new joint ventures, registration and promotion and legal defense of worldwide trademarks and legal fees incurred in the filing of patent applications for new technologies to which NTIC acquired certain rights. The decrease in direct expenses incurred relating to NTIC's corporate joint ventures and holding companies in fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006 was attributable to decreases of (i) loan forgiveness of \$571,000, (ii) consulting expense of \$43,000, (iii) legal expense of \$64,000, partially offset by increases in (i) expenses related to employee relocation of \$32,000, (ii) travel and related expenses of \$83,000, (iii) lab supplies and testing of \$30,000, and (iv) insurance and group health benefits of \$39,000.

Interest Income. NTIC's interest income decreased to \$4,165 in fiscal 2007 compared to \$34,251 for fiscal 2006 primarily as a result of lower average invested cash balances and fewer notes receivable in fiscal 2007.

Interest Expense. NTIC's interest expense increased to \$164,372 in fiscal 2007 compared to \$94,751 for fiscal 2006 as a result of higher average outstanding borrowings under NTIC's revolving line of credit in fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006 and the entering into of the term note in May 2006 in connection with NTIC's purchase of the real estate and building for its new corporate headquarters.

Gain on Sale of Assets. NTIC recognized a gain on the sale of land, building and equipment that previously served as NTIC's corporate headquarters of \$726,295 during fiscal 2007. This was a one-time sale and no additional gain is anticipated to be recognized relating to the building in the future. NTIC did not recognize any gain on sale of assets during fiscal 2006.

Income Before Income Taxes. Income before income taxes increased to \$3,409,408 in fiscal 2007 compared to \$1,973,065 in fiscal 2006.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense for fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006 was calculated based on management's estimate of NTIC's annual effective income tax rate. NTIC's annual effective income tax rate for fiscal 2007 was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to NTIC's equity in income of corporate joint ventures being recognized for book purposes based on NTIC's share of after-tax earnings of these entities.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources of Cash and Working Capital. As of August 31, 2008, NTIC's working capital was \$4,837,271, including \$260,460 in cash and cash equivalents, compared to working capital of \$3,788,777, including \$244,499 in cash and cash equivalents, as of August 31, 2007.

On April 10, 2008, NTIC entered into a Promissory Note Modification Agreement with National City Bank pursuant to which NTIC's demand line of credit was increased to \$2,300,000 and its \$1,500,000

revolving credit facility was terminated. Advances made under the demand line of credit will be made at the sole discretion of National City Bank and will be due and payable on demand. Outstanding amounts under the demand line of credit bear interest at an annual rate based on LIBOR plus 2.25%. As of August 31, 2008, the interest rate was 4.72%. Interest is payable in arrears on the 15th day of each month and on demand. As of August 31, 2008, NTIC had \$86,000 of borrowings under its \$2,300,000 demand line of credit. Subsequent to August 31, 2008, NTIC repaid all borrowings under the demand line of credit bringing the outstanding balance as of November 24, 2008 to \$0. As of August 31, 2008, \$600,000 was committed under the demand line of credit to cover a letter of credit.

NTIC believes that a combination of its existing cash and cash equivalents, forecasted cash flows from future operations, anticipated distributions of earnings and technical assistance fees to NTIC from its joint venture investments and funds available through existing or anticipated financing arrangements, will continue to be adequate to fund its existing operations, capital expenditures, debt repayments and any stock repurchases for at least the next 12 months. In an effort to increase net sales, NTIC is in the process of expanding its product line to include additional biodegradable and compostable plastics products and process technology and machinery that converts plastic waste into crude oil and the application of its corrosion inhibiting technology into the oil and gas industry. During fiscal 2009, NTIC expects to invest additional research and development and marketing efforts and resources into these emerging businesses, product lines and markets. In order to take advantage of such new product and market opportunities to expand its business and increase its revenues, NTIC may decide to finance such opportunities by borrowing under its line of credit or raising additional financing through the issuance of debt or equity securities. There is no assurance that any financing transaction will be available on terms acceptable to NTIC or at all, or that any financing transaction will not be dilutive to NTIC's current stockholders.

Uses of Cash and Cash Flows. Cash flows used in operations during fiscal 2008 was \$2,833,214, which resulted principally from equity income of corporate joint ventures, increases in trade receivables, technical and other services receivables, inventories and gain on sale of an investment and decreases in accounts payable, offset by net income, depreciation and amortization expense and an increase in accrued liabilities. Cash flows used in operations during fiscal 2007 was \$717,358, which resulted principally from equity in income from corporate joint ventures, gain on sale of assets, decreases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and increases in inventories and prepaid expenses, offset by net income, depreciation and amortization expense, and decreases in trade and income tax receivables.

Net cash provided by investing activities during fiscal 2008 was \$1,666,172, which was comprised of dividends received from corporate joint ventures and the sale of a joint venture, offset by additions to property and equipment, loans made and investment in joint ventures. Net cash provided by investing activities during fiscal 2007 was \$1,502,939, which resulted from dividends received from corporate joint ventures, proceeds from the sale of assets and cash received from loans and deposits, offset by additions to property and equipment and investment in joint ventures.

Net cash provided by financing activities during fiscal 2008 was \$1,183,003, which resulted primarily from bank overdrafts and borrowings made on the demand line of credit and proceeds from NTIC's employee stock purchase plan, offset by principal payments on the bank loan for NTIC's corporate headquarters building. Net cash used in financing activities during fiscal 2007 was \$840,199, which resulted primarily from repayments on NTIC's line of credit and bank overdrafts, offset by proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Capital Expenditures and Commitments. NTIC had no material lease commitments as of August 31, 2008, except a lease agreement entered into by NTI Facilities, Inc., a subsidiary of NTIC, for approximately 16,994 square feet of office, manufacturing, laboratory and warehouse space in

Beachwood, Ohio, requiring monthly payments of \$17,500, which are adjusted annually according to the annual consumer price index, through November 2014.

NTIC moved its corporate headquarters in September 2006. NTIC purchased the real estate and 40,000 square feet building in which its new corporate headquarters is located pursuant to a like-kind exchange transaction within the meaning of Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for a purchase price of \$1,475,000. To finance the transaction, NTIC obtained a secured term loan in the principal amount of \$1,275,000. The term loan matures on May 1, 2011, bears interest at a fixed rate of 8.01% and is payable in 59 monthly installments equal to approximately \$10,776 (inclusive of principal and interest) commencing June 1, 2006. All of the remaining unpaid principal and accrued interest is due and payable on the May 1, 2011 maturity date. The loan is secured by a first lien on the real estate and building.

NTIC sold the real property and building in which NTIC's former Lino Lakes corporate headquarters was located for a purchase price of \$870,000 on September 8, 2006. The net book value of the building held for sale was \$89,636 and the closing costs and fees associated with the sale of the property was \$46,571. The gain on sale of the property was \$724,495.

NTIC has no postretirement benefit plan and does not anticipate establishing any postretirement benefit program.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

NTIC does not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet financial arrangements. As such, NTIC is not materially exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if NTIC had engaged in such arrangements.

In fiscal 1999, a subsidiary of NTIC, NTI Facilities, Inc., acquired a one-third ownership of Omni-Northern Ltd., which owns and operates a rental property located at 23205 Mercantile Road, Beachwood, Ohio. The property had an approximate value of \$2,205,000, based upon the cash-to-mortgage acquisition price of the property paid in fiscal 2000. NTIC has guaranteed up to \$329,082 of Omni-Northern Ltd.'s \$1,903,571 mortgage obligation with National City Bank, Cleveland, Ohio. The building is fully leased at present.

Inflation and Seasonality

Inflation in the U.S. and abroad has historically had little effect on NTIC. NTIC's business has not historically been seasonal.

Market Risk

NTIC is exposed to some market risk stemming from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and interest rates.

Because the functional currency of NTIC's foreign operations and investments in its foreign corporate joint ventures and holding companies is the applicable local currency, NTIC is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk arising from transactions in the normal course of business. NTIC's principal exchange rate exposure is with the Euro, the Japanese yen, Korean won and the English pound against the U.S. dollar. NTIC's fees for technical support and other services and dividend distributions from these

foreign entities are paid in foreign currencies and thus fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could result in declines in NTIC's reported net income. Since NTIC's investments in its corporate joint ventures and holding companies are accounted for using the equity method, any changes in foreign currency exchange rates would be reflected as a foreign currency translation adjustment and would not change NTIC's equity in income of joint ventures and holding companies reflected in its consolidated statements of income. NTIC does not hedge against its foreign currency exchange rate risk.

Some raw materials used in NTIC's products are exposed to commodity price changes. The primary commodity price exposures are with a variety of plastic resins.

NTIC's demand line of credit bears interest at a rate based on LIBOR and thus may subject NTIC to some market risk on interest rates. As of August 31, 2008, NTIC had \$86,000 of borrowings under its \$2,300,000 demand line of credit. Subsequent to August 31, 2008, NTIC repaid all borrowings under the demand line of credit bringing the outstanding balance as of November 25, 2008 to \$0. As of August 31, 2008, \$600,000 was committed under the demand line of credit to cover a letter of credit.

Related Party Transactions

See note 16 to NTIC's consolidated financial statements for related party transaction disclosure.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of NTIC's consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The Securities and Exchange Commission has defined a company's most critical accounting policies as those that are most important to the portrayal of its financial condition and results of operations, and which require the company to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Based on this definition, NTIC has identified the following critical accounting policies. Although NTIC believes that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable, they are based upon information available when they are made. Actual results may differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Principles of Consolidation and Investments in Corporate Joint Ventures

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Northern Technologies International Corporation, its wholly owned subsidiaries, NTI Facilities, Inc. and Northern Technologies Holding Company, LLC, and its 75% owned subsidiary, React-NTI LLC. NTIC's consolidated financial statements do not include the accounts of any of its corporate joint ventures.

NTIC's investments in its corporate joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, except for React-NTI LLC which has been fully consolidated, due to the adoption of FIN 46R. Periodically, NTIC evaluates the investments for any impairment and assesses the future cash flow projections to determine if there are any going concern issues. If an investment were determined to be impaired, then a reserve would be created to reflect the impairment on the financial results of NTIC. NTIC's evaluation of its investments in corporate joint ventures requires NTIC to make assumptions about future cash flows of its corporate joint ventures. These assumptions require significant judgment and actual results may differ from assumed or estimated amounts. NTIC's investments in corporate joint ventures were \$16,016,347 and \$13,602,842 as of August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Accounts and Notes Receivable

NTIC values accounts and notes receivable, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Each quarter, NTIC prepares an analysis of its ability to collect outstanding receivables that provides a basis for an allowance estimate for doubtful accounts. In doing so, NTIC evaluates the age of its receivables, past collection history, current financial conditions of key customers, and economic conditions. Based on this evaluation, NTIC establishes a reserve for specific accounts and notes receivable that it believes are uncollectible, as well as an estimate of uncollectible receivables not specifically known. Deterioration in the financial condition of any key customer or a significant slowdown in the economy could have a material negative impact on NTIC's ability to collect a portion or all of the accounts and notes receivable. NTIC believes that an analysis of historical trends and its current knowledge of potential collection problems provide NTIC with sufficient information to establish a reasonable estimate for an allowance for doubtful accounts. However, since NTIC cannot predict with certainty future changes in the financial stability of its customers, NTIC's actual future losses from uncollectible accounts may differ from its estimates. In the event NTIC determined that a smaller or larger uncollectible accounts reserve is appropriate, NTIC would record a credit or charge to selling expense in the period that it made such a determination. Accounts receivable have been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$10,000 and \$30,000 at August 31, 2008 and August 31, 2007, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

In recognizing revenue, NTIC applies the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, Revenue Recognition. NTIC recognizes revenue from the sale of its products when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the product has been delivered, the price is fixed and determinable and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. These criteria are met at the time of shipment when risk of loss and title pass to the customer or distributor.

Foreign Currency Translation (Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income)

The functional currency of each international corporate joint venture is the applicable local currency. The translation of the applicable foreign currencies into U.S. dollars is performed for balance sheet accounts using current exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date and for revenue and expense accounts using an average monthly exchange rate. Translation gains or losses are reported as an element of accumulated other comprehensive income.

NTIC conducts all foreign transactions based on the U.S. dollar, except for its investments in various foreign corporate joint ventures and holding companies. The exchange rate differential relating to investments in foreign corporate joint ventures and holding companies is accounted for under the requirements of SFAS No. 52, "*Foreign Currency Translation*." Since NTIC's investments in its corporate joint ventures and holding companies are accounted for using the equity method, any changes in foreign currency exchange rates would be reflected as a foreign currency translation adjustment and would not change the equity in income of joint ventures and holding companies reflected in NTIC's consolidated statement of income.

Stock-Based Compensation

In December 2004, FASB published FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment*. FAS 123(R) requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions, including grants of employee stock options, be recognized in financial statements. That cost will be measured based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. FAS 123(R) covers a wide range of share-based compensation arrangements including stock options, restricted share plans, performance-

based awards, share appreciation rights, and employee share purchase plans. FAS 123(R) is a replacement of FASB Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and its related interpretive guidance. The effect of FAS 123(R) is to require entities to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for stock options based on the grant-date fair value of the award, and to recognize the cost over the period the employee is required to provide services for the award. FAS 123(R) permits entities to use any option-pricing model that meets the fair value objective in FAS 123(R). NTIC implemented FAS 123(R) on September 1, 2006, using the modified prospective transition method.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See note 2 to NTIC's consolidated financial statements for a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

This Item 7A is inapplicable to NTIC as a smaller reporting company and has been omitted pursuant to Item 305(e) of SEC Regulation S-K.

Item 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following items are included herein:

<u>Financial Statements:</u>	<u>Page</u>
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	40
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of August 31, 2008 and 2007.....	41
Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007	42
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007..	43
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007.....	44
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.....	45-60

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders, Audit Committee and Board of Directors
Northern Technologies International Corporation and Subsidiaries

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Northern Technologies International Corporation and Subsidiaries as of August 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of its internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Northern Technologies International Corporation and Subsidiaries as of August 31, 2008 and 2007 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Virchow, Krause & Company, LLP
Minneapolis, Minnesota
November 19, 2008

**NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - AUGUST 31, 2008 AND 2007**

	<u>August 31, 2008</u>	<u>August 31, 2007</u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 260,460	\$ 244,499
Receivables:		
Trade excluding corporate joint ventures, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,000 & \$30,000 at August 31, 2008 & 2007, respectively	1,962,222	1,622,420
Trade corporate joint ventures	530,609	642,518
Technical and other services, corporate joint ventures	3,065,738	1,514,139
Income taxes	28,961	29,755
Inventories	2,725,466	1,636,073
Prepaid expenses	179,766	184,407
Deferred income taxes	183,300	562,000
Total current assets	<u>8,936,522</u>	<u>6,435,811</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	<u>3,754,565</u>	<u>3,792,461</u>
OTHER ASSETS:		
Investments in corporate joint ventures:		
Industrial chemical	15,676,876	13,180,576
Industrial non-chemical	339,471	422,266
Deferred income taxes	837,300	779,500
Notes receivable	140,000	-
Industrial patents and trademarks, net	1,015,321	983,206
Goodwill	304,000	304,000
Other	325,557	398,936
	<u>18,638,525</u>	<u>16,068,484</u>
	<u>\$ 31,329,612</u>	<u>\$ 26,296,756</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Bank overdrafts	\$ 1,039,757	\$ -
Borrowings made on line of credit	86,000	-
Current portion of note payable	31,556	29,319
Accounts payable	1,251,522	1,337,443
Accrued liabilities:		
Payroll and related benefits	1,102,992	1,025,858
Deferred joint venture royalties	288,000	192,000
Other	195,324	62,414
Total current liabilities	<u>3,995,151</u>	<u>2,647,034</u>
NOTE PAYABLE, NET OF CURRENT PORTION	<u>1,179,972</u>	<u>1,211,528</u>
MINORITY INTEREST	<u>3,398</u>	<u>36,133</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, no par value; authorized 10,000 shares; none issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.02 par value per share; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 3,729,457 and 3,683,016, respectively	74,556	73,660
Additional paid-in capital	5,271,417	4,755,146
Retained earnings	18,672,938	16,118,982
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,132,180	1,454,273
Total stockholders' equity	<u>26,151,091</u>	<u>22,402,061</u>
	<u>\$ 31,329,612</u>	<u>\$ 26,296,756</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES**
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2008 AND 2007

	2008	2007
NORTH AMERICAN OPERATIONS:		
Net sales	\$12,690,752	\$16,829,030
Cost of sales	7,638,690	10,799,180
Gross profit	<u>5,052,062</u>	<u>6,029,850</u>
Operating expenses:		
Selling	3,120,171	3,214,170
General and administrative	3,514,437	3,083,314
Lab and technical support	174,711	229,988
	<u>6,809,319</u>	<u>6,527,472</u>
NORTH AMERICAN OPERATING LOSS	(1,757,257)	(497,622)
CORPORATE JOINT VENTURES AND HOLDING COMPANIES:		
Equity in income of industrial chemical corporate joint ventures and holding companies	3,908,438	3,100,895
Equity in income (loss) of industrial non-chemical corporate joint ventures and holding companies	(116,241)	100,726
Gain on sale of industrial chemical corporate joint venture	172,767	-
Fees for technical support and other services provided to corporate joint ventures	5,956,403	4,976,194
Expenses incurred in support of corporate joint ventures	<u>(5,406,766)</u>	<u>(4,876,928)</u>
INCOME FROM ALL CORPORATE JOINT VENTURES AND HOLDING COMPANIES	4,514,601	3,300,887
INTEREST INCOME	23,815	4,165
INTEREST EXPENSE	(123,874)	(164,372)
OTHER INCOME	28,407	20,934
GAIN ON SALE OF ASSETS	5,529	726,295
MINORITY INTEREST	<u>32,735</u>	<u>19,121</u>
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	2,723,956	3,409,408
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	<u>170,000</u>	<u>186,000</u>
NET INCOME	<u>\$2,553,956</u>	<u>\$3,223,408</u>
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE:		
Basic	<u>\$0.69</u>	<u>\$0.88</u>
Diluted	<u>\$0.68</u>	<u>\$0.87</u>
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES ASSUMED OUTSTANDING:		
Basic	<u>3,714,940</u>	<u>3,661,824</u>
Diluted	<u>3,757,492</u>	<u>3,695,166</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
AUGUST 31, 2008 AND 2007**

	<u>Common Stock</u>		Additional	Retained	Accumulated	Total		
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in		Comprehensive		Other	Stockholders'
BALANCE AT AUGUST 31, 2006,	3,618,993	\$72,380	\$4,272,635	\$12,895,574	\$745,164	\$17,985,753		
Stock issued in lieu of accrued payroll	37,245	745	297,585			298,330		
Exercise of stock options	26,778	535	125,381	-	-	125,916		
Stock option expense			59,545			59,545		
Comprehensive income, 2007:								
Foreign currency translation adj. (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	709,109	709,109		
Net income	-	-	-	3,223,408	-	<u>3,223,408</u>		
Comprehensive income, 2007						<u>3,932,517</u>		
 BALANCE AT AUGUST 31, 2007	 3,683,016	 \$73,660	 \$4,755,146	 \$16,118,982	 \$1,454,273	 \$22,402,061		
Stock issued in lieu of accrued payroll	33,595	672	333,598			334,270		
Exercise of stock options	2,000	40	10,600	-	-	10,640		
Stock issued for employee stock purchase plan	10,846	184	75,741			75,925		
Stock option expense			96,332			96,332		
Comprehensive income, 2008:								
Foreign currency translation adj. (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	677,907	677,907		
Net income	-	-	-	2,553,956	-	<u>2,553,956</u>		
Comprehensive income, 2008						<u>3,231,863</u>		
 BALANCE AT AUGUST 31, 2008	 <u>3,729,457</u>	 <u>\$74,556</u>	 <u>\$5,271,417</u>	 <u>\$18,672,938</u>	 <u>\$2,132,180</u>	 <u>\$26,151,091</u>		

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2008 and 2007**

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$2,553,956	\$3,223,408
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Expensing of fair value of stock options vested	96,332	59,545
Change in allowance for doubtful accounts	(20,000)	-
Depreciation expense	354,088	313,719
Amortization expense	153,795	171,242
Gain on sale of assets	(5,529)	(726,295)
Minority interest	(32,735)	(19,121)
Equity in (income) loss from corporate joint ventures:		
Industrial chemical	(3,908,438)	(3,100,891)
Industrial non-chemical	116,241	(100,726)
Deferred income taxes	320,900	(476,215)
Gain on sale of industrial chemical corporate joint venture	(172,767)	-
Deferred joint venture royalties	96,000	96,000
Change in current assets and liabilities:		
Receivables:		
Trade excluding corporate joint ventures	(319,802)	150,148
Trade corporate joint ventures	111,909	(44,356)
Technical and other services receivables, corporate joint ventures	(1,551,599)	(156,385)
Income taxes	794	304,064
Inventories	(1,089,393)	(258,120)
Prepaid expenses and other	4,641	49,241
Accounts payable	(85,921)	(438,483)
Accrued liabilities	544,314	235,867
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(2,833,214)</u>	<u>(717,358)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment in corporate joint ventures	(117,950)	(563,104)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	6,201	850,367
Dividends received from corporate joint ventures	1,983,316	1,643,091
Proceeds from sale of industrial chemical corporate joint ventures	364,000	-
Loans made	(140,000)	-
Cash received on loans made	-	497,179
Additions to property and equipment	(316,864)	(799,680)
Decrease in other assets	55,434	8,450
Additions to industrial patents	(167,965)	(133,364)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>1,666,172</u>	<u>1,502,939</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Bank overdraft	1,039,757	(328,804)
Repayment of note payable	(29,319)	(27,311)
Net borrowings/(repayments) made on line of credit	86,000	(610,000)
Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan	75,925	-
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	10,640	125,916
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>1,183,003</u>	<u>(840,199)</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	15,961	(54,618)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>244,499</u>	<u>299,117</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$260,460</u></u>	<u><u>\$244,499</u></u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2008 AND 2007

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business – Northern Technologies International Corporation and Subsidiaries (the Company) develops and markets proprietary environmentally beneficial products and technical services either directly or via a network of joint ventures and independent distributors in over 50 countries. The Company's primary business is corrosion prevention. In addition, the Company has recently launched a new product line of compounds and finished products based on a portfolio of proprietary bio-plastic technologies. The Company also is in the advanced stages of commercially launching waste plastic to fuel conversion technology and is in various stages of development with respect to several other emerging businesses. The Company's rust and corrosion inhibiting products and services, which the Company has been selling for over 25 years, are designed primarily for the automotive, electronics, electrical, mechanical, military and retail consumer markets and are sold under the brand names ZERUST[®] and EXCOR[®]. The Company also offers direct, worldwide on-site technical support on rust and corrosion issues. The Company participates, either directly or indirectly through holding companies, in 29 corporate joint venture arrangements in North America, South America, Europe, Asia and the Middle East. Each of these joint ventures manufactures and markets finished products generally in the geographic location that it is assigned. While most of the Company's joint ventures currently sell rust and corrosion inhibiting products and custom packaging systems, the Company also has joint ventures that manufacture and market or intend to manufacture and market bio-based additives with both industrial and personal care applications, machinery that converts plastic waste into crude oil, and electronic sensing instruments.

Sales Originating in North America – The Company considers sales originating in North America to be all sales shipped/invoiced from the Company's facilities located in Minnesota and Ohio. There are no sales from the Corporate Joint Ventures included in the amount, as the Company's investments in Corporate Joint Ventures are accounted for using the equity method, except for React-NTI LLC.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Company includes as cash and cash equivalents highly liquid, short-term investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash. The Company maintains its cash in high quality financial institutions. The balances, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.

Accounts Receivable - The Company reviews customers' credit histories before extending unsecured credit and establishes an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers and other information. Accounts receivable over 30 days are considered past due for most customers. The Company does not accrue interest on past due accounts receivable. If accounts receivable in excess of the provided allowance are determined uncollectible, they are charged to expense in the year that determination is made. Accounts receivable are deemed uncollectible based on the Company exhausting reasonable efforts to collect. Accounts receivable have been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$10,000 and \$30,000 on August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Inventories - Inventories are recorded at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market.

Property and Depreciation - Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated service lives of the various assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-30 years
Machinery and equipment	3-10 years

Investments in Corporate Joint Ventures - Investments in Corporate Joint Ventures are accounted for using the equity method, except React-NTI LLC which has been consolidated (see below). Periodically, the Company evaluates the investments for any impairment and assesses the future cash flow projections to determine if there are any going concern issues. If an investment were determined to be impaired then a reserve would be created to reflect the impairment on the financial results of the Company.

Recoverability of Long-Lived Assets - The Company reviews its long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. The Company determines potential impairment by comparing the carrying value of the assets with expected net cash flows expected to be provided by operating activities of the business or related products. If the sum of the expected undiscounted future net cash flows were less than the carrying value, the Company would determine whether an impairment loss should be recognized. An impairment loss would be measured by comparing the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the asset. For the years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company did not record any impairment charges.

Principles of Consolidation - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Northern Technologies International Corporation, its wholly owned subsidiaries, NTI Facilities, Inc. and Northern Technologies Holding Company, LLC, and its 75% owned subsidiary React-NTI LLC. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Income Taxes - The Company utilizes the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. SFAS No. 109 requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Foreign Currency Translation (Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income) - The functional currency of each international corporate joint venture is the applicable local currency. The translation of the applicable foreign currencies into U.S. dollars is performed for balance sheet accounts using current exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date and for revenue and expense accounts using an average monthly exchange rate. Translation gains or losses are reported as an element of accumulated other comprehensive income.

Revenue Recognition - In recognizing revenue, the Company applies the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin 104, Revenue Recognition. The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of its products when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the product has been delivered, the fee is fixed and determinable and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - The carrying value of cash, short-term accounts and notes receivable, notes payable, trade accounts payables, and other accrued expenses approximate fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt approximates the carrying values based upon current market rates of interest.

Shipping and Handling - The Company records all amounts billed to customers in a sales transaction related to shipping and handling as sales. The Company records costs related to shipping and handling in cost of sales.

Research and Development - The Company expenses all costs related to product research and development as incurred. The Company spent \$2,532,791 in fiscal 2008 and \$2,575,325 in fiscal 2007 in connection with its research and development activities. These fees are accounted for in the “Expenses incurred in support of corporate joint ventures” section of the income statements.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

FIN 48

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) has published FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48 (FIN No. 48), “Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes,” to address the noncomparability in reporting tax assets and liabilities resulting from a lack of specific guidance in FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109 (SFAS No. 109), “Accounting for Income Taxes,” on the uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise’s financial statements. Specifically, FIN No. 48 prescribes (a) a consistent recognition threshold and (b) a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, and provides related guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest, and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN No. 48 applies to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company adopted FIN No. 48 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2008 and the adoption did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

SFAS 160

On December 4, 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 160, “Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements” - An Amendment of ARB No. 51 (Statement 160). Statement 160 establishes new accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. Specifically, this statement requires the recognition of a noncontrolling interest (minority interest) as equity in the consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent's equity. The amount of net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest will be included in consolidated net income on the face of the income statement. Statement 160 clarifies that changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in deconsolidation are equity transactions if the parent retains its controlling financial interest. In addition, this statement requires that a parent recognize a gain or loss in net income when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. Such gain or loss will be measured using the fair value of the noncontrolling equity investment on the deconsolidation date. Statement 160 also includes expanded disclosure requirements regarding the interests of the parent and its noncontrolling interest. Statement 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after June 30, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited. The Company does not believe the adoption of Statement 160 will have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

SFAS 141R

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, (Revised 2007), “Business Combinations” (SFAS 141 (Revised 2007)). While this statement retains the fundamental requirement of SFAS 141 that the acquisition method of accounting (which SFAS 141 called the purchase method) be used for all business combinations, SFAS 141 (Revised 2007) now establishes the principles and requirements for how an acquirer in a business combination: recognizes and measures in its financial statements

the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interests in the acquired; recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or the gain from a bargain purchase; and determines what information should be disclosed in the financial statements to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141 (Revised 2007) is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company does not believe the adoption of SFAS 141 will have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

SFAS 161

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement No. 161 (SFAS 161), “Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities.” SFAS 161 requires additional disclosures related to the use of derivative instruments, the accounting for derivatives and how derivatives impact financial statements. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 161 to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

SFAS 162

In May 2008, the FASB issued Statements of Financial Standards No. 162 (SFAS 162), “The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.” SFAS 162 is intended to improve financial reporting by identifying a consistent framework, or hierarchy, for selecting accounting principles to be used in preparing financial statements that are presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for nongovernmental entities.

Prior to the issuance of SFAS 162, GAAP hierarchy was defined in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69 (SAS 69), “The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.” SAS 69 has been criticized because it is directed to the auditor rather than the entity. SFAS 162 addresses these issues by establishing that the GAAP hierarchy should be directed to entities because it is the entity (not its auditor) that is responsible for selecting accounting principles for financial statements that are presented in conformity with GAAP.

SFAS 162 is effective 60 days following the SEC’s approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Auditing amendments to AU Section 411, “The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.” It is only effective for nongovernmental entities; therefore, the GAAP hierarchy will remain in SAS 69 for state and local government entities and federal governmental entities. The Company does not expect SFAS 162 to have a material effect on its financial statements.

SFAS 163

In May 2008, the FASB issued Statements of Financial Standards No. 163 (SFAS 163), “Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts.” SFAS 163 provides enhanced guidance on the recognition and measurement to be used to account for premium revenue and claim liabilities and related disclosures and is limited to financial guarantee insurance (and reinsurance) contracts, issued by enterprises included within the scope of FASB Statement No. 60, “Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises”. SFAS 163 also requires that an insurance enterprise recognize a claim liability prior to an event of default when there is evidence that credit deterioration has occurred in an insured financial obligation. SFAS 163 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning December 15, 2008, with early application not permitted. The Company does not expect SFAS 163 to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

3. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The fair value of option grants is determined at date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the assumptions listed below. The volatility factor used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model is based on historical stock price fluctuations and the risk free interest rate is based on U.S. treasury rates appropriate for the expected term. Dividend yield and expected volatility are estimated using historical amounts that are anticipated to be consistent with current values. Expected life of option is based on the life of the option agreements. Based on these valuations, the Company recognized compensation expense of \$96,332 and \$59,545 during fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively, related to the options that vested during such time period. As of August 31, 2008, the total compensation cost for nonvested options not yet recognized in the Company's statements of income was \$95,081, net of estimated forfeitures which were \$0 as of August 31, 2008. That cost is expected to be recognized over an expected weighted-average period of 1.45 years. Stock-based compensation expense of \$52,494 and \$42,587 are expected to be recognized during fiscal 2009 and 2010, respectively. Future option grants will impact the compensation expense recognized.

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions and results for the grants:

	<u>August 31, 2008</u>	<u>August 31, 2007</u>
Dividend yield	2.00%	2.00%
Expected volatility	42.1%	42.9%
Expected life of option	5 years	5 years
Average risk-free interest rate	3.81%	4.68%

4. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

	<u>August 31, 2008</u>	<u>August 31, 2007</u>
Production materials	\$1,039,549	\$183,658
Finished goods	1,685,917	1,452,415
	<u>\$2,725,466</u>	<u>\$1,636,073</u>

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	<u>August 31, 2008</u>	<u>August 31, 2007</u>
Land	\$310,365	\$310,365
Buildings and improvements	3,031,103	3,048,103
Machinery and equipment	1,608,570	1,274,707
	4,950,038	4,633,175
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,195,473)	(840,714)
	<u>\$3,754,565</u>	<u>\$3,792,461</u>

The Company recognized a gain on the sale of land, building and equipment that previously served as its corporate headquarters of \$726,295 during fiscal 2007. This was a one-time sale and no additional gain is anticipated to be recognized relating to the building in the future as the entire sale was received in cash and the Company does not have any continued interest in the property sold.

6. INDUSTRIAL PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS, NET

Industrial patents and trademarks, net consisted of the following:

	August 31, 2008	August 31, 2007
Patents and trademarks	\$1,580,172	\$1,412,209
Less accumulated amortization	(564,851)	(429,003)
	<u>\$1,015,321</u>	<u>\$983,206</u>

Patent and trademark costs are amortized over seven years once it is filed and approved. Amortization expense was \$135,848 and \$146,750 for the years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Amortization expense is estimated to approximate \$140,000 in each of the next five fiscal years.

7. INVESTMENTS IN CORPORATE JOINT VENTURES

Composite financial information from the audited and unaudited financial statements of the Company's joint ventures carried on the equity basis is summarized as follows:

	August 31, 2008	August 31, 2007
Current assets	\$51,847,643	\$42,767,569
Total assets	58,958,102	49,312,491
Current liabilities	20,424,810	14,939,496
Noncurrent liabilities	4,756,650	4,971,199
Joint ventures' equity	33,776,642	29,401,796
Northern Technologies International Corporation's share of Corporate Joint Ventures' equity	\$16,016,347	\$13,602,842
	<u>August 31, 2008</u>	<u>August 31, 2007</u>
Net sales	\$101,279,532	\$80,551,700
Gross profit	44,224,644	37,395,480
Net income	6,401,755	6,439,108
Northern Technologies International Corporation's share of equity in income of Corporate Joint Ventures	\$3,792,197	\$3,201,621

The financial statements of the Company's foreign joint ventures are prepared using accounting principles accepted in the joint ventures' country of domicile. Amounts related to foreign joint ventures reported in the above tables and the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted to approximate U.S. GAAP in all material respects.

During fiscal 2008, the Company invested in corporate joint ventures as follows:

During fiscal 2008, the Company invested \$87,950 in a non-industrial chemical joint venture in Thailand in addition to \$143,000 previously invested in December 2006. The Company has a 50% ownership interest in the Thailand joint venture entity. The Thailand joint venture entity had no operations prior to the Company's investment in December 2006. The total contributions made by both owners of the Thailand joint venture were \$461,900 as of May 31, 2008.

During fiscal 2008, the Company invested \$30,000 in to its consumer products joint venture to be used for working capital. The Company has a 50% ownership interest in its consumer products joint venture entity. The total contributions made by both owners of the consumer products joint venture were \$60,000 as of May 31, 2008.

During fiscal 2008, the Company sold its 50% interest in its industrial chemical joint venture in Austria for \$364,000. The Company’s industrial chemical joint venture in Germany purchased the Company’s 50% joint venture interest and has consolidated the Austrian joint venture entity into its existing business. The Company recorded a gain on the sale of \$172,767, as the Company has determined its interest in the entity was non-controlling under EITF 02-05 “Definition of Common Control in relation to FASB Statement 141”.

8. GOODWILL

The Company tests goodwill annually for impairment and in interim periods if certain events occur indicating that the carrying value of goodwill may be impaired. Goodwill at both August 31, 2008 and August 31, 2007 was \$304,000.

9. CORPORATE DEBT

On April 10, 2008, the Company entered into a Promissory Note Modification Agreement with National City Bank pursuant to which the Company’s demand line of credit was increased to \$2,300,000 and its \$1,500,000 revolving credit facility was terminated. Advances made under the demand line of credit will be made at the sole discretion of National City Bank and will be due and payable on demand. Outstanding amounts under the demand line of credit bear interest at an annual rate based on LIBOR plus 2.25%. As of August 31, 2008, the interest rate was 4.72% and the weighted average rate was 7.18% for the year ended August 31, 2008. Interest is payable in arrears on the 15th day of each month and on demand. There was \$86,000 outstanding under the demand line of credit as of August 31, 2008 and an additional \$600,000 was committed from the demand line of credit to cover a letter of credit.

In connection with the purchase of its new corporate headquarters, the Company entered into a term loan with a principal amount of \$1,275,000 that matures on May 1, 2011, bears interest at a fixed rate of 8.01% and is payable in 59 monthly payments equal to approximately \$10,776 (inclusive of principal and interest). All of the remaining unpaid principal and accrued interest is due and payable on the maturity date. The term loan is secured by a first lien on the Company’s Circle Pines facility pursuant to a Mortgage dated as of May 3, 2006 between Northern Technologies Holding Company LLC and National City Bank and is guaranteed by the Company. Future minimum payments on the term loan are as follows:

Fiscal 2009	\$31,556
Fiscal 2010	\$34,897
Fiscal 2011	\$1,145,075

10. STOCKHOLDERS’ EQUITY

During fiscal 2008, the Company did not purchase or retire any shares of its common stock. The following stock options to purchase shares of common stock were exercised during fiscal 2008:

<u>Options Exercised</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>
2,000	\$5.30

During fiscal 2007, the Company did not purchase or retire any shares of its common stock. The following stock options to purchase shares of common stock were exercised during fiscal 2007:

<u>Options Exercised</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>
22,000	\$4.56
111	\$5.56
667	\$5.75
2,000	\$5.25
2,000	\$5.30

During fiscal 2008, the Company granted stock bonuses under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan for an aggregate of 33,595 shares of its common stock to various employees. The fair value of the shares of the Company’s common stock as of the date of grant of the stock bonuses was \$334,270, based on the closing sale price of a share of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant.

During fiscal 2007, the Company granted stock bonuses under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan for an aggregate of 37,245 shares of its common stock to various employees. The fair value of the shares of the Company’s common stock as of the date of grant of the stock bonuses was \$298,330, based on the closing sale price of a share of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant.

11. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Company’s total comprehensive income was as follows:

	<u>Years Ended</u>	
	<u>August 31, 2008</u>	<u>August 31, 2007</u>
Net income	\$2,553,956	\$3,223,408
Other comprehensive income – foreign currency translation adjustment	677,907	709,109
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$3,231,863</u>	<u>\$3,932,517</u>

12. NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net income per share assumes the exercise of stock options using the treasury stock method, if dilutive.

No options to purchase shares of common stock were excluded from the computation of common share equivalents as of August 31, 2008 and August 31, 2007, as all stock option exercise prices were less than the average market price of a share of common stock.

13. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

In January 2007, the Company’s stockholders approved the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2007 Plan”) and the Northern Technologies International Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the “ESPP”). The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors administers both of the plans.

The 2007 Plan replaced the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, which was terminated with respect to future grants, but will continue to govern grants outstanding under such plan. The 2007 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, stock unit awards, performance awards and stock bonuses to eligible recipients to enable the Company and its subsidiaries to attract and retain qualified individuals through opportunities for equity participation in the Company, and to reward those individuals who contribute to the achievement of the Company's economic objectives. Up to a total of 400,000 shares of the Company's common stock has been reserved for issuance under the 2007 Plan, subject to adjustment as provided in the 2007 Plan. Options granted under the 2007 Plan generally have a term of five years and become exercisable over a three- or four-year period beginning on the one-year anniversary date of the grant. Options are granted at per share exercise prices equal to the market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. To date, only stock options and stock bonuses have been granted under the 2007 Plan.

The maximum number of shares of common stock of the Company available for issuance under the ESPP is 100,000 shares, subject to adjustment as provided in the ESPP. The ESPP provides for six-month offering periods beginning on September 1 and March 1 of each year. The purchase price of the shares is 90% of the lower of the fair market value of common stock at the beginning or end of the offering period. This discount may not exceed the maximum discount rate permitted for plans of this type under Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The ESPP is compensatory for financial reporting purposes.

Stock option activity during the periods indicated is as follows:

	Number of Shares (#)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at August 31, 2006	105,334	\$ 5.27	
Options granted	15,167	3.53	
Options exercised	(26,778)	5.35	
Options terminated	(7,556)	2.35	
Outstanding at August 31, 2007	86,167	\$ 5.67	
Options granted	38,472	9.27	
Options exercised	(2,000)	5.32	
Options terminated	(3,167)	7.83	
Outstanding at August 31, 2008	<u>119,472</u>	<u>\$ 7.00</u>	<u>\$724,000</u>
Exercisable at August 31, 2007	<u>28,672</u>	<u>\$ 5.46</u>	
Exercisable at August 31, 2008	<u>54,343</u>	<u>\$ 5.62</u>	<u>\$404,312</u>
Available for future grant at August 31, 2008	329,933		

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at August 31, 2008:

Option Grant Date	Per Share Exercise Prices	Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Number of Options Outstanding (#)	Number of Options Exercisable (#)
9/1/2004	\$ 5.25	1.0	4,000	4,000
11/12/2004	\$ 6.15	1.2	3,000	3,000
9/1/2005	\$ 5.75	2.0	10,000	6,670
11/4/2005	\$ 5.38	2.2	56,000	37,338
9/1/2006	\$ 8.01	3.0	10,000	3,335
9/1/2007	\$ 9.75	4.0	10,000	0
11/16/2007	\$ 9.95	4.2	25,140	0
5/2/2008	\$ 7.75	4.7	1,332	0
			119,472	54,343

The weighted average fair value of options granted during fiscal 2008 and 2007 was \$3.50 and \$2.95, respectively.

14. GEOGRAPHIC AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Net sales by geographic location as a percentage of total consolidated net sales were as follows:

	August 31, 2008	August 31, 2007
Inside the U.S.A. to unaffiliated customers	78.3%	79.2%
Outside the U.S.A. to:		
Corporate Joint Ventures in which the Company is a shareholder directly and indirectly.....	12.3	12.8
Unaffiliated customers	9.4	8.0
	100.0%	100.0%

A customer of NTIC's React-NTI, LLC joint venture accounted for, in the aggregate, approximately 1.9% and 28.0% of NTIC's consolidated net sales for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007 respectively, and \$16,879 and \$144,999 of NTIC's receivables at August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The following table sets forth NTIC's net sales for fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007 by segment:

	Fiscal 2008	Fiscal 2007	\$ Change	% Change
ZERUST® sales.....	\$12,005,151	\$12,044,241	(\$39,090)	(0.4%)
Natur-Tec™ sales.....	383,904	—	383,904	—
React-NTI sales.....	53,537	68,169	(14,632)	(21.5%)
React Inc. sales.....	248,160	4,716,620	(4,468,460)	(94.8%)
Total North American net sales.....	\$12,690,752	\$16,829,030	(\$4,138,278)	(24.6%)

15. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company has a 401(k) employee savings plan. Employees who meet certain age and service requirements may elect to contribute up to 15% of their salaries. The Company contributes the lesser of 50% of the

participant's contributions or 3.5% of the employee's salary. The Company recognized expense for the savings plan of \$142,073 and \$100,124, for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company was a party to a consulting agreement with Emeritushnic Facilities Company, Inc. (referred to as "EFC"), an entity owned by the Company's former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Philip M. Lynch, and certain of his family members, excluding G. Patrick Lynch, the Company's current President and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to which EFC performed certain consulting services for the Company, including maintaining communications and relations between the Company and its joint venture partners. This agreement terminated by its terms within 90 days of Mr. Philip M. Lynch's death on September 29, 2008. In consideration for such services, the Company paid EFC a monthly fee of \$25,000 and reimbursed EFC up to a maximum of \$180,000 per year for documented, out-of-pocket expenses reasonably incurred by EFC in the course of conducting business on our behalf. The Company paid EFC consulting fees totaling \$300,000 in each of fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007, and reimbursed EFC for out-of-pocket expenses reasonably incurred in the course of providing such services in an aggregate amount of \$180,000 during fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007. The consulting agreement also contained other standard terms, including provisions regarding confidentiality, non-competition and non-solicitation.

The Company made consulting payments to Bioplastic Polymers LLC which is owned by Dr. Ramani Narayan, a director of the Company, of \$25,000 on each of November 2, 2006, February 1, 2007, May 1, 2007 and August 1, 2007. The consulting services rendered by Bioplastic Polymers LLC are related to research and developments associated with various new technologies and are contracted on an annual basis paid monthly and cancellable by the Company at any time. During fiscal 2008, the Company made consulting payments totaling \$100,000 to Bioplastic Polymers LLC and paid royalties of \$1,323 based on net sales of the Company's bioplastics products. The royalty fees were paid pursuant to an oral agreement under which the Company has agreed to pay Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan in consideration of the transfer and assignment by Biopolymer Plastics LLC and Dr. Narayan of certain biodegradable polymer technology to the Company, an aggregate of three percent of the gross margin on any net sales of products incorporating the biodegradable polymer technology transferred to the Company by Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan for a period of 10 years, provided that if a patent for or with respect to biodegradable polymer technology is issued before the expiration of such 10 year period, then the Company will until the expiration of such patent pay to Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan an aggregate three percent of the biodegradable polymer technology gross margin attributable to such patent.

The Company made consulting payments to Dr. Sunggyu Lee, a director of the Company, of \$25,000 on November 28, 2006 and February 1, 2007. The consulting services rendered by Dr. Lee related to research and development associated with various new technologies. In May 2007, the consulting arrangement between the Company and Dr. Lee was terminated.

The Company pays rent for its Beachwood office and lab location to a related party. See Item 2. Properties.

17. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes for the fiscal years ended August 31 consists of the following:

	2008	2007
Current:		
Federal	\$158,000	\$622,800
State	(9,000)	39,200
	<u>\$149,000</u>	<u>\$662,000</u>

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Deferred:		
Federal	\$2,000	\$(465,600)
State	19,000	(10,400)
	<u>21,000</u>	<u>(476,000)</u>
	<u>\$170,000</u>	<u>\$186,000</u>

Reconciliations of the expected federal income tax at the statutory rate with the provisions for income taxes for the fiscal years ended August 31 are as follows:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Tax computed at statutory rates	\$939,000	\$1,184,000
State income tax, net of federal benefit	31,000	74,000
Tax effect on equity in income of international joint ventures	(1,142,000)	(850,000)
Tax effect on dividends received from corporate joint ventures	590,000	409,000
Foreign Tax Credit	(800,000)	(776,000)
Research and Development Credit	(100,000)	(90,000)
Valuation Allowance	475,000	250,000
Other	177,000	(15,000)
	<u>\$170,000</u>	<u>\$186,000</u>

The Company has not recognized a deferred tax liability relating to cumulative undistributed earnings of Corporate Joint Ventures and holding companies that are essentially permanent in duration of \$5,177,000 and \$4,254,000 at August 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. If some or all of the undistributed earnings of the Corporate Joint Ventures and holding companies are remitted to the Company in the future, income taxes, if any, after the application of foreign tax credits will be provided at that time.

At August 31, 2008 the Company had foreign tax credit carryforwards of approximately \$3,102,000 which begin to expire in 2010. The Company established a valuation allowance of \$3,102,000 with respect to the foreign tax credit carryforwards.

The tax effect of the temporary differences and tax carry forwards comprising the net deferred taxes shown on the balance sheets at August 31 are as follows:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Current:		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 3,600	\$ 7,200
Inventory costs	9,400	5,300
Prepaid expenses and other	100	275,700
Accrued expenses	66,100	(18,800)
Deferred joint venture royalties	104,100	-
Accrued bonus	-	292,600
Total current	<u>\$183,300</u>	<u>\$562,000</u>
Noncurrent:		
Excess of book over tax depreciation	\$(178,500)	\$(204,300)
Asset valuation reserves	408,300	491,800
Foreign tax credits, net of a valuation allowance at August 31, 2008 and 2007	-	-
Federal Net Operating Loss	138,100	138,000
Research and Development Credit	469,400	354,000
Total noncurrent	<u>\$837,300</u>	<u>\$779,500</u>

The Company has net operating loss carryforwards for Federal tax purposes of approximately \$382,000 that begin to expire in 2025.

Effective September 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of the FASB Interpretation 48, “Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement 109” (“FIN 48”). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity’s financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109 and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Under FIN 48, the impact of an uncertain tax position on the income tax return must be recognized at the largest amount that is more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon audit by the relevant taxing authority. An uncertain income tax position will not be recognized if it has less than a 50% likelihood of being sustained. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on subsequent derecognition of tax positions, financial statement classification, recognition of interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods and disclosure and transition rules. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

As of August 31, 2008 and September 1, 2007, the Company had \$88,000 and \$75,000 of unrecognized tax benefits, respectively. The entire amount of unrecognized tax benefits would affect the effective tax rate. It is expected that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will not change in the next 12 months.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits in fiscal 2008:

Balance at September 1, 2007	63,700
Gross Increases Related to Current Period Tax Positions	<u>12,800</u>
Balance at August 31, 2008	<u>\$ 76,500</u>

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of the Company’s income tax provision. This policy will not change as a result of the adoption of FIN 48. As of September 1, 2007, the Company recorded a liability of \$11,300 for interest and penalties. The liability for the payment of interest and penalties is \$11,500 at August 31, 2008.

The Company operates in multiple tax jurisdictions, both within the United States and outside the United States. With certain exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to examination for tax years prior to 2004. The Company’s tax filings for the years August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2005 were examined by the Internal Revenue Service. The examination has been concluded with the exception of the payroll tax issue discussed within note 18 entitled “Commitments and Contingencies.”

18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On July 25, 2008, the Company’s Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, approved the material terms of an annual bonus plan for the Company’s executive officers and certain employees for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2009, the purpose of which is to align the interests of the Company, its executive officers and stockholders by providing an incentive for the achievement of key corporate and individual performance measures that are critical to the success of the Company and linking a significant portion of each executive officer’s annual compensation to the achievement of such measures. The following is a brief summary of the material terms approved by the Board:

- The total amount available under the bonus plan will be up to 25% of NTIC’s earnings before interest, taxes and other income (EBITOI);

- The total amount available under the cash bonus plan will be \$0 if EBITOI, as adjusted to take into account amounts to be paid under the bonus plan, fall below 70% of target EBITOI; and
- The payment of bonuses under the plan will be purely discretionary and will be paid to executive officer participants in both cash and stock, the exact amount and percentages of which will be determined by NTIC's Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

In April 2007, REACT-NTI, LLC ("React LLC"), a company that is 75% owned by the Company, was served with a summons and complaint that was filed by Shamrock Technologies, Inc. ("Shamrock") in state court in New York. This case has been removed to the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York. The lawsuit seeks payment from React LLC of commissions in the approximate amount of \$314,500 owed by React LLC under a license agreement between React LLC and Shamrock. The complaint alleges breach of the license agreement by React LLC and seeks damages in an unspecified amount for such breach as well as damages of approximately \$300,000 for the alleged failure of React LLC to purchase from Shamrock certain inventory manufactured for sale to a customer. Shamrock further claims lost profits with respect to sales made by Shamrock that were manufactured by parties other than React LLC. React LLC acknowledges that React LLC has not made payment for product in the approximate amount of \$300,000 to Shamrock as the invoice for this was only received after Shamrock had already filed its complaint, but denies all of the claims of breach of the license agreement by it and believes that damages caused by Shamrock's breach of the license agreement and tortious conduct exceed any amounts owing to Shamrock. React LLC formally responded to the complaint after removal by moving to dismiss or stay because of Shamrock's failure to comply with alternative dispute resolution procedures contained in the license agreement. By court order, the matter was stayed so that the parties could attempt mediation. The parties mediated for one day and were unsuccessful in resolving the matter. Negotiations following the mediation have also been unproductive, and it appears that the stay will be lifted. Accordingly, React LLC will both defend against Shamrock's allegations and pursue counterclaims against Shamrock for breach of the license agreement and for tortious interference. The parties are presently proceeding with discovery. Because this matter is in the early stage, the Company cannot estimate the possible loss or range of loss, if any, associated with its resolution. However, there can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of the matter will not result in a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

The Company was involved in a legal action in Finland whereby the Company sued a Finnish company for trademark infringement. Upon initiation of legal action, the courts seized the inventory of the Finnish company as contraband. The Company won the initial case, but subsequently lost on appeal. On November 19, 2008, the Company entered into an agreement to settle the lawsuit. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the Company agreed to seek an amendment to its trademark YELLOW and to pay the defendant a one-time payment of 320,000 Euro. The defendant agreed, among other things, not to challenge the amendment or the validity of the Company's trademark and not to infringe upon the trademark, once amended. Each party released each other of all claims in connection with the matter. As a result of the settlement, the Company recorded a \$400,000 litigation settlement accrual in its consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008.

On June 11, 2008, the Company entered into an agreement to settle a lawsuit brought by Evelyn Cantwell and Jack Cantwell, individually, and also doing business as the principals of Byrd-Walsh International, LLC, against the Company and its former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Philip M. Lynch. The lawsuit sought unspecified injunctive relief as well as compensatory and punitive damages in an unspecified amount which, based on the allegations of the complaint, may have been claimed by plaintiffs to be in an amount in excess of \$45 million. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the plaintiffs agreed to dismiss their claims with prejudice and to release the Company and Mr. Philip M. Lynch from any and all claims, in exchange for a cash payment from the Company of \$41,340. This payment was made during the year ended August 31, 2008.

The Company is involved in various other legal actions arising in the normal course of business. Management is of the opinion that any judgment or settlement resulting from these pending or threatened actions would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

In June 2007, the U.S. Internal Revenue Service concluded its audit of the Company's U.S. federal income tax returns for fiscal 2004 and 2005. As a result of such audit, the Company paid the IRS approximately \$25,000 in additional payroll taxes. The Company also agreed in principle with the IRS to adjustments that will result in the additional payment of approximately \$60,000 in income tax and interest. As a result of the audit, the IRS has also taken the position that the Company failed to withhold and has assessed against the Company approximately \$505,000 of payroll taxes and individual income taxes on travel and other expense reimbursements made to Philip M. Lynch, the Company's former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, and commissions payments made to Inter Alia Holding Co. under that certain former Manufacturer's Representative Agreement dated as of October 1, 1976 and as subsequently amended thereafter between the Company and Inter Alia, which agreement has since been terminated. Inter Alia beneficially owns approximately 24.3% of the Company's outstanding common stock. G. Patrick Lynch, the Company's current President and Chief Executive Officer, and three other members of the Lynch family, are shareholders of Inter Alia. G. Patrick Lynch is also the son of the late Philip M. Lynch. The Company disagrees with the IRS' position on withholding and is in the process of appealing the matter. Because the Company believes that it has valid legal grounds for appeal, it has determined that a loss is not probable at this time as defined by SFAS 5, "Accounting for Contingencies." However, there can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of the matter will not result in a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

19. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2008 and 2007 consist of:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Cash received during the year for income taxes	\$ 471,000	\$ 119,229
Cash paid during the year for interest	123,874	164,372
Common stock issued in lieu of accrued payroll (33,595 and 37,245 shares, respectively)	334,270	298,330
Increase in the Company's investment in Corporate Joint Ventures and accumulated other comprehensive income due to changes in exchange rates	677,907	709,109

20. QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

	<u>Quarter Ended</u>			
	<u>November 30</u>	<u>February 29</u>	<u>May 31</u>	<u>August 31</u>
Fiscal year 2008:				
Net sales	\$ 3,485,585	\$ 2,762,856	\$ 3,269,721	\$ 3,172,590
Gross profit	1,391,894	1,152,902	1,209,866	1,297,400
Income before income taxes	736,196	848,690	936,148	202,922
Income taxes	78,000	189,000	148,000	(245,000)
Net income	658,196	659,690	788,148	447,922
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.12
Diluted	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.11

	Quarter Ended			
	November 30	February 29	May 31	August 31
Weighted average common shares assumed outstanding:				
Basic	3,692,153	3,720,522	3,723,166	3,729,456
Diluted	3,734,102	3,753,747	3,758,646	3,789,007

	Quarter Ended			
	November 30	February 28	May 31	August 31
Fiscal year 2007:				
Net sales	\$ 4,617,374	\$ 3,884,895	\$ 4,407,798	\$ 3,918,963
Gross profit	1,672,319	1,425,831	1,531,786	1,399,914
Income before income taxes	1,122,224	596,203	718,800	972,181
Income taxes	132,000	148,000	91,000	(185,000)
Net income	990,224	448,203	627,800	1,157,181

Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.32
Diluted	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.31

Weighted average common shares assumed outstanding:				
Basic	3,624,314	3,664,248	3,679,016	3,679,412
Diluted	3,665,677	3,690,260	3,708,626	3,713,366

Item 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None

Item 9A(T). CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

NTIC maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) that are designed to reasonably ensure that information required to be disclosed by NTIC in the reports it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to NTIC's management, including NTIC's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating NTIC's disclosure controls and procedures, NTIC recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives and NTIC necessarily is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. NTIC's management evaluated, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of NTIC's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered in this report. Based on that evaluation, NTIC's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that NTIC's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of such period to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in NTIC's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that material information relating to NTIC and its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to management, including NTIC's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, particularly during the period when NTIC's periodic reports are being prepared.

NTIC's management is aware, however, that there is a lack of segregation of duties due to the small number of employees of NTIC dealing with general administrative and financial matters. However, NTIC's management has decided that considering the employees involved and the control procedures in place, risks associated with such lack of segregation are insignificant and the potential benefits of adding employees to clearly segregate duties do not at this time justify the expenses associated with such increases.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

NTIC's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of NTIC's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, NTIC's management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of NTIC's internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on that evaluation, NTIC's management concluded that NTIC's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of August 31, 2008.

This report does not include an attestation report of NTIC's independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by NTIC's independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit NTIC to provide only management's report in this report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in NTIC's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended August 31, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect NTIC's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

On July 25, 2008, NTIC's Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, approved the material terms of an annual bonus plan for NTIC's executive officers and certain employees for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2009, the purpose of which is to align the interests of NTIC, its executive officers and stockholders by providing an incentive for the achievement of key corporate and individual performance measures that are critical to the success of NTIC and linking a significant portion of each executive officer's annual compensation to the achievement of such measures. The following is a brief summary of the material terms approved by the Board:

- The total amount available under the bonus plan will be up to 25% of NTIC's earnings before interest, taxes and other income (EBITOI);
- The total amount available under the cash bonus plan will be \$0 if EBITOI, as adjusted to take into account amounts to be paid under the bonus plan, fall below 70% of target EBITOI; and
- The payment of bonuses under the plan will be purely discretionary and will be paid to executive officer participants in both cash and stock, the exact amount and percentages of which will be determined by NTIC's Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

PART III

Item 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Directors

The information in the “Proposal One – Election of Directors” section of NTIC’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to NTIC’s next annual meeting of stockholders, which involves the election of directors, is incorporated in this annual report on Form 10-K by reference.

Executive Officers

Information concerning NTIC’s executive officers and officers is included in this annual report on Form 10-K under Item 4A of Part I under the heading “Executive Officers of the Registrant.”

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

The information in the “Other Matters—Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance” section of NTIC’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to NTIC’s next annual meeting of stockholders, which involves the election of directors, is incorporated in this annual report on Form 10-K by reference.

Changes to Nomination Procedures

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008, NTIC made no material changes to the procedures by which stockholders may recommend nominees to NTIC’s Board of Directors, as described in NTIC’s most recent proxy statement. Subsequent to the end of fiscal 2008, however, NTIC’s Board of Directors adopted amendments to NTIC’s Bylaws to change the notice period and expand the information required to be provided by a stockholder who submits a nomination for election to NTIC’s Board of Directors or other proposal for business to be brought before a meeting of NTIC’s stockholders. The amendments change the standard advance notice period for stockholder nominations of directors or other proposals (other than those properly made pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and included in NTIC’s notice of meeting) to not less than 90 days and not more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year’s annual meeting of stockholders, as compared to the prior advance notice period of not less than 90 days and not more than 120 days prior to the annual meeting of stockholders. In addition, the amendments require a stockholder who submits a director nomination or other proposal to disclose, among other things, information about the proposed nominee and his or her relationships with the stockholder submitting the nomination, information about any agreements, arrangements or understandings the stockholder may have with the proposed nominee or other parties relating to the nomination or other proposal, and information about the interests that the stockholder has related to NTIC and its shares, including as a result of, among other things, derivative securities, voting arrangements, short positions or other interests. A stockholder who submits a nomination or proposal is required to update the information previously disclosed as of the record date for the meeting of stockholders.

Code of Ethics

NTIC has adopted a code of ethics that applies to its principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller or persons performing similar functions, as well as other employees and NTIC’s directors and meets the requirements of the SEC and the NASDAQ Global Market. A copy of NTIC’s Code of Ethics is filed as an exhibit to this report. NTIC intends to satisfy the disclosure requirements

of Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding amendments to or waivers from any provision of its code of ethics by posting such information on its corporate website at www.ntic.com.

Audit Committee Matters

The information in the “Corporate Governance—Audit Committee” section of NTIC’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to NTIC’s next annual meeting of stockholders, which involves the election of directors, is incorporated in this annual report on Form 10-K by reference.

Item 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information in the “Director Compensation” and “Executive Compensation” sections of NTIC’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to NTIC’s next annual meeting of stockholders, which involves the election of directors, is incorporated in this annual report on Form 10-K by reference.

Item 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Stock Ownership

The information in the “Security Ownership of Principal Stockholders and Management” section of NTIC’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to NTIC’s next annual meeting of stockholders, which involves the election of directors, is incorporated in this annual report on Form 10-K by reference.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table summarizes outstanding options under NTIC’s equity compensation plans as of August 31, 2008. NTIC’s equity compensation plans as of August 31, 2008 were the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan, the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan and the Northern Technologies International Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan. No future options or other incentive awards will be granted under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan.

Except for automatic annual grants of options to purchase 4,000 shares of NTIC common stock to NTIC’s directors in consideration for their services as directors of NTIC and an automatic annual grant of an option to purchase 2,000 shares of NTIC common stock to NTIC’s Chairman of the Board in consideration for his services as Chairman on the first day of each fiscal year, options granted in the future under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan are within the discretion of the Board of Directors and the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and therefore cannot be ascertained at this time.

Plan Category	(a) Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	(b) Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	(c) Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders:	119,472 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$6.85	419,090 ⁽³⁾
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	—	—	—
Total	119,472 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$6.85	

- (1) Amount includes shares of NTIC common stock issuable upon the exercise of stock options outstanding as of August 31, 2008 under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan and the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (2) Excludes employee stock purchase rights accruing under the Northern Technologies International Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan. Under such plan, each eligible employee may purchase up to 2,000 shares of NTIC common stock at semi-annual intervals on February 28th or 29th (as the case may be) and August 31st each year at a purchase price per share equal to 90% of the lower of (i) the closing sales price per share of NTIC common stock on the first day of the offering period or (ii) the closing sales price per share of NTIC common stock on the last day of the offering period.
- (3) Amount includes 329,933 shares remaining available at August 31, 2008 for future issuance under Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan and 89,157 shares remaining available at August 31, 2008 for future issuance under the Northern Technologies International Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

Item 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information in the “Related Party Relationships and Transactions” and “Corporate Governance—Director Independence” sections of NTIC’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to NTIC’s next annual meeting of stockholders, which involves the election of directors, is incorporated in this annual report on Form 10-K by reference.

Item 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information in the “Proposal Four—Ratification of Selection of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm—Audit, Audit-Related, Tax and Other Fees” and “Proposal Four—Ratification of Selection of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm—Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures” sections of NTIC’s definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to NTIC’s next annual meeting of stockholders, which involves the election of directors, is incorporated in this annual report on Form 10-K by reference.

Item 15. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits

Reference is made to the Exhibit Index hereinafter contained, at page 69 of this report.

A copy of any exhibits listed or referred to herein will be furnished at a reasonable cost to any person who is a stockholder upon receipt from any such person of a written request for any such exhibit. Such request should be sent to: Mr. Matthew Wolsfeld, Corporate Secretary, Northern Technologies International Corporation, 4201 Woodland Road, P.O. Box 69, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014 Attn: Stockholder Information.

The following is a list of each management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to this Annual Report on Form 10-K pursuant to Item 13(a):

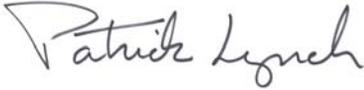
- A. Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2000).
- B. Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2000).
- C. Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2000).
- D. Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006).
- E. Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006).
- F. Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006).
- G. Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006).
- H. Northern Technologies International Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006).
- I. Form of Indemnification Agreement between Northern Technologies International Corporation and its Directors and Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to NTIC's Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the SEC on November 24, 2008).
- J. Description of Non-Employee Director Compensation Arrangements (filed herewith).
- K. Description of Executive Officer Compensation Arrangements (filed herewith).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

November 25, 2008

By: 
G. Patrick Lynch
President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant on the dates and in the capacities indicated.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ G. Patrick Lynch</u> G. Patrick Lynch	President and Chief Executive Officer and Director (principal executive officer)	November 25, 2008
<u>/s/ Matthew C. Wolsfeld, CPA</u> Matthew C. Wolsfeld, CPA	Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary (principal financial and accounting officer)	November 25, 2008
<u>/s/ Pierre Chenu</u> Pierre Chenu	Chairman of the Board	November 21, 2008
<u>/s/ Dr. Tilman Bernhard Frank</u> Dr. Tilman Bernhard Frank	Director	November 21, 2008
<u>/s/ Soo Keong Koh</u> Soo Keong Koh	Director	November 21, 2008
<u>/s/ Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.</u> Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.	Vice Chairman of the Board and Chief Technology Officer	November 21, 2008
<u>/s/ Dr. Sunggyu Lee</u> Dr. Sunggyu Lee	Director	November 21, 2008
<u>/s/ Mark Mayers</u> Mark Mayers	Director	November 21, 2008
<u>/s/ Dr. Ramani Narayan</u> Dr. Ramani Narayan	Director	November 21, 2008
<u>/s/ Mark J. Stone</u> Mark J. Stone	Director	November 21, 2008

NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
EXHIBIT INDEX TO ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2008

Item No.	Item	Method of Filing
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Northern Technologies International Corporation	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Northern Technologies International Corporation	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to NTIC's Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 24, 2008 (File No. 001-11038).
10.1	Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2000 (File No. 001-11038)
10.2	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2000 (File No. 001-11038)
10.3	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2000 (File No. 001-11038)
10.4	Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.5	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.6	Form of Non-Statutory Stock Option Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.7	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.8	Northern Technologies International	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit

Item No.	Item	Method of Filing
	Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan	10.11 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.9	Consulting Agreement dated as of May 1, 2006 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and Emeritushnic Facilities Company, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to NTIC's Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 22, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.10	Form of Indemnification Agreement between Northern Technologies International Corporation and its Directors and Officers	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to NTIC's Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 24, 2008 (File No. 001-11038).
10.11	Description of Non-Employee Director Compensation Arrangements	Filed herewith
10.12	Description of Executive Officer Compensation Arrangements	Filed herewith
10.13	Commercial Note: Revolving Credit dated August 6, 2004 by Northern Technologies International Corporation payable to National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2005 (File No. 001-11038)
10.14	Commercial Note Addendum dated August 6, 2004 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2005 (File No. 001-11038)
10.15	Security Agreement dated August 6, 2004 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2005 (File No. 001-11038)
10.16	Modification and Extension of Promissory Note dated March 2, 2005 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2005 (File No. 001-11038)
10.17	Promissory Note Modification Agreement dated January 30, 2006 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)

Item No.	Item	Method of Filing
10.18	Promissory Note Modification Agreement dated August 24, 2006 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.19	Commercial Note dated as of May 3, 2006 issued by Northern Technologies Holding Company, LLC to National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to NTIC's Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.20	Mortgage dated as of May 3, 2006 between Northern Technologies Holding Company, LLC and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to NTIC's Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.21	Commercial Guaranty dated as of May 3, 2006 issued by Northern Technologies International Corporation, as Guarantor	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to NTIC's Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2006 (File No. 001-11038)
10.22	Promissory Note Modification Agreement dated January 31, 2008 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended February 29, 2008 (File No. 001-11038)
10.23	Promissory Note Modification Agreement dated January 31, 2008 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended February 29, 2008 (File No. 001-11038)
10.24	Promissory Note Modification Agreement dated April 10, 2008 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended February 29, 2008 (File No. 001-11038)
10.25	Promissory Note Modification Agreement dated April 10, 2008 between Northern Technologies International Corporation and National City Bank	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to NTIC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended May 31, 2008 (File No. 001-11038)
14.1	Code of Ethics	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.1 to NTIC's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004 (File No. 001-11038)

Item No.	Item	Method of Filing
21.1	Subsidiaries of the Registrant	Filed herewith
23.1	Consent of Virchow, Krause & Company, LLP	Filed herewith
31.1	Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
32.1	Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Furnished herewith
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Furnished herewith

NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION**DESCRIPTION OF NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTOR
COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS****Overview**

NTIC's non-employee directors currently consist of Pierre Chenu, Tilman B. Frank, M.D. Soo Keong Koh, Ph.D., Sunggyu Lee, Ph.D., Mark M. Mayers, Ramani Narayan, Ph.D. and Mark J. Stone. We use a combination of cash and long-term equity-based incentive compensation in the form of annual stock option grants to attract and retain qualified candidates to serve on the Board of Directors.

Annual Retainers; Meeting Fees

Each person who is a non-employee director receives an annual retainer of \$10,000 for services rendered as a director of NTIC. The annual retainer is paid quarterly. NTIC's Chairman of the Board receives an additional annual retainer of \$25,000, the Chair of the Audit Committee receives an additional annual retainer of \$5,000 and other members of the Audit Committee received an additional annual retainer of \$4,000. Each of our non-employee directors also receives \$1,000 for each Board and strategy review meeting attended and \$1,000 for each Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee meeting attended. No director, however, will earn more than \$1,000 per day in Board, Board committee and strategy review meeting fees. Any director that is an employee of NTIC (G. Patrick Lynch and Donald A. Kubik, Ph.D.) does not receive any retainer or Board or Committee meeting fees.

Stock Options

Each of non-employee director is automatically granted a five-year non-qualified option to purchase 4,000 shares of NTIC common stock in consideration for their services as directors of NTIC and the Chairman of the Board is automatically granted an additional five-year non-qualified option to purchase 2,000 shares of NTIC common stock in consideration for his services as Chairman on the first day of each fiscal year. Each non-employee directors who is elected or appointed to the Board following the first day of the fiscal year receives an automatic grant of an option to purchase a pro rata portion of 4,000 shares of NTIC common stock calculated by dividing the number of months remaining in the fiscal year at the time of election or appointment divided by 12, which options are automatically granted at the time of the new director's election or appointment. Each automatically granted option becomes exercisable, on a cumulative basis, with respect to one-third of the shares covered by such option on each one-year anniversary of the date of its grant. The exercise price of such option is equal to the fair market value of a share of NTIC common stock on the date of grant. All such options are granted under the Northern Technologies International Corporation 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.

Reimbursement of Expenses

All of directors of NTIC are reimbursed for travel expenses for attending meetings and other miscellaneous expenses incurred in performing their Board functions.

Indemnification Agreements

NTIC has entered into agreements with all of its directors under which NTIC is required to indemnify them against expenses, judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred, including expenses of a derivative action, in connection with an actual or threatened proceeding if any of them may be made a party because he or she is or was a director of NTIC. NTIC will be obligated to pay these amounts only if the director acted in good faith and in a manner that he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to NTIC's best interests. With respect to any criminal proceeding, NTIC will be obligated to pay these amounts only if the director had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. The indemnification agreements also set forth procedures that will apply in the event of a claim for indemnification.

Consulting Arrangements

NTIC paid consulting fees to Bioplastic Polymers LLC which is owned by Dr. Ramani Narayan in the aggregate amount of \$100,000 and royalty fees in an aggregate amount of \$1,323 during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2008. The consulting services rendered by Bioplastic Polymers LLC related to research and development associated with various new technologies. The royalty fees were paid pursuant to an oral agreement pursuant to which NTIC has agreed to pay Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan in consideration of the transfer and assignment by Biopolymer Plastics LLC and Dr. Narayan of certain biodegradable polymer technology to NTIC, an aggregate of three percent of the gross margin on any net sales of products incorporating the biodegradable polymer technology transferred to NTIC by Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan for a period of 10 years, provided that if a patent for or with respect to biodegradable polymer technology is issued before the expiration of such 10 year period, then NTIC will until the expiration of such patent pay to Bioplastic Polymers LLC and Dr. Narayan an aggregate three percent of the biodegradable polymer technology gross margin attributable to such patent.

Exhibit 10.12

NORTHERN TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

**DESCRIPTION OF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS**

The following is a description of oral compensation arrangements between Northern Technologies International Corporation and each of the executive officers of NTIC as of August 31, 2008:

Name of Executive Officer	Title	Base Salary	Bonus Arrangements	Stock Options	Other
G. Patrick Lynch	President and Chief Executive Officer	\$221,000 per year. See footnote (1) below	See footnote (2) below	Stock options to purchase shares of NTIC common stock are granted from time to time in the sole discretion of the NTIC Board of Directors.	Under NTIC's 401(k) Plan, participants, including executive officers, may voluntarily request that NTIC reduce pre-tax compensation by up to 15% (subject to certain special limitations) and contribute such amounts to a trust. NTIC contributed an amount equal to 3.5% of the amount that each participant contributed under this plan. Executive officers receive other benefits received by other NTIC employees, including health, dental and life insurance benefits.
Donald Kubik, Ph.D.	Vice Chairman and Chief Technology Officer	\$175,000 per year. See footnote (1) below	See footnote (2) below	See above	See above
Matthew C. Wolsfeld	Chief Financial Officer and Secretary	\$163,000 per year. See footnote (1) below	See footnote (2) below	See above	See above

- (1) Annual base salaries for NTIC's executive officers are determined each year by NTIC's Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee of the Board. The salaries listed in the table are the base salaries for fiscal 2009.
- (2) Annual performance bonuses for NTIC's executive officers are determined each year by NTIC's Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee of the Board. For fiscal 2009 as in past years, the total amount available under the bonus plan will be up to 25% of NTIC's earnings before interest, taxes and other income (EBITOI) and will be \$0 if EBITOI, as adjusted to take into account amounts to be paid under the bonus plan, fall below 70% of target EBITOI. The payment of bonuses under the plan are purely discretionary and will be paid to executive officer participants in both cash and stock, the exact amount and percentages of which will be determined by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

<u>Name of Subsidiary</u>	<u>State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization</u>	<u>Ownership Interest</u>	<u>Names Under Which Subsidiary Does Business</u>
NTI Facilities, Inc.	Ohio	100%	Same
React-NTI LLC	Delaware	75%	Same
Northern Technologies Holding Company, LLC	Delaware	100%	Same

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (File Nos. 333-32596, 333-140244 and 333-140245) of Northern Technologies International Corporation and Subsidiaries of our report dated November 25, 2008, which appears on page 76 of this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2008.

/s/ Virchow, Krause & Company, LLP

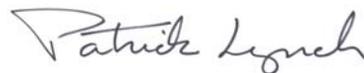
Minneapolis, Minnesota
November 25, 2008

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302(a) OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, G. Patrick Lynch, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Northern Technologies International Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and:
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: November 25, 2008



G. Patrick Lynch
President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302(A) OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Matthew C. Wolsfeld, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Northern Technologies International Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.



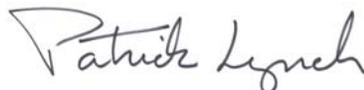
Date: November 25, 2008

Matthew C. Wolsfeld, CPA
Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT
TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Northern Technologies International Corporation (the “Company”) on Form 10-K for the period ending August 31, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, G. Patrick Lynch, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.



G. Patrick. Lynch
President and Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

Circle Pines, Minnesota
November 25, 2008

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT
TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Northern Technologies International Corporation (the “Company”) on Form 10-K for the period ending August 31, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Matthew C. Wolsfeld, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.



Matthew C. Wolsfeld, CPA
Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary
(principal financial officer and principal
accounting officer)

Circle Pines, Minnesota
November 25, 2008

Board of Directors

Mr. Pierre Chenu
Chairman of the Board

Dr. Tilman B. Frank
CEO, S•U•P GmbH

Mr. Soo-Keong Koh
Managing Director, EcoSave Ptd Ltd.

Dr. Donald A. Kubik
Vice Chairman and
Chief Technology Officer, NTIC

Dr. Sunggyu Lee
Professor of Chemical & Biological Engineering,
Missouri University of Science & Technology

Mr. G. Patrick Lynch
President & CEO, NTIC

Mr. Mark M. Mayers
Co-Chairman, Harbor Group N.Y.

Prof. Ramani Narayan
Distinguished Professor of Chemical
Engineering & Materials Science,
Michigan State University

Mr. Mark J. Stone
President, Petrus International, Inc.

Executive Officers

Mr. G. Patrick Lynch
President & CEO

Dr. Donald A. Kubik
Vice Chairman and
Chief Technology Officer

Mr. Matthew C. Wolsfeld
Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and
Corporate Secretary

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Virchow, Krause & Company, LLP.
Minneapolis, Minnesota

Transfer Agent and Registrar

For a response to questions regarding misplaced stock certificates, changes of address or the consolidation of accounts, please contact NTIC's transfer agent:

Wells Fargo Shareowner Services
MAC N9100-030
161 North Concord Exchange
St. Paul, Minnesota 55075-1139
(800) 468-9716

Investor Relations

Northern Technologies International Corporation welcomes inquiries from its stockholders and other interested investors. For further information on NTIC'S activities or additional copies of this report, please contact:

Investor Relations
(763) 225-6600
Northern Technologies International Corporation
4201 Woodland Road, P.O. Box 69
Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014

Stock Listing

NTIC's common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol NTIC.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of stockholders will be held at 4:00 p.m. on Thursday, January 29, 2009 at NTIC's corporate headquarters.



Northern
Technologies
International
Corporation

Environmentally Beneficial Material Science

4201 WOODLAND ROAD, P.O. BOX 69, CIRCLE PINES, MINNESOTA 55014 USA
PHONE: +1(763) 225-6600, FAX: +1(763) 225-6645, EMAIL: INFO@NTIC.COM
WWW.NTIC.COM